UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM S-1

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

ORBSAT CORP

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

4813 (Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number) 65-0783722 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

18851 NE 29th Avenue, Suite 700 Aventura, FL 33180 (305)-560-5355

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

David Phipps Chief Executive Officer Orbsat Corp 18851 NE 29th Avenue, Suite 700 Aventura, FL 33180 (305)-560-5355

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

With copies to:

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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after this Registration Statement is declared effective.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box: [X]

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. []

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. [

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer [] Accelerated filer []

Non-accelerated filer [X] Smaller reporting company [X]

Emerging growth company []

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided to Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act. []

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

| Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered ⁽¹⁾ | Aggrega | l Maximum te Offering rice | ount of ration Fee |
|---|---------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Units consisting of shares of Common Stock, par value | | <u> </u> | |
| \$0.0001 per share, and Warrants to purchase shares of | | | |
| Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share ⁽²⁾ | \$ | 10,000,000 | \$ 1,091.00 |
| Common stock included as part of the Units | | _ | _ |

| Warrants to purchase shares of common stock included as | | |
|---|------------------|----------------|
| part of the Units ⁽³⁾ | _ | _ |
| Shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the | | |
| Warrants ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾ | \$ 10,000,000 | \$ 1,091.00 |
| Underwriters' Warrants ⁽⁶⁾ | _ | _ |
| Common stock underlying the underwriters' warrants | \$ 500,000 | \$ 54.55 |
| Total | \$ 20,500,000 | \$ 2,236.55 |

- (1) Pursuant to Rule 416 under the Securities Act, the securities being registered hereunder include such indeterminate number of additional shares of common stock as may be issued after the date hereof as a result of stock splits, stock dividends or similar transactions.
- (2) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the amount of the registration fee in accordance with Rule 457(o), and includes the shares of common stock and/or warrants that may be issued upon exercise of a 45-day option granted to the underwriter to cover over-allotments, if any.
- (3) In accordance with Rule 457(i) under the Securities Act, because the shares of the Registrant's common stock underlying the warrants are registered hereby, no separate registration fee is required with respect to the warrants registered hereby.
- (4) There will be issued warrants to purchase one share of common stock for every one share of common stock offered. The warrants are exercisable at a per share price of [_]% of the public offering price per Unit.
- (5) Includes shares of common stock which may be issued upon exercise of additional warrants which may be issued upon exercise of 45-day option granted to the underwriter to cover over-allotments, if any.
- (6) No additional registration fee is payable pursuant to Rule 457(g) under the Securities Act.

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to Section 8(a), may determine.

The information in this preliminary prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This preliminary prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED FEBRUARY 11, 2021

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS



[_] Units
Each Unit Consisting of
One Share of Common Stock and
One Warrant to Purchase One Share of Common Stock

This is a firm commitment underwritten public offering of [] units (the "Units"), based on an assumed initial offering price of \$[] per Unit, the mid-point of the anticipated price range of the Units, of Orbsat Corp., a Nevada corporation (the "Company", "we", "us", "our"). We anticipate a public offering price between \$[] and \$[] per Unit. Each Unit consists of one share of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, and one warrant (each, a "Warrant" and collectively, the "Warrants") to purchase one share of common stock at an exercise price of \$[] per share, constituting 100% of the price of each Unit sold in this offering based on an assumed initial offering price of \$[] per Unit, the midpoint of the anticipated price range. The Units have no stand-alone rights and will not be certificated or issued as stand-alone securities. The shares of common stock and the Warrants comprising the Units are immediately separable and will be issued separately in this offering. Each Warrant offered hereby is immediately exercisable on the date of issuance and will expire five years from the date of issuance.

Prior to this offering, there has been no established public market for our common stock. We intend to apply to list our common stock and the Warrants on a national securities exchange under the symbols "OSAT" and "OSATW," respectively. While we believe that upon the completion of the offering contemplated by this prospectus, we will meet the standards for listing on a national securities exchange, we cannot guarantee that we will be successful in listing our common stock and Warrants on a national securities exchange. However, we will not complete this offering unless we are so listed. Our common stock is currently listed on the OTCQB Marketplace (the "OTCQB") under the symbol "OSAT."

We have assumed a public offering price of \$_\ per share, the last reported sale price for our common stock as reported on the OTCQB on _\, 2021. The offering price of the Units will be determined between the underwriter and us at the time of pricing, considering our historical performance and capital structure, prevailing market conditions, and overall assessment of our business, and may be at a discount to the current market price. Therefore, the recent market price used throughout this prospectus may not be indicative of the actual public offering price for our common stock and the Warrants.

We may amend or supplement this prospectus from time to time by filing amendments or supplements as required. You should read the entire prospectus and any amendments or supplements carefully before you make your investment decision.

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 13 of this prospectus for a discussion of information that you should consider before investing in our common stock.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

| | Per shar | re Total |
|--|----------|----------|
| Price to the public | \$ | \$ |
| Underwriting discounts and commissions (1) | \$ | \$ |
| Proceeds to us (before expenses) | \$ | \$ |

(1) Does not include the reimbursement of certain expenses of the underwriters. See "Underwriting" beginning on page 60 of this prospectus for additional information regarding total underwriter compensation.

We have granted a 45-day option to the underwriters to purchase up to an additional [_] shares of common stock and/or Warrants solely to cover overallotments, if any, at the public offering price, less underwriting discounts and commissions.

Delivery of the shares offered hereby will be made on or about , 2021

The date of this prospectus is February 11, 2021

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We and the underwriters have not authorized anyone to provide any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this prospectus or in any free writing prospectuses we have prepared. We and the underwriters take no responsibility for, and can provide no assurance as to the reliability of, any other information that others may provide you. We are offering to sell, and seeking offers to buy, shares of common stock only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. The information contained in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date of this prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or of any sale of the common stock.

MARKET, INDUSTRY AND OTHER DATA

This prospectus includes industry and market data that we obtained from periodic industry publications, third-party studies and surveys, filings of public companies in our industry and internal company surveys. These sources may include government and industry sources. Industry publications and surveys generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable. Although we believe the industry and market data to be reliable as of the date of this prospectus, this information could prove to be inaccurate. Industry and market data could be wrong because of the method by which sources obtained their data and because information cannot always be verified with complete certainty due to the limits on the availability and reliability of raw data, the voluntary nature of the data gathering process and other limitations and uncertainties. In addition, we do not know all of the assumptions regarding general economic conditions or growth that were used in preparing the forecasts from the sources relied upon or cited herein.

Until [_], 2021 (25 days after the date of this prospectus), all dealers that buy, sell or trade our common stock, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealers' obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as underwriters and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The following summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this prospectus and is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information and financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. This summary does not contain all of the information you should consider before investing in our common stock. Before you decide to invest in our common stock, you should read and carefully consider the following summary together with the entire prospectus, including our financial statements and the related notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus and the matters discussed in the sections in this prospectus entitled "Risk Factors," "Selected Financial Data" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." Some of the statements in this prospectus constitute forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. See "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements." Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including those discussed in the "Risk Factors" and other sections of this prospectus.

Unless the context otherwise requires, references to "we," "our," "us," or the "Company" in this prospectus mean Orbsat Corp on a consolidated basis with its wholly-owned subsidiaries.

Our Company

Orbsat Corp provides Mobile Satellite Services ("MSS") solutions to fulfil the growing global demand for satellite-enabled voice, data, personnel and asset tracking, Machine-to-Machine (M2M) and Internet of Things (IoT) connectivity services. We provide these solutions for businesses, governments, military, humanitarian organizations, and individual users, enabling them to communicate, connect to the internet, track and monitor remote assets and lone workers, or request SOS assistance via satellite from anywhere in the world, even in the most remote and hostile of environments.

Nearly half the world's population has no access to the internet and much of the world has no cellular coverage. Our vision is to collaborate with innovative partners to

deliver low cost, reliable and easily accessible global satellite communications solutions in areas where no other forms of communication exist.

We provide voice, data communications, IoT and M2M services via Geostationary and Low Earth Orbit ("LEO") satellite constellations and offer reliable connectivity in areas where terrestrial wireless or wireline networks do not exist or are limited, including remote land areas, open ocean, airways, the polar regions and regions where terrestrial networks are not operational, for example due to political conflicts and natural or man-made disasters.

There is an increasing requirement for on-demand connectivity which we support with products and services developed to deliver reliable solutions globally via leading commercial satellite network operators. Billions of dollars are currently being spent on new and modernized satellite constellations and our partner networks including Globalstar, Intelsat, Iridium, Inmarsat, Globalstar, Thuraya and Viasat have already developed and launched satellites capable of delivering advanced high-speed voice and data services anywhere on the planet. Our products and services enable users on the ground to connect to these existing networks and we intend to pursue new relationships with next generation satellite constellation operators likely to offer service in the future.

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We have expertise and long-term experience in providing tracking and monitoring services via satellite, specifically through the Globalstar Low Earth Orbit satellite network. We own unique network infrastructure devices, known as appliqués, which are located in various Globalstar ground stations around the world and provide the signal receipt and processing technology that enables and powers the Globalstar simplex data service. Our ownership of these appliqués provides us with competitive access to the global simplex data service which addresses the market demand for a small and cost-effective solution for sending data, such as geographic coordinates, from assets or individuals in remote locations to a central monitoring station and is used in numerous applications such as tracking vehicles, asset shipments, livestock, and monitoring unattended remote assets.

We believe the potential commercial requirement for satellite-based tracking devices using the Globalstar network is vast and intend to begin launching a range of company branded tracking products and associated messaging plans during the first half of 2021, including our SolarTrack solar powered satellite tracking device which we announced in January 2021.

In addition to our main core focus on MSS products and services, we also provide tracking and monitoring solutions using Automatic Identification System (AIS), 2G-5G, Push-to-Talk and two-way radio technology.

We generate revenue from both the provision of services and the sale of equipment. Higher margin recurring service revenue from the sale of monthly, annual, and prepaid airtime or messaging plans has historically represented an increasing proportion of our revenue, and we expect that trend to continue as we introduce new products requiring associated airtime or messaging plans.

We provide our products and services directly to end users and reseller networks located both in the United States and internationally through our subsidiaries, U.S. based Orbital Satcom Corp ("Orbital Satcom") and U.K. based Global Telesat Communications Limited ("GTC"). We have a physical presence in the United States and the United Kingdom, as well as an ecommerce storefront presence in 15 countries across 5 continents. We have a diverse geographical customer base having provided solutions to more than 50,000 customers located in more than 165 countries across every continent in the world.

In Q1, 2021, we intend to open an office in Washington D.C. to target increased sales to US government customers through channels such as the U.S. General Services Administration ("GSA"). The U.S. government spends billions of dollars each year on satellite communications products and services as it seeks to modernize and improve its communications and connectivity. To directly address this opportunity, Orbsat is currently seeking to build a dedicated government sector business unit focused on serving the growing secure communications needs of US government customers.

MSS Products

Our MSS products rely on satellite networks for voice, data and tracking connectivity and thus are not reliant on cell towers or other local infrastructure. As a result, our MSS solutions are suitable for recreational travellers and adventurers, government and military users, and corporations and individuals wishing to communicate or connect to the internet from remote locations, or in the event of an emergency such as a power outage, following a hurricane or other natural disaster during which regular cell phone, telephone and internet service may not be available.

Our satellite communications products enable users to make voice calls, send and recent text messages and emails, and transmit GPS location coordinates from anywhere on the planet, no matter how remote the location and regardless of the availability of local communication infrastructure. Our range of satellite data products allow users anywhere in the world to connect to the internet, stream live video, and communicate via voice and data applications.

We are a leading provider of GPS enabled emergency locator distress beacons that can save lives, on land and at sea. Our distress beacons enable essential communication between our customers and search and rescue organisations during emergency situations and pinpoint locational information to Search and Rescue services, essential during an emergency.

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We provide a wide range of satellite tracking devices used to monitor the location, movements, and history of almost anything that moves. We specialize in offering satellite tracking services through the Globalstar satellite network and have supplied tens of thousands of tracking devices which are used around the world to locate lone workers, track shipping containers, livestock, vehicles, and vessels along with many other types of assets.

Our principal focus is on growing sales of our existing satellite-based hardware, airtime and related services, specifically services attracting recurring revenue for the Company. Additionally, during the first half of 2021 we intend to launch our own brand of tracking device for use by retail, corporate and governmental customers worldwide which we hope will further increase future revenue.

The first product launched by the Company, SolarTrack, is a compact, lightweight, IoT tracking device powered by the sun and operating on one of the most modern satellite networks in the world. It is designed for tracking and monitoring anything that moves, or any remote asset used outdoors, almost anywhere in the world and we anticipate strong demand from customers looking for a low cost, maintenance free tracking device to monitor remote assets.

Online Storefronts

We operate two e-commerce websites offering a range of MSS products and solutions through our subsidiaries, Orbital Satcom, which targets customers in North and South America, and GTC which targets customers in the UK, EU, Middle East, Asia and rest of the world. These websites produce sales and attract enquiries from customers and potential customers from all around the world. Over the long term, we plan to develop additional country-specific websites to target customers in South America, Asia and Europe where we anticipate there will be substantial further demand for our products.

In addition to our two main e-commerce websites, we make portable satellite voice, data and tracking solutions easier to find and buy online through our various third-party e-commerce storefronts such as Amazon and Walmart. We currently operate 15 storefronts across various countries in 5 continents. We have invested in personnel to translate our listings correctly in the different countries we are represented in and are regularly improving and increasing our listings on all e-commerce sites. We currently have

more than 8,000 product listings on all third-party sites and invest significantly in inventory to hold at Amazon's various warehouses around the world to ensure that orders are shipped to customers as quickly as possible. The products include handheld satellite phones, personal and asset tracking devices, portable high-speed broadband terminals, and satellite Wi-Fi hotspots.

Our e-commerce storefronts enable us to attract a significantly diversified level of sales from all over the world, ensuring we are not overly reliant on any single market or sector for our sales revenue. Furthermore, many products we sell require subscription-based services which allow us to increase our recurring revenue airtime sales.

Mapping and Tracking Portal

Our advanced subscription-based mapping and tracking portal, GTCTrack, is available for use by registered customers who pay a monthly fee to access it. This mapping portal provides a universal and hardware-agnostic, cloud-based data visualization and management platform that allows managers to track, command, and control assets in near-real-time. Asset location reports including position, speed, altitude, heading and past location and movement history reports for a wide range of tracking devices and other products sold by us are available through GTCTrack.

Industry and Market

We compete in the mobile satellite products and services sector of the global communications industry. The products and airtime that we sell are intended to meet users' needs for connectivity in all locations where existing terrestrial wireline and wireless communications networks do not exist, do not provide sufficient coverage, or are impaired. Government organizations, including military and intelligence agencies and disaster response agencies, non-governmental organizations and industrial operations and support teams depend on mobile voice and data satellite communications products and services on a regular basis. Businesses with global operations require reliable communications services when operating in remote locations around the world. Mobile satellite services users span many sectors, including emergency services, maritime, aviation, government, utilities, oil and gas, mining, recreation, forestry, heavy equipment, construction, and transportation, among others. Many of our customers view satellite communications products and services as critical to their daily operations.

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There is an existing, and we believe significantly growing, multi-billion-dollar global market for a small and cost-effective solution for receiving and processing mobile voice and data communications from remote locations used in applications such as tracking vehicles or asset shipments, monitoring unattended remote assets or mobile security. Over the past two decades, the global mobile satellite services market has experienced significant growth. Increasingly, better-tailored, improved-technology products and services are creating new channels of demand for mobile satellite services. Growth in demand for mobile satellite voice services is driven by the declining cost of these services, the diminishing size and lower costs of the devices, as well as heightened demand by governments, businesses and individuals for ubiquitous global voice and data coverage. We believe our solutions are ideally suited for industries such as maritime, aviation, government/military, emergency/humanitarian services, mining, forestry, oil and gas, heavy equipment, transportation and utilities, as well as recreational users. We do not tailor our products and services to different types of customers as in our experience military, non-profit, government and recreational users tend to purchase the same types of products and services.

Competition

The global satellite communications industry is highly competitive. In certain regions, such as North America, we currently face substantial competition from other service providers that offer a range of mobile and fixed communications options. In other regions, such as the UK and EU, we have a strong presence and are one of the leading providers of satellite communicators, emergency locator beacons and satellite tracking devices. We compete primarily on the basis of coverage, quality, portability, pricing and in the case of our e-commerce storefronts, availability of services and products.

The competitors for our satellite telecommunications services and products are other resellers of leading satellite networks such as Iridium, Inmarsat, Thuraya and Globalstar, some of which are also our suppliers. We expect the competition for our satellite telecommunications services and our satellite tracking and monitoring services to increase significantly as market demand accelerates.

We believe that we are well positioned to compete for the satellite telecommunications services business largely on a cost basis and due to our ever-increasing global ecommerce presence, which makes products more accessible to buy as compared to more traditional methods of purchasing e.g., bricks and mortar storefronts.

Our competitive strengths

We believe that the following strengths contribute to our success:

- Our global presence enables us to compete in various markets around the world, with our multi-lingual personnel allowing us to respond to global customer inquiries with 24/77/365 customer support
- Our significant expertise in global e-commerce sales, allowing us to maintain a competitive advantage over traditional methods of purchase through "brick and mortar" stores. This has taken a particular import during the recent COVID-19 pandemic
- Our significant levels of inventory stored in fulfilment centers around the world enable us to quickly secure customer orders against competitors who may not hold available inventory
- Economies of scale of a leading provider of MSS product allows us to offer competitive prices our products
- Long-term contracts and experience with Globalstar allow us to compete competitively on satellite tracking opportunities
- An extremely diverse customer base with no single customer representing more than 1.5% of our annual gross sales revenue, and no single country representing more than 25% of our gross annual sales revenue. This diversification ensures no reliance on any single customer, or group of customers, on any single product line, or any specific geographic area.

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Our business strategy

We intend to achieve our mission and further grow our business by pursuing the following strategies:

• Increased product offerings - we are constantly increasing our product lines and offerings and will continue to do so in the future

- Government sourced revenue We are continually opening new e-commerce storefronts around the world to develop sales in new markets. Our new Washington D.C. office will target US government/GSA sales which have not historically represented a significant part of our sales revenue. We will also recruit experienced government sales professionals to assist with this plan. We expect to be approved a seller on the US Government's GSA Schedule, which gives federal, and in some cases state and local buyers, access to a great number of commercial products and services at negotiated ceiling prices. Schedule purchases represent approximately 21% of overall federal procurement spending
- Product innovation We will continue to launch innovative own branded products, such as our SolarTrack solar powered satellite tracking device, to differentiate us and gain a competitive edge over other MSS suppliers.
- Future acquisitions We will seek suitable acquisition opportunities to further increase our scale, expand sales and access in new markets and sectors.

Intellectual Property

Our success and ability to compete depends in part on our ability to maintain our trade secrets. All of our employees and consultants are subject to non-disclosure agreements and other contractual provisions to establish and maintain our proprietary rights.

Regulatory Matters

Government contract laws and regulations affect how we will do business with our customers, and in some instances, will impose added costs on our business. A violation of specific laws and regulations could result in the imposition of fines and penalties, the termination of any then existing contracts or the inability to bid on future contracts. We intend our Orbital Satcom subsidiary to become qualified as a government contractor. International sales of our products may also be subject to U.S. and foreign laws, regulations and policies like the United States Department of State restrictions on the transfer of technology, International Traffic in Arms Regulation ("ITAR") and other export laws and regulations and may be subject to first obtaining licenses, clearances or authorizations from various regulatory entities. This may limit our ability to sell our products abroad and the failure to comply with any of these regulations could adversely affect our ability to conduct our business and generate revenues as well as increasing our operating costs. Our products may also be subject to regulation by the National Telecommunications and Information Administration and the Federal Communications Commission that regulate wireless communications.

Sources and Availability of Components

Certain materials and equipment for our products are custom made for those products and are dependent upon either a single or limited number of suppliers. Failure of a supplier could cause delays in delivery of the products if another supplier cannot promptly be found or if the quality of such replacement supplier's components is inferior or unacceptable.

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Our Risks and History of Losses

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties summarized below, the risks described under the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page 13 of, and the other information contained in, this prospectus before you decide to invest. Our ability to achieve our mission and execute our strategies is subject to certain challenges, risks and uncertainties, including, among others:

- Our ability to sustain our recent growth rates and manage our rapid growth
- Our ability to obtain sufficient funding to expand our business and respond to business opportunities
- Our ability to acquire new customers or retain existing customers in a cost-effective manner
- Our ability to successfully improve our production efficiencies and economies of scale
- Our ability to manage our supply chain to continue to satisfy our future operation needs
- Our ability to retain our market share in our industry

We have incurred net losses since our inception, including net losses of \$1.4 million and \$1.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and \$1.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. As of September 30, 2020, our accumulated deficit was approximately \$12 million. We expect to incur significant sales and marketing expenses prior to recording sufficient revenue from our operations to offset these expenses. In the United States, we expect to incur additional losses as a result of the costs associated with operating as an exchange-listed public company following this offering.

Recent Developments

August 2020 Private Placement of Convertible Promissory Notes

On August 21, 2020, we entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the "NPA") by and among the Company and certain lenders set forth on the lender schedule to the NPA (the "Lenders"). Pursuant to the terms of the NPA, the Company sold an aggregate principal amount of \$933,000 of its convertible promissory notes (the "Notes"). The Notes are general, unsecured obligations of the Company and bear simple interest at a rate of 6% per annum, and mature on the third anniversary of the date of issuance (the "Maturity Date"), to the extent that the Notes and the principal amounts and any interest accrued thereunder have not been converted into shares of the Company's common stock. In the event that any amount due under the Notes is not paid as and when due, such amounts will accrue interest at the rate of 12% per year, simple interest, noncompounding, until paid. The Company may not pre-pay or redeem the Notes other than as required by the Agreement. The Note holders have an optional right of conversion such that a Noteholder may elect to convert his Note, in whole or in part, outstanding as of such time, into the number of fully paid and non-assessable shares of the Company's common stock as determined by dividing the outstanding indebtedness by \$0.20, subject to certain adjustments. This optional right of conversion is subject to a beneficial ownership limitation of 9.99% of the number of shares of the Company's common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the share issuance upon conversion. The holders of the Notes are granted demand registration rights and pre-emptive rights. In addition, the NPA includes customary events of default, including, among others: (i) nonpayment of amounts due thereunder, (ii) non-compliance with covenants thereunder, (iii) bankruptcy or insolvency. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, a majority of the Holders may accelerate the maturity of the Indebtedness. The closing of this offering took place on August 21, 2020. The Company's issuance of the Notes under the terms of the NPA was made pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act as a transaction by an issuer not involving a public offering and Regulation D promulgated thereunder. The investors in the Notes were "accredited investors" (as such term is defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act. There were no discounts or brokerage fees associated with this offering. The Company intends to use the offering proceeds for business development, investment in increased inventory and other strategic growth initiatives, including market expansion and personnel recruitment in North America.

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Notes are general, unsecured obligations of the Company and bear simple interest at a rate of 6% per annum, and mature on the third anniversary of the date of issuance (the "Maturity Date"), to the extent that the Notes and the principal amounts and any interest accrued thereunder have not been converted into shares of the Company's common stock. In the event that any amount due under the Notes is not paid as and when due, such amounts will accrue interest at the rate of 12% per year, simple interest, non-compounding, until paid. The Company may not pre-pay or redeem the Notes other than as required by the Agreement. The Note holders have an optional right of conversion such that a Noteholder may elect to convert his Note, in whole or in part, outstanding as of such time, into the number of fully paid and non-assessable shares of the Company's common stock as determined by dividing the outstanding indebtedness by \$0.25, subject to certain adjustments. This optional right of conversion is subject to a beneficial ownership limitation of 9.99% of the number of shares of the Company's common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the share issuance upon conversion. The holders of the Notes are granted demand registration rights and pre-emptive rights. In addition, the NPA includes customary events of default, including, among others: (i) non-payment of amounts due thereunder, (ii) non-compliance with covenants thereunder, (iii) bankruptcy or insolvency. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, a majority of the Holders may accelerate the maturity of the Indebtedness. The closing of this offering took place on December 1, 2020. The Company's issuance of the Notes under the terms of the NPA was made pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act as a transaction by an issuer not involving a public offering and Regulation D promulgated thereunder. The investors in the Notes were "accredited investors" (as such term is defined in

Corporate History

We were originally incorporated in 1997 as a Florida corporation. On April 21, 2010, we merged with and into a newly-formed wholly-owned subsidiary for the purpose of changing our state of incorporation to Delaware, effecting a 2:1 forward split of our common stock, and changing our name to EClips Media Technologies, Inc. On April 25, 2011, we changed our name to "Silver Horn Mining Ltd." pursuant to a merger with a newly formed wholly-owned subsidiary.

GTC was formed under the laws of England and Wales in 2008. On February 19, 2015, we entered into a share exchange agreement with GTC and all of the holders of the outstanding equity of GTC pursuant to which GTC became a wholly owned subsidiary of ours.

On March 28, 2014, we merged with a newly-formed wholly-owned subsidiary of ours solely for the purpose of changing our state of incorporation to Nevada from Delaware, effecting a 1:150 reverse split of our common stock, and changing our name to Great West Resources, Inc. in connection with the plans to enter into the business of potash mining and exploration. During late 2014, we abandoned our efforts to enter the potash business.

On January 22, 2015, we changed our name to "Orbital Tracking Corp" from "Great West Resources, Inc." pursuant to a merger with a newly formed wholly owned subsidiary.

Effective March 8, 2018, following the approval of a majority of our shareholders, we effected a reverse split of our common stock at a ratio of 1 for 150. As a result of the reverse split, our common stock had the CUSIP number: 68558X209. All share and per share, information in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and footnotes has been retroactively restated to reflect the reverse split.

On August 19, 2019, FINRA approved a reverse split of our common stock at a ratio of 1 for 15. As a result of the reverse split, our common stock now has the CUSIP number: 68557F100. All share and per share, information in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and footnotes has been retroactively restated to reflect the reverse split.

Also, on August 19, 2019, we changed our name to "Orbsat Corp" from "Orbital Tracking Corp" pursuant to a merger with a newly formed wholly owned subsidiary.

Our principal executive offices are located at 18851 N.E. 29th Ave, Suite 700, Aventura, Florida 33180. Our telephone number is (305) 560-5355. The Company's website address is http://www.orbsat.com. Information contained on the Company's website is not incorporated into this prospectus.

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| | THE OFFERING |
|--|--|
| Issuer: | Orbsat Corp |
| Securities offered by us: | [_] Units, each Unit consisting of one share of our common stock and one warrant to purchase one share of our common stock. Each warrant will have an exercise price of \$[_] per share (100% of the assumed public offering price of one Unit), is exercisable immediately and will expire five years from the date of issuance. The Units will not be certificated or issued in stand-alone form. The shares of our common stock and the warrants comprising the Units are immediately separable upon issuance and will be issued separately in this offering. |
| Number of shares of common stock offered by us: | $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $ |
| Number of Warrants offered by us: | Warrants to purchase [_] shares of common stock |
| Assumed public offering price: | \$[_] per Unit, which is the mid-point of the estimated offering price range described on the cover of this prospectus |
| Common stock outstanding immediately prior to this offering: |] shares |
| Common stock outstanding immediately after this offering: | Up to $[\]$ shares of common stock (or $[\]$ shares of common stock if the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option in full). |
| Over-allotment option: | We have granted the underwriters an option, exercisable for 45 days after the date of this prospectus, to purchase up to an additional [] shares of common stock and/or Warrants to purchase [] shares of common stock in any combination at the public offering price per share of common stock and per |

any.

Warrant, respectively, less the underwriting discounts payable by us, solely to cover over-allotments, if

| | dividends, stock splits, stock combinations, reclassifications, reorganizations or similar events affecting our common stock as described herein. Each holder of purchase warrants will be prohibited from exercising its purchase warrant for shares of our common stock if, as a result of such exercise, the holder, together with its affiliates, would own more than 4.99% of the total number of shares of our common stock then issued and outstanding. However, any holder may increase such percentage to any other percentage not in excess of 9.99%. The terms of the Warrants will be governed by a Warrant Agent Agreement, dated as of the effective date of this offering, between us and [], as the warrant agent (the "Warrant Agent"). This offering also relates to the offering of the shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of the purchase warrants. For more information regarding the warrants, you should carefully read the section titled "Description of Securities—Warrants" in this prospectus. |
|--|---|
| Use of proceeds: | We estimate that the net proceeds to us from this offering will be approximately \$[_] million, or approximately \$[_] million if the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option in full. We expect to use the net proceeds from this offering for working capital and general corporate purposes. See "Use of Proceeds" for a more complete description of the intended use of proceeds from this offering. |
| Underwriters' warrants: | Upon the closing of this offering, we will issue to [], as the representative of the underwriters in this offering, warrants entitling it to purchase a number of shares of common stock equal to [_]% of the shares of common stock sold in this offering at an exercise price equal to 110% of the public offering price of the units in this offering. The warrants shall be exercisable commencing six months after the closing of this offering and will expire five years after the effective date of the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part. |
| Underwriter compensation: | In connection with this offering, the underwriter will receive an underwriting discount equal to []% of the gross proceeds from the sale of Units in the offering. We will also reimburse the underwriter for certain out-of-pocket actual expenses related to the offering. See "Underwriting." |
| Trading symbol: | Our common stock is presently quoted on the OTCQB under the symbol "OSAT." We intend to file an application to have our common stock and the Warrants listed on a national securities exchange under the symbols "OSAT" and "OSATW," respectively. No assurance can be given that such listing will be approved or that a trading market will develop for the common stock and Warrants. |
| Risk factors: | Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk and purchasers of our securities may lose their entire investment. You should read the "Risk Factors" section of this prospectus for a discussion of factors to consider carefully before deciding to invest in shares of our securities. |
| Lock-up Agreements: | We and our directors, officers and the holders of 3% or more of the outstanding shares of our common stock have agreed with the underwriter not to offer for sale, issue, sell, contract to sell, pledge or otherwise dispose of any of our common stock or securities convertible into common stock for a period of 180 days after the date of this prospectus. See "Underwriting—Lock-Up Agreements." |
| The number of shares of our common stock to be outst 2021, and excludes: | anding following this offering is based on 4,095,017 shares of common stock issued and outstanding as of February 10, |
| 6,212,340 shares of common stock issuable upon the 2,975,044 shares of common stock issuable upon the | cise of outstanding warrants at a weighted average exercise price of \$60.00 per share; exercise of convertible debt; exercise of outstanding warrants at a weighted average exercise price of \$0.47 per share; for exercise to be issued to inverters in this offering; and |

Each Warrant will have an exercise price per share of []% of the public offering price per Unit, will be exercisable immediately and will expire on the fifth anniversary of the original issuance date. Each Warrant is exercisable for one share of common stock, subject to adjustment in the event of stock

- shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of warrants to be issued to investors in this offering; and
- shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of the Underwriter Warrants to be issued to the underwriters.

Unless otherwise noted, the information in this prospectus assumes no exercise of outstanding options.

Description of Warrants:

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SUMMARY CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

The following tables summarize our consolidated financial data for the periods indicated. We derived our summary consolidated statements of operations data for the years ended, and our balance sheet data as of, December 31, 2018 and 2019 from our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. We derived our summary consolidated statements of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, from our audited consolidated financial statements not included in this prospectus. The statement of operations data for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 and the balance sheet data as of September 30, 2020, are derived from our unaudited financial statements that are included elsewhere in this prospectus. In the opinion of management, the unaudited financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as our audited financial statements and include all adjustments, consisting of only normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the information set forth therein. The results for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for a full year. Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected in any future period.

The summary consolidated financial data below should be read in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

| Consolidated Statement of | Years Ended December 31, | | | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|------------------------------------|-----------|----|-----------|
| Operations Data: | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2019 | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Net sales | \$ 6,004,955 | \$ | 5,726,572 | \$ | 5,869,558 | \$ | 4,163,750 | \$ | 4,453,906 |
| Cost of sales | 4,854,216 | | 4,691,748 | | 4,646,180 | | 3,159,593 | | 3,553,351 |
| Gross profit | 1,150,739 | | 1,034,824 | | 1,223,378 | | 1,004,157 | | 900,555 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | | | | | |
| Selling, general and administrative | 583,898 | | 664,819 | | 761,237 | | 486,984 | | 522,352 |
| Salaries, wages and payroll taxes | 688,589 | | 741,584 | | 732,498 | | 542,675 | | 536,504 |
| Stock-based compensation | 600,000 | | 219,518 | | - | | 130,400 | | - |

| Professional fees | 551,470 | 249,675 | | 565,643 | | 480,961 | | 447,908 |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|----|-------------|----|---------------------|----|-----------|
| Depreciation and amortization | 284,386 | 288,864 | | 761,237 | | 217,992 | | 203,234 |
| Total operating expenses | 2,708,343 | 2,164,460 | | 2,334,706 | | 1,859,012 | | 1,709,998 |
| Loss from operations | (1,577,604) | (1,129,636) | | (1,111,328) | | (854,855) | | (809,443) |
| Other (income) expense: | | | | | | | | |
| Interest expense | 831 | 110 | | 293,495 | | 797,807 | | 211,344 |
| Interest earned | - | - | | (1,616) | | (80) | | (1,576) |
| Foreign currency exchange rate variance | 49,669 | 56,426 | | 40,802 | | 7,217 | | 41,238 |
| Gain on debt extinguishment | - | - | | (134,677) | | (269,261) | | (134,677) |
| Change in fair value of derivative instruments, net | (1,237) | - | | 69,677 | | - | | 69,677 |
| Other income | 2,308,981 | - | | - | | (31,793) | | - |
| Total other (income) expense | 2,358,244 | 56,536 | | 267,681 | | 503,890 | | 186,006 |
| Income (loss) before provision for income taxes | (3,915,848) | (1,186,172) | | (1,379,009) | | (1,358,745) | | (995,449) |
| Provision for income taxes | 23,459 | 8,534 | | 747 | | - | | 745 |
| Net loss | (3,939,307) | (1,194,706) | | (1,379,756) | | (1,358,745) | | (996,194) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | 32,541 | (5,773) | | 4,020 | | (19,840) | | (893) |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | \$ (3,906,766) | \$ (1,200,479) | \$ | (1,375,736) | \$ | (1,378,585) | \$ | (997,087) |
| Net loss per share - basic and diluted (1) | \$ (122.46) | \$ (19.14) | \$ | (13.00) | \$ | (2.74) | \$ | (10.90) |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · | | , í | | ì | | |
| basic & diluted | 32,169 | 62,435 | _ | 106,175 | _ | 495,133 | _ | 91,359 |
| | | ars Ended cember 31, | | | | Nine Mont Septem | | |

| | December 31, | | | | | September 30, | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------|----|-------------|----|---------------|----|--------------|----|--------------|
| Consolidated Balance Sheet Data: | | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2019 | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Cash | \$ | 233,326 | \$ | 142,888 | \$ | 75,362 | \$ | 817,013 | \$ | 91,232 |
| Property and equipment, net | | 1,757,200 | | 1,519,845 | | 1,341,187 | | 1,170,621 | | 1,384,884 |
| Working capital (2) | | (122,634) | | (341,130) | | (567,022) | | 95,587 | | (353,537) |
| Total assets | | 3,063,096 | | 2,435,002 | | 2,427,312 | | 2,934,294 | | 2,624,124 |
| Total liabilities | | 1,203,530 | | 1,056,287 | | 1,787,603 | | 1,962,513 | | 1,605,767 |
| Accumulated deficit | | (8,540,713) | | (9,735,419) | | (11,115,178) | | (12,473,923) | | (10,731,617) |
| Total stockholders' equity | \$ | 1,859,566 | \$ | 1,378,715 | \$ | 639,709 | \$ | 971,781 | \$ | 1,018,357 |

- (1) See Note 1 to our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for an explanation of the calculations of our basic and diluted net loss per share and the shares used in computing basic and diluted net loss per share.
- (2) Working capital represents total current assets less total current liabilities.

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RISK FACTORS

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. Prospective investors should carefully consider the risks described below and other information contained in this prospectus, including our financial statements and related notes before purchasing shares of our common stock. There are numerous and varied risks, known and unknown, that may prevent us from achieving our goals. If any of these risks actually occurs, our business, financial condition or results of operations may be materially adversely affected. In that case, the trading price of our common stock could decline and investors in our common stock could lose all or part of their investment.

Risks Related to Our Business

We have a history of net losses and we are uncertain about our future profitability.

We have incurred significant net losses since our inception. For the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, we have incurred net losses of \$1.4 million, \$1.2 million, and \$3.9 million, respectively. As of September 30, 2020, we had an accumulated deficit of \$12,473,923. If our revenue grows more slowly than currently anticipated, or if operating expenses are higher than expected, we may be unable to consistently achieve profitability, our financial condition will suffer, and the value of our common stock could decline. Even if we are successful increasing our sales, we may incur losses in the foreseeable future as we continue to develop and market our products. If sales revenue from any of our current products or any additional products that we develop in the future is insufficient, or if our product development is delayed, we may be unable to achieve profitability. Furthermore, even if we are able to achieve profitability, we may be unable to sustain or increase such profitability on a quarterly or annual basis, which would significantly reduce the value of our common stock.

If we are unable to continue as a going concern, our securities will have little or no value.

The report of our independent registered public accounting firm that accompanies our audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 contain a going concern qualification in which such firm expressed substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result if we are unable to continue as a going concern. If we are unable to continue as a going concern, holders of our common stock might lose their entire investment. We plan to attempt to raise additional equity capital by selling shares in this offering and, if necessary, through one or more private placement or public offerings. However, the doubts raised, relating to our ability to continue as a going concern, may make our shares an unattractive investment for potential investors. These factors, among others, may make it difficult to raise any additional capital.

Our operations may be affected by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Beginning in late 2019, there were reports of the COVID-19 (coronavirus) outbreak originating in China, prompting government-imposed quarantines, suspension of in-person attendance of academic programs, cessation of certain travel and business closures. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization announced that infections of the novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) had become pandemic, and on March 13, the U.S. President announced a National Emergency relating to the disease. There is a possibility of continued widespread infection in the United States and abroad, with the potential for catastrophic impact. National, state and local authorities have required or recommended social distancing and imposed or are considering quarantine and isolation measures on large portions of the population, including mandatory business closures. These measures, while intended to protect human life, are expected to have serious adverse impacts on domestic and foreign economics of uncertain severity and duration. Some economists are predicting the United States will soon enter a recession. The sweeping nature of the coronavirus pandemic makes it extremely difficult to predict how the Company's business and operations will be affected in the longer run, but we expect that it may materially affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. The extent to which the coronavirus impacts our results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge

concerning the severity of the coronavirus and the actions to contain the coronavirus or treat its impact, among others. Moreover, the coronavirus outbreak has begun to have indeterminable adverse effects on general commercial activity and the world economy, and our business and results of operations could be adversely affected to the extent that this coronavirus or any other epidemic harms the global economy generally and/or the markets in which we operate specifically. Any of the foregoing factors, or other cascading effects of the coronavirus pandemic that are not currently foreseeable, could materially increase our costs, negatively impact our revenues and damage the Company's results of operations and its liquidity position, possibly to a significant degree. The duration of any such impacts cannot be predicted.

The Company may incur significant delays and/or expenses in addition to, impairing its ability to secure additional financing, relating to the worldwide COVID-19 (coronavirus) pandemic. It is presently unknown whether and to what extent the Company's supply chains may be affected if the pandemic persists for an extended period of time. The Company may incur significant delays or expenses relating to such events outside of its control, which could have a material adverse impact on its business, operating results and financial condition. The Company's reliance on securing additional capital for its public company expenses may be impaired due to the effect on the U.S. financial markets. The inability to obtain appropriate financing, may affect its compliance requirements as a public company. The Company has been using its working capital from its operating subsidiaries, to support its public company expenses. The continued drain on its working capital have forced the Company to incur cutbacks, which may affect its future operating revenue as well as, its ability to continue operations.

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Our dependence on key suppliers puts us at risk of interruptions in the availability of our products, which could reduce our revenue and adversely affect our results of operations. In addition, increases in prices for components used in our products could adversely affect our results of operations.

We require the timely delivery of sufficient amounts of materials and components, some of which are custom made, to manufacture our products. For reasons of quality assurance, cost effectiveness or availability, we procure certain materials and components from a single or limited number of suppliers. We generally acquire such materials and components through purchase orders placed in the ordinary course of business, and as a result we may not have a significant inventory of these materials and components and generally do not have any guaranteed or contractual supply arrangements with many of these suppliers. Our reliance on these supplier's subjects us to risks that could harm our business, including, but not limited to, difficulty locating and qualifying alternative suppliers. Our dependence on third-party suppliers involves several other risks, including limited control over pricing, availability, quality and delivery schedules. Suppliers of materials and components may decide, or be required, for reasons beyond our control, to cease supplying materials and components to us or to raise their prices. Shortages of materials and components may decide, or be required, for reasons beyond our control, to cease supplying materials and components to us or to raise their prices. Shortages of materials and components may decide, or be required, for reasons beyond our control, to cease supplying materials and components to us or to raise their prices. Shortages of materials, quality control problems, production capacity constraints or delays by our suppliers could negatively affect our ability to meet our production requirements and result in increased prices for affected materials or components. We may also face delays, yield issues and quality control problems if we are required to locate and secure new sources of supply. While we have not experienced any to date, any material shortage, constraint or delay may result in delays in shipments of our products, which could materially adversely affect our results of operati

The United Kingdom's departure from the EU could adversely affect us.

The United Kingdom ("U.K.") held a referendum on June 23, 2016 in which a majority of voters approved an exit from the EU ("Brexit"). Negotiations are expected to commence to determine the future terms of the U.K.'s relationship with the EU, including, among other things, the terms of trade between the U.K. and the EU. The effects of Brexit will depend on any agreements the U.K. reaches to retain access to EU markets either during a transitional period or more permanently. The outcome of this referendum caused volatility in global stock markets and foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations and uncertainty about the terms and impact of Brexit may continue to do so in the future. Brexit could adversely affect U.K., regional (including European) and worldwide economic and market conditions and could contribute to instability in global financial and foreign exchange markets, including volatility in the value of the British Pound and Euro, which in turn could adversely affect our customers and companies with which we do business, particularly in the U.K. In addition, Brexit could lead to legal uncertainty and potentially divergent national laws and regulations as the U.K. determines which EU laws to replace or replicate. In particular, depending on the terms of Brexit, we may face new regulatory costs and challenges, including the following:

- we could experience delays in our supply chain; and
- we could be required to obtain additional regulatory licensing to operate in the U.K. market, adding costs and potential inconsistency to our business; and
- we could also be required to comply with regulatory requirements in the U.K. that are in addition to, or inconsistent with, the regulatory requirements of the EU.

Any of these effects of Brexit and others we cannot anticipate could adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

We may need to raise additional capital to grow our business and satisfy our anticipated future liquidity needs, and we may not be able to raise it on terms acceptable to us, or at all.

Growing and operating our business will require significant cash outlays, liquidity reserves and capital expenditures and commitments to respond to business challenges, including developing or enhancing new or existing products. As of September 30, 2020, we had cash on hand of \$817,013. If cash on hand, cash generated from operations, and the net proceeds from this offering are not sufficient to meet our cash and liquidity needs, we may need to seek additional capital, potentially through debt or equity financings. To the extent that we raise additional capital through the sale of additional equity or convertible securities, your ownership interest may be diluted, and the terms of these securities may include liquidation or other preferences that adversely affect your rights as a stockholder. Debt financing, if available, would result in increased fixed payment obligations and a portion of our operating cash flows, if any, being dedicated to the payment of principal and interest on such indebtedness. In addition, debt financing may involve agreements that include restrictive covenants that impose operating restrictions, such as restrictions on the incurrence of additional debt, the making of certain capital expenditures or the declaration of dividends. Any additional fundraising efforts may divert our management from their day-to-day activities, which may adversely affect our ability to develop and commercialize our products. Even if we believe we have sufficient funds for our current or future operating plans, we may seek additional capital if market conditions are favorable or in light of specific strategic considerations. If we are unable to obtain funding on a timely basis, we may be required to significantly curtail, delay or discontinue one or more of our research or product candidate development programs or the commercialization of any product candidate or be unable to expand our operations or otherwise capitalize on our business opportunities, as desired, which could materially affect our business, oper

Product development is a long, expensive and uncertain process.

The development of our own branded range of satellite tracking devices is a costly, complex and time-consuming process, and the investment in product development often involves a long wait until a return, if any, is achieved on such investment. Investments in new technology and processes are inherently speculative. We have experienced numerous setbacks and delays in our research and development efforts and may encounter further obstacles in the course of the development of additional technologies and products. We may not be able to overcome these obstacles or may have to expend significant additional funds and time. Technical obstacles and challenges we encounter in our research and development process may result in delays in or abandonment of product commercialization, may substantially increase the costs of development, and may negatively affect our results of operations.

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Successful technical development of our products does not guarantee successful commercialization.

product for a number of reasons, including among others the following:

- failure to obtain the required regulatory approvals for their use;
- prohibitive production costs;
- competing products;
- lack of innovation of the product;
- ineffective distribution and marketing;
- · lack of sufficient cooperation from our partners; and
- demonstrations of the products not aligning with or meeting customer needs.

Our success in the market for the products we develop will depend largely on our ability to prove our products' capabilities. Upon demonstration, our satellite ground stations and tracking devices may not have the capabilities they were designed to have or that we believed they would have. Furthermore, even if we do successfully demonstrate our products' capabilities, potential customers may be more comfortable doing business with a larger, more established, more proven company than us. Moreover, competing products may prevent us from gaining wide market acceptance of our products. Significant revenue from new product investments may not be achieved for a number of years, if at all.

If we fail to protect our intellectual property rights, we could lose our ability to compete in the marketplace.

Our intellectual property and proprietary rights are important to our ability to remain competitive and for the success of our products and our business. We rely on a combination of trademark and trade secret laws as well as confidentiality agreements and procedures, non-compete agreements and other contractual provisions to protect our intellectual property, other proprietary rights and our brand. We have confidentiality agreements in place with our consultants, Globalstar, customers and certain business suppliers and plan to require future employees to enter into confidentiality and non-compete agreements. We have little protection when we must rely on trade secrets and nondisclosure agreements. Our intellectual property rights may be challenged, invalidated or circumvented by third parties. We may not be able to prevent the unauthorized disclosure or use of our technical knowledge or other trade secrets by employees or competitors. Furthermore, our competitors may independently develop technologies and products that are substantially equivalent or superior to our technologies and/or products, which could result in decreased revenues. Moreover, the laws of foreign countries may not protect our intellectual property rights to the same extent as the laws of the U.S. Litigation may be necessary to enforce our intellectual property rights which could result in substantial costs to us and substantial diversion of management attention. If we do not adequately protect our intellectual property, our competitors could use it to enhance their products. Our inability to adequately protect our intellectual property, our competitors could use it to enhance their products. Our inability to adequately protect our intellectual property, our competitors could use it to enhance their products.

Other companies may claim that we infringe their intellectual property, which could materially increase our costs and harm our ability to generate future revenue and profit.

We do not believe that we infringe the proprietary rights of any third party, but claims of infringement are becoming increasingly common and third parties may assert infringement claims against us. It may be difficult or impossible to identify, prior to receipt of notice from a third party, the trade secrets, patent position or other intellectual property rights of a third party, either in the United States or in foreign jurisdictions. Any such assertion may result in litigation or may require us to obtain a license for the intellectual property rights of third parties. If we are required to obtain licenses to use any third-party technology, we would have to pay royalties, which may significantly reduce any profit on our products. In addition, any such litigation could be expensive and disruptive to our ability to generate revenue or enter into new market opportunities. If any of our products were found to infringe other parties' proprietary rights and we are unable to come to terms regarding a license with such parties, we may be forced to modify our products to make them non-infringing or to cease production of such products altogether.

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The decision by British voters to exit the European Union may negatively impact our operations

The June 2016 referendum by British voters to exit the European Union ("Brexit") adversely impacted global markets and resulted in a sharp decline in the value of the British pound, as compared to the U.S. dollar and other currencies. Following the U.K.'s departure from the European Union on December 31, 2020 volatility in exchange rates and in U.K. interest rates may continue. In the near term, a weaker British pound compared to the U.S. dollar during a reporting period causes local currency results of our U.K. operations to be translated into fewer U.S. dollars; a weaker British pound compared to other currencies increases the cost of goods imported into our U.K. operations and may decrease the profitability of our U.K. operations; and a higher U.K. interest rate may have a dampening effect on the U.K. economy. In the longer term, any impact from Brexit on our U.K. operations will depend, in part, on the effect of the trade and regulatory terms of the Brexit agreement announced on December 23, 2020 and which took effect on January 1, 2021.

The nature of our business involves significant risks and uncertainties that may not be covered by insurance or indemnity.

We develop and sell products where insurance or indemnification may not be available, including:

- designing and developing products using advanced and unproven technologies in intelligence and homeland security applications that are intended to operate in high demand, high risk situations; and
- designing and developing products to collect, distribute and analyze various types of information.

Failure of certain of our products could result in loss of life or property damage. Certain products may raise questions with respect to issues of privacy rights, civil liberties, intellectual property, trespass, conversion and similar concepts, which may raise new legal issues. Indemnification to cover potential claims or liabilities resulting from a failure of technologies developed or deployed may be available in certain circumstances but not in others. We are not able to maintain insurance to protect against all operational risks and uncertainties. Substantial claims resulting from an accident, failure of our product, or liability arising from our products in excess of any indemnity or insurance coverage (or for which indemnity or insurance is not available or was not obtained) could harm our financial condition, cash flows, and operating results. Any accident, even if fully covered or insured, could negatively affect our reputation among our customers and the public, and make it more difficult for us to compete effectively.

Our sales may be impacted should there be a disruption of service to our Amazon online storefronts

The Company's Amazon online marketplaces represented approximately 56.9% and 37.3% and 60.1% of total sales for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 and the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020, respectively and we anticipate that these marketplaces will continue to represent a significant portion of our sales for the foreseeable future. Should there be a disruption of Amazon services this may impact our sales adversely.

We are heavily reliant on David Phipps, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, and the departure or loss of David Phipps could disrupt our business.

The Company depends heavily on the continued efforts of David Phipps, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and a director. Mr. Phipps is the founder of GTC and is essential to the Company's strategic vision and day-to-day operations and would be difficult to replace. The departure or loss of Mr. Phipps, or the inability to timely hire and retain a qualified replacement, could negatively impact the Company's ability to manage its business.

If we are unable to recruit and retain key management, technical and sales personnel, our business would be negatively affected.

For our business to be successful, we need to attract and retain highly qualified technical, management and sales personnel. The failure to recruit additional key personnel when needed with specific qualifications and on acceptable terms or to retain good relationships with our partners might impede our ability to continue to develop, commercialize and sell our products. To the extent the demand for skilled personnel exceeds supply, we could experience higher labor, recruiting and training costs in order to attract and retain such employees. We face competition for qualified personnel from other companies with significantly more resources available to them and thus may not be able to attract the level of personnel needed for our business to succeed.

The control deficiencies in our internal control over financial reporting may until remedied cause errors in our financial statements or cause our filings with the SEC to not be timely.

We believe our disclosure controls and procedures were ineffective due to our limited internal audit functions and lack of ability to have multiple levels of transaction review in our internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2020, including those related to (i) a lack of segregation of duties within accounting functions, which was exacerbated by our entrance into the mobile satellite communications business in December 2015 and consummation of the share exchange in February 2015, and (ii) the need for a new accounting system to effectively manage our increased volume of transactions. If our internal control over financial reporting or disclosure controls and procedures are not effective, there may be errors in our financial statements that could require a restatement or our fillings may not be timely made with the SEC. We intend to implement additional corporate governance and control measures to strengthen our control environment as we are able, but we may not achieve our desired objectives. Moreover, no control environment, no matter how well designed and operated, can prevent or detect all errors or fraud. We may identify material weaknesses and control deficiencies in our internal control over financial reporting in the future that may require remediation and could lead investors losing confidence in our reported financial information, which could lead to a decline in our stock price.

Risks Related to Our Organization and Our Common Stock

You may experience dilution of your ownership interests because of the future issuance of additional shares of our common or preferred stock or other securities that are convertible into or exercisable for our common or preferred stock.

We are authorized to issue an aggregate of 50,000,000 shares of common stock and 3,333,333 shares of "blank check" preferred stock. In the future, we may issue our authorized but previously unissued equity securities, resulting in the dilution of the ownership interests of our present stockholders. We may issue additional shares of our common stock or other securities that are convertible into or exercisable for our common stock in connection with hiring or retaining employees, future acquisitions, future sales of our securities for capital raising purposes, or for other business purposes. The future issuance of any such additional shares of our common stock may create downward pressure on the trading price of the common stock. We will need to raise additional capital in the near future to meet our working capital needs, and there can be no assurance that we will not be required to issue additional shares, warrants or other convertible securities in the future in conjunction with these capital raising efforts, including at a price (or exercise or conversion prices) below the price an investor paid for stock.

You will experience future dilution as a result of future equity offerings

We may in the future offer additional shares of our common stock or other securities convertible into or exchangeable for our common stock. Although no assurances can be given that we will consummate a financing, in the event we do, or in the event we sell shares of common stock or other securities convertible into shares of our common stock in the future, additional and substantial dilution will occur. In addition, investors purchasing shares or other securities in the future could have rights superior to investors in this offering.

We do not anticipate paying dividends on our common stock, and investors may lose the entire amount of their investment.

Cash dividends have never been declared or paid on our common stock, and we do not anticipate such a declaration or payment for the foreseeable future. We expect to use future earnings, if any, to fund business growth. Therefore, stockholders will not receive any funds absent a sale of their shares of common stock. If we do not pay dividends, our common stock may be less valuable because a return on your investment will only occur if our stock price appreciates. We cannot assure stockholders of a positive return on their investment when they sell their shares, nor can we assure that stockholders will not lose the entire amount of their investment.

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Being a public company is expensive and administratively burdensome.

As a public reporting company, we are subject to the information and reporting requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") and other federal securities laws, rules and regulations related thereto, including compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. Complying with these laws and regulations requires the time and attention of our Board of Directors and management, and increases our expenses. We estimate the Company will incur approximately \$200,000 to \$300,000 annually in connection with being a public company.

Among other things, we are required to:

- maintain and evaluate a system of internal controls over financial reporting in compliance with the requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and the related rules and regulations of the SEC and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board;
- prepare and distribute periodic reports in compliance with our obligations under federal securities laws;
- institute a more comprehensive compliance function, including with respect to corporate governance; and
- involve, to a greater degree, our outside legal counsel and accountants in the above activities.

The costs of preparing and filing annual and quarterly reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC and furnishing audited reports to stockholders are expensive and much greater than that of a privately-held company, and compliance with these rules and regulations may require us to hire additional financial reporting, internal controls and other finance personnel, and will involve a material increase in regulatory, legal and accounting expenses and the attention of management. There can be no assurance that we will be able to comply with the applicable regulations in a timely manner, if at all. In addition, being a public company makes it more expensive for us to obtain director and officer liability insurance. In the future, we may be required to accept reduced coverage or incur substantially higher costs to obtain this coverage.

If we fail to establish and maintain an effective system of internal control, we may not be able to report our financial results accurately or to prevent fraud. Any inability to report and file our financial results accurately and timely could harm our reputation and adversely impact the trading price of our common stock.

Effective internal control is necessary for us to provide reliable financial reports and prevent fraud. If we cannot provide reliable financial reports or prevent fraud, we may not be able to manage our business as effectively as we would if an effective control environment existed, and our business and reputation with investors may be harmed. As a result, our small size and any current internal control deficiencies may adversely affect our financial condition, results of operation and access to capital. We have not performed an in-depth analysis to determine if historical un-discovered failures of internal controls exist and may in the future discover areas of our internal control that need improvement.

The ability of our Board of Directors to issue additional stock may prevent or make more difficult certain transactions, including a sale or merger of the Company.

Our Board of Directors is authorized to issue up to 3,333,333 shares of preferred stock with powers, rights and preferences designated by it. See "Preferred Stock" in the section of this prospectus titled "Description of Securities." Shares of voting or convertible preferred stock could be issued, or rights to purchase such shares could be issued, to create voting impediments or to frustrate persons seeking to effect a takeover or otherwise gain control of the Company. The ability of the Board of Directors to issue such additional shares of preferred stock, with rights and preferences it deems advisable, could discourage an attempt by a party to acquire control of the Company by tender offer or other means. Such issuances could therefore deprive stockholders of benefits that could result from such an attempt, such as the realization of a premium over the market price for their shares in a tender offer or the temporary increase in market price that such an attempt could cause. Moreover, the issuance of such additional shares of preferred stock to persons friendly to the Board of Directors could make it more difficult to remove incumbent officers and directors from office even if such change were to be favorable to stockholders generally.

Our stock may be traded infrequently and in low volumes, so you may be unable to sell your shares at or near the quoted bid prices if you need to sell your shares.

Until our common stock is listed on a national securities exchange such as the New York Stock Exchange or the Nasdaq Stock Market, we expect our common stock to remain eligible for quotation on the OTC Markets, or on another over-the-counter quotation system, or in the "pink sheets." In those venues, however, the shares of our common stock may trade infrequently and in low volumes, meaning that the number of persons interested in purchasing our common shares at or near bid prices at any given time may be relatively small or non-existent. An investor may find it difficult to obtain accurate quotations as to the market value of our common stock or to sell his or her shares at or near bid prices or at all. In addition, if we fail to meet the criteria set forth in SEC regulations, various requirements would be imposed by law on broker-dealers who sell our securities to persons other than established customers and accredited investors. Consequently, such regulations may deter broker-dealers from recommending or selling our common stock, which may further affect the liquidity of our common stock. This would also make it more difficult for us to raise capital.

There currently is no active public market for our common stock and there can be no assurance that an active public market will ever develop. Failure to develop or maintain a trading market could negatively affect the value of our common stock and make it difficult or impossible for you to sell your shares.

There is currently no active public market for shares of our common stock and one may never develop. Our common stock is quoted on the OTC Markets. The OTC Markets is a thinly traded market and lacks the liquidity of certain other public markets with which some investors may have more experience. We may not ever be able to satisfy the listing requirements for our common stock to be listed on a national securities exchange, which is often a more widely-traded and liquid market. Some, but not all, of the factors which may delay or prevent the listing of our common stock on a more widely-traded and liquid market include the following: our stockholders' equity may be insufficient; the market value of our outstanding securities may be too low; our net income from operations may be too low; our common stock may not be sufficiently widely held; we may not be able to secure market makers for our common stock; and we may fail to meet the rules and requirements mandated by the several exchanges and markets to have our common stock listed. Should we fail to satisfy the initial listing standards of the national exchanges, or our common stock is otherwise rejected for listing, and remains listed on the OTC Markets or is suspended from the OTC Markets, the trading price of our common stock could suffer and the trading market for our common stock may be less liquid and our common stock price may be subject to increased volatility, making it difficult or impossible to sell shares of our common stock.

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Our common stock is subject to the "penny stock" rules of the SEC and the trading market in the securities is limited, which makes transactions in the stock cumbersome and may reduce the value of an investment in the stock.

Rule 15g-9 under the Exchange Act establishes the definition of a "penny stock," for the purposes relevant to us, as any equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share or with an exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. For any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, the rules require: (a) that a broker or dealer approve a person's account for transactions in penny stocks; and (b) the broker or dealer receive from the investor a written agreement to the transaction, setting forth the identity and quantity of the penny stock to be purchased. In order to approve a person's account for transactions in penny stocks, the broker or dealer must: (a) obtain financial information and investment experience objectives of the person and (b) make a reasonable determination that the transactions in penny stocks are suitable for that person and the person has sufficient knowledge and experience in financial matters to be capable of evaluating the risks of transactions in penny stocks. The broker or dealer must also deliver, prior to any transaction in a penny stock, a disclosure schedule prescribed by the SEC relating to the penny stock market, which, in highlight form: (a) sets forth the basis on which the broker or dealer made the suitability determination; and (b) confirms that the broker or dealer received a signed, written agreement from the investor prior to the transaction. Generally, brokers may be less willing to execute transactions in securities subject to the "penny stock" rules. This may make it more difficult for investors to dispose of our common stock and cause a decline in the market value of our common stock. Disclosure also has to be made about the risks of investing in penny stocks in both public offerings and in secondary trading and about the commissions payable to both the broker or dealer and the registered representative, current quotations for the securities and the rights and remedies available to an investor in cases of fraud in p

Our stock price may be volatile.

The market price of our common stock is likely to be highly volatile and could fluctuate widely in price in response to various factors, many of which are beyond our control, including the following:

- changes in our industry;
- competitive pricing pressures;
- · our ability to obtain working capital financing;
- · additions or departures of key personnel;
- conversions from preferred stock to common stock;
- sales of our common and preferred stock;
- our ability to execute our business plan;
- operating results that fall below expectations;
- loss of any strategic relationship;
- regulatory developments; and
- economic and other external factors.

In addition, the securities markets have from time to time experienced significant price and volume fluctuations that are unrelated to the operating performance of particular companies. These market fluctuations may also materially and adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

Offers or availability for sale of a substantial number of shares of our common stock may cause the price of our common stock to decline.

If our stockholders sell substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market, including upon the expiration of any statutory holding period under Rule 144, or issued upon the conversion of preferred stock or exercise of warrants, it could create a circumstance commonly referred to as an "overhang" and in anticipation of which the market price of our common stock could fall. The existence of an overhang, whether or not sales have occurred or are occurring, also could make more difficult our ability to raise additional financing through the sale of equity or equity-related securities in the future at a time and price that we deem reasonable or appropriate.

Investor relations activities, nominal "float" and supply and demand factors may affect the price of our stock.

The Company expects to utilize various techniques such as non-deal road shows and investor relations campaigns in order to create investor awareness for the Company. These campaigns may include personal, video and telephone conferences with investors and prospective investors in which our business practices are described. The Company may provide compensation to investor relations firms and pay for newsletters, websites, mailings and email campaigns that are produced by third-parties based upon publicly-available information concerning the Company. The Company does not intend to review or approve the content of such analysts' reports or other materials based upon analysts' own research or methods. Investor relations firms should generally disclose when they are compensated for their efforts, but whether such disclosure is made or complete is not under our control. In addition, investors in the Company may, from time to time, also take steps to encourage investor awareness through similar activities that may be undertaken at the expense of the investors. Investor awareness activities may also be suspended or discontinued which may impact the trading market our common stock

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The SEC and FINRA enforce various statutes and regulations intended to prevent manipulative or deceptive devices in connection with the purchase or sale of any security and carefully scrutinize trading patterns and company news and other communications for false or misleading information, particularly in cases where the hallmarks of "pump and dump" activities may exist, such as rapid share price increases or decreases. We, and our shareholders may be subjected to enhanced regulatory scrutiny due to the small number of holders who initially will own the registered shares of our common stock publicly available for resale, and the limited trading markets in which such shares may be offered or sold which have often been associated with improper activities concerning penny-stocks, such as the OTCQB Marketplace or the OTCPink Marketplace (Pink OTC) or pink sheets. Until such time as our restricted shares are registered or available for resale under Rule 144, there will continue to be a small percentage of shares held by a small number of investors, many of whom acquired such shares in privately negotiated purchase and sale transactions, which will constitute the entire available trading market. The Supreme Court has stated that manipulative action is a term of art connoting intentional or willful conduct designed to deceive or defraud investors by controlling or artificially affecting the price of securities. Often times, manipulation is associated by regulators with forces that upset the supply and demand factors that would normally determine trading prices. Since a small percentage of the outstanding common stock of the Company will initially be available for trading, held by a small number of individuals or entities, the supply of our common stock for sale will be extremely limited for an indeterminate amount of time, which could result in higher bids, asks or sales prices than would otherwise exist. Securities regulators have often cited factors such as thinly-traded markets, small numbers of holders, and awareness campaigns as hallmarks of claims of price manipulation and other violations of law when combined with manipulative trading, such as wash sales, matched orders or other manipulative trading timed to coincide with false or touting press releases. There can be no assurance that the Company's or third-parties' activities, or the small number of potential sellers or small percentage of stock in the "float," or determinations by purchasers or holders as to when or under what circumstances or at what prices they may be willing to buy or sell stock will not artificially impact (or would be claimed by regulators to have affected) the normal supply and demand factors that determine the price of the stock.

The offering price of the shares offered by the selling stockholders will be arbitrarily determined and such price should not be used by an investor as an indicator of the fair market value of the shares.

The offering price for the shares offered hereby by the selling stockholders will be arbitrarily determined and does not necessarily bear any direct relationship to the assets, operations, book or other established criteria of value of our company. Accordingly, the actual value of shares of our common stock may be significantly less than the such offering price.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND INDUSTRY DATA

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements include those that express plans, anticipation, intent, contingency, goals, targets or future development and/or otherwise are not statements of historical fact. These forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations and projections about future events and they are subject to risks and uncertainties known and unknown that could cause actual results and developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements.

In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology, such as "expects", "anticipates", "intends", "estimates", "plans", "potential", "possible", "probable", "believes", "seeks", "may", "will", "should", "could" or the negative of such terms or other similar expressions. Accordingly, these statements involve estimates, assumptions and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in them. Any forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by reference to the factors discussed throughout this prospectus.

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You should read this prospectus and the documents that we reference herein and therein and have filed as exhibits to the registration statement, of which this prospectus is part, completely and with the understanding that our actual future results may be materially different from what we expect. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus is accurate as of the date on the front cover of this prospectus only. Because the risk factors referred to above could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by us or on our behalf, you should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties, along with others, are described above under the heading "Risk Factors" beginning on page 13 of this prospectus. Further, any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as required by law. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict which factors will arise. In addition, we cannot assess the impact of each factor on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. We qualify all of the information presented in this prospectus, and particularly our forward-looking statements, by these cautionary statements.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that the net proceeds to us from this offering will be approximately \$[] million, or approximately \$[] million if the underwriters exercise their overallotment option in full, assuming a public offering price of \$[] per share, after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering for working capital and general corporate purposes.

Our management will have broad discretion to allocate the net proceeds to us from this offering and investors will be relying on the judgment of our management regarding the application of the proceeds from this offering. We reserve the right to change the use of these proceeds as a result of certain contingencies such as competitive developments, the results of our marketing efforts, acquisition and investment opportunities and other factors. An investor will not have the opportunity to evaluate the economic, financial or other information on which we base our decisions on how to use the proceeds.

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our capital stock. We currently intend to retain all available funds and any future earnings to support our operations and finance the growth and development of our business and do not intend to declare or pay any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. As a result, you will likely need to sell your shares of common stock to realize a return on your investment, and you may not be able to sell your shares at or above the price you paid for them. Payment of cash dividends, if any, in the future will be at the discretion of our Board and will depend on then-existing conditions, including our financial condition, operating results, contractual restrictions, capital requirements, business prospects and other factors our Board may deem relevant.

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CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our cash and cash equivalents and capitalization as of September 30, 2020:

- On an actual basis, and
- As adjusted to give effect to the sale of [_] units in this offering assuming a public offering price of \$[_] per Unit, which is the last reported sale price of our common stock on the OTCQB on January [_], 2021, after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

The information in this table is illustrative only and our capitalization following the closing of the offering will be adjusted based upon the actual public offering price and other terms of this offering determined at pricing. You should read this table in conjunction with the information contained in "Use of Proceeds," "Selected Financial Data" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," as well as the financial statements and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus.

| | September 30, 2020 | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Actual | As Adjusted | | | | |
| Number of Common Shares issued and outstanding | 3,564,299 | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 817,013 | - | | | | |
| Shareholders' equity | 917,781 | - | | | | |
| Share capital | 356 | - | | | | |
| Other capital | 13,467,340 | - | | | | |
| Deficit | (12,473,923) | - | | | | |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | (21,992) | - | | | | |
| Total shareholders' equity and total capitalization | 917,781 | - | | | | |

The number of shares of common stock that will be outstanding both before and immediately after this offering is based on 4,095,017 shares outstanding as of February 10, 2021 and excludes:

- 4,000 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants at a weighted average exercise price of \$60.00 per share;
- 6,212,340 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of convertible debt;
- 2,975,044 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants at a weighted average exercise price of \$0.47 per share;
- shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of warrants to be issued to investors in this offering; and
- shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of the Underwriter Warrants to be issued to the underwriters.

A 100,000 share increase or decrease in the number of shares offered by us, based on the assumed public offering price of \$[_] per share, would increase or decrease our cash and cash equivalents, additional paid-in capital, total stockholders' equity and total capitalization by approximately \$[_] million, after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

If the underwriters' over-allotment option were exercised in full, pro forma as adjusted cash and cash equivalents, additional paid-in capital and stockholders' equity as of September 30, 2020, would be \$[_], million, \$[_] million, and \$[_] million, respectively.

The number of shares of common stock to be outstanding immediately after this offering is based upon 4,095,017 shares outstanding as of February 10, 2021, and excludes:

- 4,000 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants at a weighted average exercise price of \$60.00 per share;
- 6,212,340 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of convertible debt;
- 2,975,044 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants at a weighted average exercise price of \$0.47 per share;
- shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of warrants to be issued to investors in this offering: and
- shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of the Underwriter Warrants to be issued to the underwriters.

DILUTION

If you invest in our Units in this offering, your ownership interest will be immediately diluted to the extent of the difference between the assumed public offering price per share of our common stock that is part of the Unit and the pro forma net tangible book value per share of our common stock immediately after the closing of this offering.

Our net tangible book value is the amount of our total tangible assets less our total liabilities. Net tangible book value per share is our net tangible book value divided by the number of shares of common stock outstanding as of September 30, 2020. Our net tangible book value as of September 30, 2020 was \$[_] or \$[_] per share, based on [_] shares of our common stock outstanding as of September 30, 2020.

After giving effect to the sale and issuance by us of the Units in this offering at the assumed public offering price of \$_\ per Unit, which is the last reported sale price of our common stock on the OTCQB on \[_\], 2021, and the receipt and application of the net proceeds, and after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us, our pro forma net tangible book value as of September 30, 2020 would have been approximately \$_\ or \$_\ per share of common stock. This represents an immediate increase in pro forma net tangible book value of \$_\ per share to our existing stockholders and an immediate dilution of \$_\ per share to investors purchasing our common stock in this offering.

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The following table illustrates this per share dilution:

| Assumed public offering price per share | \$ |
|---|----|
| Net tangible book value per share at September 30, 2020 | \$ |
| Increase to net tangible book value per share attributable to investors purchasing our common stock in this | |
| offering | \$ |
| | |

| Pro forma net tangible book value per share as of September 30, 2020 after giving effect to this offering | \$ |
|---|----|
| Pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value per share | \$ |
| Dilution of pro forma net tangible book value per share to investors purchasing our common stock in this offering | \$ |

Each \$1.00 increase (decrease) in the assumed public offering price of \$[_] per share, which is the last reported sale price of our common stock on the OTCQB on January [_], 2020, would increase (decrease) pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value per share to new investors by \$[_], and would increase (decrease) dilution per share to new investors in this offering by \$[_], assuming that the number of shares of common stock offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same, and after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. Similarly, each increase or decrease of 1.0 million in the number of shares of common stock offered by us would increase (decrease) our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value by approximately \$[_] per share and increase (decrease) the dilution to new investors by \$[_] per share, assuming the assumed public offering price remains the same, and after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

If the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional shares in full, the pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value per share of our common stock after giving effect to this offering would be approximately \$ [] per share, and the dilution in pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value per share to investors in this offering would be approximately \$ [] per share of common stock.

The number of shares of common stock to be outstanding immediately after this offering is based upon 4,095,017 shares outstanding as of February 10, 2021, and excludes:

- 4,000 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants at a weighted average exercise price of \$60.00 per share;
- 6,212,340 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of convertible debt;
- 2,975,044 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants at a weighted average exercise price of \$0.47 per share;
- shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of warrants to be issued to investors in this offering; and
- shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of the Underwriter Warrants to be issued to the underwriters.

To the extent that any outstanding options are exercised, new investors will experience further dilution.

SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

You should read the following selected consolidated financial data together with the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" sections of this prospectus and our consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes appearing at the end of this prospectus. We have derived the statements of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 and the balance sheet data as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 from our audited financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. We have derived the statements of operations data for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and the balance sheet data as of June 30, 2020 from our unaudited interim financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. We have prepared the unaudited interim financial statements on the same basis as the audited financial statements and have included, in our opinion, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments that we consider necessary for a fair statement of the financial information set forth in those statements. Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for any period in the future and the results for the nine months ended June 30, 2019 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year or any other period.

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The summary consolidated financial data below should be read in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

| | Years Ended December 31, | | | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------|----|---------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|----|-------------|----|-----------|
| Consolidated Statement of Operations Data: | | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2019 | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Net sales | \$ | 6,004,955 | \$ | 5,726,572 | \$ | 5,869,558 | \$ | 4,163,750 | \$ | 4,453,906 |
| Cost of sales | | 4,854,216 | | 4,691,748 | | 4,646,180 | | 3,159,593 | | 3,553,351 |
| Gross profit | | 1,150,739 | | 1,034,824 | | 1,223,378 | | 1,004,157 | | 900,555 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | | | |
| Selling, general and administrative | | 583,898 | | 664,819 | | 761,237 | | 486,984 | | 522,352 |
| Salaries, wages and payroll taxes | | 688,589 | | 741,584 | | 732,498 | | 542,675 | | 536,504 |
| Stock-based compensation | | 600,000 | | 219,518 | | - | | 130,400 | | - |
| Professional fees | | 551,470 | | 249,675 | | 565,643 | | 480,961 | | 447,908 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 284,386 | | 288,864 | | 761,237 | | 217,992 | | 203,234 |
| Total operating expenses | | 2,708,343 | | 2,164,460 | | 2,334,706 | | 1,859,012 | | 1,709,998 |
| Loss from operations | | (1,577,604) | | (1,129,636) | | (1,111,328) | | (854,855) | | (809,443) |
| Other (income) expense: | | | | · · · · · · | | · · · · · · | | | | |
| Interest expense | | 831 | | 110 | | 293,495 | | 797,807 | | 211,344 |
| Interest earned | | - | | - | | (1,616) | | (80) | | (1,576) |
| Foreign currency exchange rate variance | | 49,669 | | 56,426 | | 40,802 | | 7,217 | | 41,238 |
| Gain on debt extinguishment | | - | | - | | (134,677) | | (269,261) | | (134,677) |
| Change in fair value of derivative instruments, net | | (1,237) | | - | | 69,677 | | - | | 69,677 |
| Other income | | 2,308,981 | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | | (31,793) | | <u>-</u> |
| Total other (income) expense | | 2,358,244 | | 56,536 | ' | 267,681 | | 503,890 | | 186,006 |
| Income (loss) before provision for income taxes | | (3,915,848) | | (1,186,172) | | (1,379,009) | | (1,358,745) | | (995,449) |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for income taxes | | 23,459 | | 8,534 | | 747 | | | | 745 |
| Net loss | | (3,939,307) | | (1,194,706) | | (1,379,756) | | (1,358,745) | | (996,194) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | | 32,541 | | (5,773) | | 4,020 | | (19,840) | | (893) |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | Φ. | | Φ. | | Ф. | | 0 | | Φ. | |
| * | \$ | (3,906,766) | \$ | (1,200,479) | \$ | (1,375,736) | \$ | (1,378,585) | \$ | (997,087) |
| Net loss per share - basic and diluted (1) | \$ | (122.46) | \$ | (19.14) | \$ | (13.00) | \$ | (2.74) | \$ | (10.90) |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – | | | | | | | | | | |
| basic & diluted | | 32,169 | | 62,435 | | 106,175 | | 495,133 | | 91,359 |

| | | | ears Ended cember 31, | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|----------------------------------|------|-------------|--------------------------|----|--------------|------------------------------------|--------------|------|--------------|
| Consolidated Balance Sheet Data: | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2019 | 2020 | | 2019 | |
| Cash | \$ | 233,326 | \$ 142,888 | \$ | 75,362 | \$ | 817,013 | \$ | 91,232 |
| Property and equipment, net | | 1,757,200 | 1,519,845 | | 1,341,187 | | 1,170,621 | | 1,384,884 |
| Working capital (2) | | (122,634) | (341,130) | | (567,022) | | 95,587 | | (353,537) |
| Total assets | | 3,063,096 | 2,435,002 | | 2,427,312 | | 2,934,294 | | 2,624,124 |
| Total liabilities | | 1,203,530 | 1,056,287 | | 1,787,603 | | 1,962,513 | | 1,605,767 |
| Accumulated deficit | | (8,540,713) | (9,735,419) | | (11,115,178) | | (12,473,923) | | (10,731,617) |
| Total stockholders' equity | \$ | 1,859,566 | \$ 1,378,715 | \$ | 639,709 | \$ | 971,781 | \$ | 1,018,357 |

- (1) See Note 1 to our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for an explanation of the calculations of our basic and diluted net loss per share and the shares used in computing basic and diluted net loss per share.
- (2) Working capital represents total current assets less total current liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus. Certain statements in this "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" are forward-looking statements that are based on current expectations and involve various risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed in these forward-looking statements. We encourage you to review the information the "Special Note Regarding Forward Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" sections in this prospectus.

Our unaudited financial statements are stated in United States Dollars ("\$") and are prepared in accordance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"). The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and the related notes that appear elsewhere in this prospectus. In this prospectus, unless otherwise specified, all dollar amounts are expressed in United States dollars and all references to "common shares" refer to the common shares in our capital stock.

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Cautionary Notice Regarding Forward Looking Statements

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 including those relating to our liquidity, our belief that we will not have sufficient cash and borrowing capacity to meet our working capital needs for the next 12 months without further financing, our expectations regarding acquisitions and new lines of business, gross profit, gross margins and capital expenditures. Additionally, words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "believes," "will" and similar words are used to identify forward-looking statements.

Some or all of the results anticipated by these forward-looking statements may not occur. Important factors, uncertainties and risks that may cause actual results to differ materially from these forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, the Risk Factors which appear in our filings and reports made with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), our lack of working capital, the value of our securities, the impact of competition, the continuation or worsening of current economic conditions, technology and technological changes, a potential decrease in consumer spending and the condition of the domestic and global credit and capital markets. Additionally, these forward-looking statements are presented as of the date this Form 10-K is filed with the SEC. We do not intend to update any of these forward-looking statements.

This discussion should be read in conjunction with the other sections of this Report, including "Risk Factors," "Description of Business" and the Financial Statements attached hereto pursuant and the related exhibits. The various sections of this discussion contain a number of forward-looking statements, all of which are based on our current expectations and could be affected by the uncertainties and risk factors described throughout this Report.

The following discussion provides information which management believes is relevant to an assessment and understanding of our results of operations and financial condition. The discussion should be read along with our financial statements and notes thereto contained elsewhere in this annual report. The following discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements, which involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ significantly from the results, expectations and plans discussed in these forward-looking statements.

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Overview

We are a provider of satellite-based hardware, airtime and related services both in the United States and internationally. We sell equipment and airtime for use on all of the major satellite networks including Globalstar, Inmarsat, Iridium and Thuraya and operate a short-term rental service for customers who desire to use our equipment for a limited time period. Our acquisition of GTCL in February 2015 expanded our global satellite-based infrastructure and business, which was first launched in December 2014 through the purchase of certain contracts.

Recent Events

On August 19, 2019, we effected a reverse split in 1-for-15 ratio as applied to our common stock and preferred stock, as well as the number of authorized shares for both classes. As of December 31, 2019, we had 121,216 shares issued and outstanding post-split. All share and per share, information in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and footnotes has been retroactively restated to reflect the most recently completed reverse split. See Note 12 - Stockholders Equity.

Going Concern

The report of our independent registered public accounting firm that accompanies our audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 contain a going concern qualification in which such firm expressed substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. We had net cash used in operations of approximately \$659,203 during the year ended December 31, 2019. At December 31, 2019, we had negative working capital of approximately \$567,022. Additionally, at December 31, 2019, we had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$11,115,178, net loss of \$1,379,756 and stockholder's equity of \$639,709. These matters and our expected needs for capital investments required to support operational growth raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Without additional capital, we will be unable to achieve our business objectives, and may be forced to curtail our operations, reduce headcount, and/or temporarily cease our operations until requisite capital is secured. Our consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible effects on recoverability and

classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that may result from our inability to continue as a going concern.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. Preparing financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. These estimates and assumptions are affected by management's applications of accounting policies. Critical accounting policies for our company include accounting for stock-based compensation.

Stock Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation is accounted for based on the requirements of the Share-Based Payment Topic of ASC 718 which requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements of the cost of employee and director services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments over the period the employee or director is required to perform the services in exchange for the award (presumptively, the vesting period). The ASC also requires measurement of the cost of employee and director services received in exchange for an award based on the grant-date fair value of the award.

Pursuant to ASC Topic 718, for share-based payments to consultants and other third-parties, compensation expense is determined at the "measurement date." The expense is recognized over the vesting period of the award. Until the measurement date is reached, the total amount of compensation expense remains uncertain. The Company initially records compensation expense based on the fair value of the award at the reporting date. Further, ASC Topic 718, provides guidance about which changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award require an entity to apply modification accounting in Topic 718, such as the repricing of share options, which would revalue those options and the accounting for the cancellation of an equity award whether a replacement award or other valuable consideration is issued in conjunction with the cancellation. If not, the cancellation is viewed as a replacement and not a modification, with a repurchase price of \$0.

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Use of Estimates

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the statements of financial condition, and revenues and expenses for the years then ended. Actual results may differ significantly from those estimates. Significant estimates made by management include, but are not limited to, the assumptions used to calculate stock-based compensation, derivative liabilities and common stock issued for services.

Effect of Exchange Rate on Results

The Company's reporting currency is U.S. Dollars. The accounts of one of the Company's subsidiaries, GTCL, is maintained using the appropriate local currency, Great British Pound, as the functional currency. All assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. Dollars at balance sheet date, shareholders' equity is translated at historical rates and revenue and expense accounts are translated at the average exchange rate for the year or the reporting period. The translation adjustments are reported as a separate component of stockholders' equity, captioned as accumulated other comprehensive (loss) gain. Transaction gains and losses arising from exchange rate fluctuations on transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency are included in the statements of operations.

The relevant translation rates are as follows: for the year ended December 31, 2019 closing rate at 1.3262 US\$: GBP, yearly average rate at 1.276933 US\$: GBP, for the year ended 2018 closing rate at 1.274700 US\$: GBP, average rate at 1.296229 US\$: GBP.

GTCL represents 68.4% of total company sales and as such, currency rate variances have an impact on results. For the year ended December 31, 2019 the net effect on revenues were impacted by the differences in exchange rate from yearly average exchange of 1.296229 to 1.276933. Had the yearly average rate remained, sales would have been higher by \$156,037. GTCL comparable sales in GBP, its home currency, increased 3.9% or £117,666, from £3,024,967 to £3,142,634 for the year ended December 31, 2019 as compared to December 31, 2018.

GTCL represents 68.5% of total company sales and as such, currency rate variances have an impact on results. For the year ended December 31, 2018 the net effect on revenues were impacted by the differences in exchange rate from yearly average exchange of 1.288190 to 1.296229. Had the yearly average rate remained, sales would have been lower by \$24,320. GTCL comparable sales in GBP, its home currency, decreased 2.4% or £72,892, from £3,098,112 to £3,025,220 for the year ended December 31, 2018 as compared to December 31, 2017.

Results of Operations

Net Revenue. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, revenues generated were approximately \$5,869,558 and \$5,726,572, an increase of \$142,986 or 2.5%. Revenues were derived primarily from the sales of satellite phones, locator beacons, GPS trackers, terminals, accessories and additional and recurring airtime plans. Comparable sales for Orbital Satcom Corp. increased 2.8% or \$51,102, from \$1,805,523 to \$1,856,625. Comparable sales for GTCL increased 2.3% or \$91,883, from \$3,921,049 to \$4,012,932. The sales increase is attributable to increased Amazon sales and product selections.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2020, revenues generated were \$4,163,750 compared to \$4,453,906 of revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, a decrease in total revenues of \$290,156 or 6.5%. Total sales for Global Telesat Communications Ltd. were \$2,677,039 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, as compared to \$3,128,211 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$451,172 or 14.4%. The Company attributes this decrease to reduced recreational consumer demand as a result of lockdown measures imposed across Europe during much of the quarter. Total sales for Orbital Satcom Corp. were \$1,486,711 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to \$1,325,695, for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, an increase of \$161,016 or 12.5%. The Company attributes the increases in revenue to new product lines and significant increases in US e-commerce sales, offset by the decrease in exchange rates from GBP: USD.

Cost of Sales. During the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, cost of revenues decreased to \$4,646,180 compared to \$4,691,748 for the year ended December 31, 2018, a decrease of \$45,568 or 1.0%. We expect our cost of revenues to continue to increase during fiscal 2020 and beyond, as we expand our operations and begin generating additional revenues under our current business. However, we are unable at this time to estimate the amount of the expected increases. Gross profit margins during the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 were 20.8% and 18.1%, respectively. The increase in margin was attributable to new product lines with higher margins.

for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$393,758 or 11.1%. Gross profit margins during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 were 24.1% as compared to 20.2% for the comparable period in the prior year. As indicated by the results for the nine months ending September 30, 2020, our profit margins have increased by 3.9%. However, we cannot be certain that we can maintain the increased margin levels. We expect our cost of revenues as compared with sales growth to continue to increase during fiscal 2020 and beyond, as we expand our operations and begin generating additional revenues under our current business. However, to the extent costs will so increase, we are unable at this time to estimate the amount of the expected increases.

Operating Expenses. Total operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2019 were \$2,334,706, an increase of \$170,246, or 7.9%, from total operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2018, of \$2,164,460.

Total operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, were \$1,859,012, an increase of \$149,014 or 8.7%, from total operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, of \$1,709,998. Factors contributing to the decrease are described below.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$761,237 and \$664,819 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, representing an increase of \$96,418 or 14.5%. The increase is attributable to: impairment of research and development for \$50,000 for the Company's impairment of its investment on February 19, 2015, for its dual mode tracker, which it has yet to launch, an increase in travel between the Company's offices in the UK to US, an increase in medical insurance premiums, filing fees for the State of Nevada, offset by the charge in 2018, of UK personal property tax, which was for a two year period.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$486,984 and \$522,352 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, a decrease of \$35,368 or 6.8%. The increase for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, are attributable to certain SG&A expenses that fluctuate with sales volatility, offset by an increase in Amazon fees as a percentage of sales and a decrease in administrative expenses.

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Salaries, wages and payroll taxes were \$732,498 and \$741,584 for the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, representing a decrease of \$9,086, or 1.2%. The decrease was attributable to a reduction of personnel.

Salaries, wages and payroll taxes were \$542,675 and \$536,504, for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, an increase of \$6,171 or 1.1%. The decrease is a result of the Company's UK subsidiary, GTCL, reduction in staff, furloughed as part of the UK Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme. The Company furloughs employees and pays their full compensation and receives 80% of the paid wages through a grant as provided by the UK government, for the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

Stock based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2019 were non-cash expenses. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded \$0 and \$219,518 for stock-based compensation. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the expense was for fully vested options to purchase 4,583 shares of the Company's stock with a fair market value of \$20.70 per share at an exercise price of \$22.50 and \$25.50 to management and a director and 55,417 shares of the Company's stock with a fair market value of \$2.25 per share at an exercise price of \$2.25 and \$2.55, for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Professional fees were \$565,643 and \$249,675 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, representing an increase of \$315,968 or 126.6%. The increase was attributable to the Company's increase in consulting fees of \$227,158, due to the restructuring of the Company's capitalization structure, an increase of legal expenses of \$63,984, investor relations fees of \$7,000 and accounting fees of \$25,585, primarily related to international value added tax, "VAT" compliance, offset by a reduction of public company expense of \$7,759.

Professional fees were \$480,961 and \$447,908 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, an increase of \$33,053, or 7.4%. The increase during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same period in 2019, is attributable to professional fees, see Note 14, Commitments and Contingencies, of which agreements expired on February 13, 2020.

Depreciation and amortization expenses were \$275,328 and \$288,864 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, representing a decrease of \$13,536, or 4.7%. The decrease was attributable to fully amortized assets.

Depreciation and amortization expenses were \$217,992 and \$203,234 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, an increase of \$14,758 or 7.3%. The increase was primarily attributable to the addition of fixed assets, from the year ended December 31, 2019 of \$70,194, and \$30,758 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, offset by fully amortized assets, as compared to the same period in the prior year.

We expect our expenses in each of these areas to continue to increase during fiscal 2020 and beyond as we expand our operations and begin generating additional revenues under our current business. However, we are unable at this time to estimate the amount of the expected increases.

Total Other (Income) Expense. Our total other expenses were \$267,681 and \$56,536 during the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 respectively, representing an increase of \$211,145 or 373.5%. The increase is primarily attributable interest expense and change in fair value of derivative instruments related to convertible debt and exchange rate variances.

Our total other (income) expense was \$503,890 compared to \$186,006 during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, an increase of other expense of \$317,884 or 170.9%. The increase is attributable to extinguishment of debt of \$269,261, other income of \$31,793, interest expense \$797,807 offset by interest earned of \$80 and foreign currency exchange variance of \$7,217.

Net Loss before Income Taxes. We recorded net loss before income tax of \$1,379,009 for the year ended December 31, 2019 as compared to a net loss of \$1,186,172, for the year ended December 31, 2018. The decrease is a result of the factors as described above.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2020, we recorded a net loss before income tax of \$1,358,745 as compared to a net loss of \$995,449 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019. The increase in the loss is a result of the factors as described above.

Provision for Income Taxes and Income Tax Expense. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded income tax expense of \$747 and \$8,534, respectively. The decrease was attributable to a decrease in provision for income taxes for UK taxes related to its subsidiary, GTCL, for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Net Loss. We recorded net loss after income tax of \$1,379,756 for the year ended December 31, 2019 as compared to a net loss of \$1,194,706 for the year ended December 31, 2018. The decrease is a result of the factors as described above.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2020, we recorded a net loss of \$1,358,745 as compared to a net loss of \$996,194 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019. The increase in the loss is a result of the factors as described above.

Comprehensive Loss. We recorded a (loss) gain for foreign currency translation adjustments for the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, of \$4,020 and \$(5,773), respectively. The fluctuations of the increase/decrease are primarily attributable to exchange rate variances. Comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$1,375,736 as compared to loss of \$1,200,479 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

We recorded a gain (loss) for foreign currency translation adjustments for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, \$(19,840) and \$(893), respectively. The fluctuations of the increase/decrease are primarily attributed to the decrease recognized due to exchange rate variances.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Since inception we have incurred and continue to incur significant losses from operations. Historically, we have financed our operations through various financings. If we continue to incur negative cash flow from sources of operating activities for longer than expected, our ability to continue as a going concern could be in substantial doubt and we will require additional funds through debt facilities, and/or public or private equity or debt financings to continue operations. The Company is working to secure financing to continue to support the Company's businesses and meet all of its financial obligations. The Company can provide no assurance as to the successful conclusion of the financing. Furthermore, the Company is aggressively looking to reduce costs of its operations as well as eliminating certain corporate overhead expenses to maximize income. We cannot provide any assurance that we will be able to obtain the capital we require on a timely basis or on terms acceptable to us. Without additional capital, we will be unable to achieve

Liquidity is the ability of a company to generate funds to support its current and future operations, satisfy its obligations, and otherwise operate on an ongoing basis. At December 31, 2019, we had a cash balance of \$75,362 and negative working capital is approximately \$567,022. At September 30, 2020, we had a cash balance of \$817,013. Our working capital is \$95,587 at September 30, 2020.

Our current assets at December 31, 2019 increased 22.7% to \$877,446, from \$715,157 or an increase of 162,289, for December 31, 2018. The decrease included cash of \$67,526 and unbilled revenue of \$11,029, increases in accounts receivable of 73,827, inventory of \$97,274, prepaid expenses of \$16,670 and other current assets of \$53,073. Prepaid expenses primarily represent services to consultants, which are amortized over the length of the contract. Our current assets at September 30, 2020 increased 82% from December 31, 2019 and included cash, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, unbilled revenue, right of use, inventory and other current assets.

Our current liabilities at December 31, 2019 increased to \$1,444,468 from \$1,056,287 or an increase of 388,181, or 36.8% from December 31, 2018. The increase is comprised of an increase in: accounts payable of \$289,751, contract liabilities of \$21,506, related party payable of \$12,044, advances from Amazon of \$24,483, and provision for income taxes \$11,160 and lease liabilities of \$29,237. Our current liabilities at September 30, 2020 increased 3.8% from December 31, 2019 and included our accounts payable, due to related party, provision for income taxes, contract liabilities, current portion of notes payable, lease liabilities and other liabilities in the ordinary course of our business.

Operating Activities

Net cash flows used in operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2019 amounted to \$659,203 and were attributable to; our net loss of \$1,379,756, gain from debt extinguishment of \$134,677, offset by; depreciation and amortization expense of \$275,328, right of use of \$9,552, impairment of other asset of \$50,000, amortization of convertible debt of \$257,445, change in fair value of derivative liabilities \$69,677, and convertible debt issued for services of \$113,000. Changes in operating assets and liabilities were reflected by increases in accounts receivable of \$73,827, inventory of \$97,274, prepaid and other current assets of \$69,743, contract liabilities of \$21,506, provision for income taxes of \$11,160, increases in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$289,751 and lease liability of \$12,374.

Net cash flows provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 amounted to \$471,800 and were primarily attributable to our net loss of \$1,358,745, total amortization expense of \$18,750 and depreciation of \$199,242, amortization of discount on debt of \$752,130, fair value of options granted of \$130,400, gain on extinguishment of debt of \$269,261 and net change in assets and liabilities of \$63,839, primarily attributable to a decrease in accounts receivable of \$81,739, an increase in inventory of \$135,648, decrease in prepaid expenses of \$16,812, a decrease in unbilled revenue of \$877, a decrease in other current assets of \$57,800, decrease in accounts payable of \$61,747, a decrease in contract liabilities of \$780, a decrease in lease liabilities of \$21,562, and a decrease in provision for income taxes of \$1,330.

Net cash flows used in operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2018 amounted to \$590,185 and were attributable to our net loss of \$1,194,706, offset by stock-based compensation of \$219,518, depreciation and amortization expense of \$288,864, and imputed interest of \$110. Changes in operating assets and liabilities were reflected by decreases in accounts receivable of \$123,968, inventory of \$63,870, unbilled revenue of \$2,435, prepaid and other current assets of \$85,028, deferred revenue of \$196,288 and provision for income taxes of \$1,765, increases in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$18,781.

Investing Activities

Net cash flows used in investing activities were \$70,194 and \$30,331 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2019, we purchased property and equipment of \$70,194. For the year ended December 31, 2018, purchased of property and equipment of \$30,331.

Net cash flows used in investing activities were \$30,752 and \$51,414, for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, we purchased property and equipment of \$30,752 and \$51,414, respectively.

Financing Activities

Net cash flows provided by financing activities were \$659,327 and \$532,029 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. During the year ended December 31, 2019, we had proceeds from; related party for \$12,044 convertible debt \$757,000 and net advances from Amazon line of credit of \$24,483. For the year ended December 31, 2019 we had repayments of convertible debt of \$87,778 and notes payable of \$46,422. During the year ended December 31, 2018, we had proceeds from related party for \$32,029 and proceeds from the sale of our Convertible Preferred Series J stock of \$200,000 and Convertible Preferred Series L stock of \$300,000.

Net cash flows provided by financing activities were \$1,263,333 and \$601,944, for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Net cash flows provided by financing activities were \$1,263,333 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and were for proceeds from convertible notes payable of \$958,000, proceeds from note payable provided by the US Payroll Protection Program ("PPP") of \$20,832, proceeds from note payable of \$323,075 and offset by repayments to related party payable of \$18,888 and repayments of line of credit for \$19,685.

Net cash flows provided by financing activities were \$601,944 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and were for proceeds from convertible notes payable of \$757,000, repayments of convertible notes payable of \$87,778, repayments of amounts owed to related parties of \$20,856 and repayments of notes payable of \$46,422.

Off-balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not entered into any other financial guarantees or other commitments to guarantee the payment obligations of any third parties. We have not entered into any derivative contracts that are indexed to our shares and classified as stockholder's equity or that are not reflected in our consolidated financial statements. Furthermore, we do not have any retained or contingent interest in assets transferred to an unconsolidated entity that serves as credit, liquidity or market risk support to such entity.

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OUR BUSINESS

We were originally incorporated in 1997 as a Florida corporation. On April 21, 2010, we merged with and into a newly-formed wholly-owned subsidiary for the purpose of changing our state of incorporation to Delaware, effecting a 2:1 forward split of our common stock, and changing our name to "EClips Media Technologies, Inc." On April 25, 2011, we changed our name to "Silver Horn Mining Ltd." pursuant to a merger with a newly formed wholly-owned subsidiary.

Global Telesat Communications Limited ("GTC") was formed under the laws of England and Wales in 2008. On February 19, 2015, we entered into a share exchange agreement with GTC and all of the holders of the outstanding equity of GTC pursuant to which GTC became our wholly owned subsidiary.

On March 28, 2014, we merged with our newly-formed wholly-owned subsidiary solely for the purpose of changing our state of incorporation to Nevada from Delaware, effecting a 1:150 reverse split of our common stock, and changing our name to "Great West Resources, Inc." in connection with the plans to enter into the business of potash mining and exploration. During late 2014, we abandoned our efforts to enter the potash business.

On January 22, 2015, we changed our name to "Orbital Tracking Corp" from "Great West Resources, Inc." pursuant to a merger with a newly formed wholly owned subsidiary.

Effective March 8, 2018, following the approval of a majority of our shareholders, we effected a reverse split of our common stock at a ratio of 1 for 150. As a result of the reverse split, our common stock had the CUSIP number: 68558X209. All share and per share, information in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and footnotes has been retroactively restated to reflect the reverse split.

On August 19, 2019, we effected a reverse split of our common stock at a ratio of 1-for-15 (new CUSIP number - 68557F100). All share and per share information in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and footnotes has been retroactively restated to reflect the reverse split.

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Also, on August 19, 2019, we changed our name to "Orbsat Corp" from "Orbital Tracking Corp" pursuant to a merger with a newly formed wholly owned subsidiary.

Our Current Business

Orbsat Corp provides Mobile Satellite Services ("MSS") solutions to fulfil the growing global demand for satellite-enabled voice, data, personnel and asset tracking, Machine-to-Machine (M2M) and Internet of Things (IoT) connectivity services. We provide these solutions for businesses, governments, military, humanitarian organizations, and individual users, enabling them to communicate, connect to the internet, track and monitor remote assets and lone workers, or request SOS assistance via satellite from anywhere in the world, even in the most remote and hostile of environments.

Nearly half the world's population has no access to the internet and much of the world has no cellular coverage. Our vision is to collaborate with innovative partners to deliver low cost, reliable and easily accessible global satellite communications solutions in areas where no other forms of communication exist.

We provide voice, data communications, IoT and M2M services via Geostationary and Low Earth Orbit ("LEO") satellite constellations and offer reliable connectivity in areas where terrestrial wireless or wireline networks do not exist or are limited, including remote land areas, open ocean, airways, the polar regions and regions where terrestrial networks are not operational, for example due to political conflicts and natural or man-made disasters.

There is an increasing requirement for on-demand connectivity which we support with products and services developed to deliver reliable solutions globally via leading commercial satellite network operators. Billions of dollars are currently being spent on new and modernized satellite constellations and our partner networks including Globalstar, Intelsat, Iridium, Inmarsat, Globalstar, Thuraya and Viasat have already developed and launched satellites capable of delivering advanced high-speed voice and data services anywhere on the planet. Our products and services enable users on the ground to connect to these existing networks and we intend to pursue new relationships with next generation satellite constellation operators likely to offer service in the future.

We have expertise and long-term experience in providing tracking and monitoring services via satellite, specifically through the Globalstar Low Earth Orbit satellite network. We own unique network infrastructure devices, known as appliqués, which are located in various Globalstar ground stations around the world and provide the signal receipt and processing technology that enables and powers the Globalstar simplex data service. Our ownership of these appliqués provides us with competitive access to the global simplex data service which addresses the market demand for a small and cost-effective solution for sending data, such as geographic coordinates, from assets or individuals in remote locations to a central monitoring station and is used in numerous applications such as tracking vehicles, asset shipments, livestock, and monitoring unattended remote assets.

We believe the potential commercial requirement for satellite-based tracking devices using the Globalstar network is vast and intend to begin launching a range of company branded tracking products and associated messaging plans during the first half of 2021, including our SolarTrack solar powered satellite tracking device which we announced in January 2021.

In addition to our main core focus on MSS products and services, we also provide tracking and monitoring solutions using Automatic Identification System (AIS), 2G-5G, Push-to-Talk and two-way radio technology.

We generate revenue from both the provision of services and the sale of equipment. Higher margin recurring service revenue from the sale of monthly, annual, and prepaid airtime or messaging plans has historically represented an increasing proportion of our revenue, and we expect that trend to continue as we introduce new products requiring associated airtime or messaging plans.

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We provide our products and services directly to end users and reseller networks located both in the United States and internationally through our subsidiaries, U.S. based Orbital Satcom Corp. ("Orbital Satcom") and U.K. based Global Telesat Communications Limited ("GTC"). We have a physical presence in the United States and the United Kingdom, as well as an ecommerce storefront presence in 15 countries across 5 continents. We have a diverse geographical customer base having provided solutions to more than 50,000 customers located in more than 165 countries across every continent in the world.

In Q1, 2021, we intend to open an office in Washington D.C. to target increased sales to US government customers through channels such as the U.S. General Services Administration ("GSA"). The U.S. government spends billions of dollars each year on satellite communications products and services as it seeks to modernize and improve its communications and connectivity. To directly address this opportunity, Orbsat is currently seeking to build a dedicated government sector business unit focused on serving the growing secure communications needs of US government customers.

MSS Products

Our MSS products rely on satellite networks for voice, data and tracking connectivity and thus are not reliant on cell towers or other local infrastructure. As a result, our MSS solutions are suitable for recreational travellers and adventurers, government and military users, and corporations and individuals wishing to communicate or connect to the internet from remote locations, or in the event of an emergency such as a power outage, following a hurricane or other natural disaster during which regular cell phone, telephone and internet service may not be available.

Our satellite communications products enable users to make voice calls, send and recent text messages and emails, and transmit GPS location coordinates from anywhere on the planet, no matter how remote the location and regardless of the availability of local communication infrastructure. Our range of satellite data products allow users anywhere in the world to connect to the internet, stream live video, and communicate via voice and data applications.

We are a leading provider of GPS enabled emergency locator distress beacons that can save lives, on land and at sea. Our distress beacons enable essential communication between our customers and search and rescue organisations during emergency situations and pinpoint locational information to Search and Rescue services, essential during an emergency.

We provide a wide range of satellite tracking devices used to monitor the location, movements, and history of almost anything that moves. We specialize in offering

satellite tracking services through the Globalstar satellite network and have supplied tens of thousands of tracking devices which are used around the world to locate lone workers, track shipping containers, livestock, vehicles, and vessels along with many other types of assets.

Our principal focus is on growing sales of our existing satellite-based hardware, airtime and related services, specifically services attracting recurring revenue for the Company. Additionally, during the first half of 2021 we intend to launch our own brand of tracking device for use by retail, corporate and governmental customers worldwide which we hope will further increase future revenue.

The first product launched by the Company, SolarTrack, is a compact, lightweight, IoT tracking device powered by the sun and operating on one of the most modern satellite networks in the world. It is designed for tracking and monitoring anything that moves, or any remote asset used outdoors, almost anywhere in the world and we anticipate strong demand from customers looking for a low cost, maintenance free tracking device to monitor remote assets.

Online Storefronts

We operate two e-commerce websites offering a range of MSS products and solutions through our subsidiaries, Orbital Satcom, which targets customers in North and South America, and GTC which targets customers in the UK, EU, Middle East, Asia and rest of the world. These websites produce sales and attract enquiries from customers and potential customers from all around the world. Over the long term, we plan to develop additional country-specific websites to target customers in South America, Asia and Europe where we anticipate there will be substantial further demand for our products.

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In addition to our two main e-commerce websites, we make portable satellite voice, data and tracking solutions easier to find and buy online through our various third-party e-commerce storefronts such as Amazon and Walmart. We currently operate 15 storefronts across various countries in 5 continents. We have invested in personnel to translate our listings correctly in the different countries we are represented in and are regularly improving and increasing our listings on all e-commerce sites. We currently have more than 8,000 product listings on all third-party sites and invest significantly in inventory to hold at Amazon's various warehouses around the world to ensure that orders are shipped to customers as quickly as possible. The products include handheld satellite phones, personal and asset tracking devices, portable high-speed broadband terminals, and satellite Wi-Fi hotspots.

Our e-commerce storefronts enable us to attract a significantly diversified level of sales from all over the world, ensuring we are not reliant on any single market or sector for our sales revenue. Furthermore, many products we sell require subscription-based services which allow us to increase our recurring revenue airtime sales.

Mapping and Tracking Portal

Our advanced subscription-based mapping and tracking portal, GTCTrack, is available for use by registered customers who pay a monthly fee to access it. This mapping portal provides a universal and hardware-agnostic, cloud-based data visualization and management platform that allows managers to track, command, and control assets in near-real-time. Asset location reports including position, speed, altitude, heading and location and movement history reports on a wide range of tracking devices and other products sold by us are available through GTCTrack.

Industry and Market

We compete in the mobile satellite products and services sector of the global communications industry. The products and airtime that we sell are intended to meet users' needs for connectivity in all locations where existing terrestrial wireline and wireless communications networks do not exist, do not provide sufficient coverage, or are impaired. Government organizations, including military and intelligence agencies and disaster response agencies, non-governmental organizations and industrial operations and support teams depend on mobile voice and data satellite communications products and services on a regular basis. Businesses with global operations require reliable communications services when operating in remote locations around the world. Mobile satellite services users span many sectors, including emergency services, maritime, aviation, government, utilities, oil and gas, mining, recreation, forestry, heavy equipment, construction, and transportation, among others. Many of our customers view satellite communications products and services as critical to their daily operations.

There is an existing, and we believe significantly growing, multi-billion-dollar global market for a small and cost-effective solution for receiving and processing mobile voice and data communications from remote locations used in applications such as tracking vehicles or asset shipments, monitoring unattended remote assets or mobile security. Over the past two decades, the global mobile satellite services market has experienced significant growth. Increasingly, better-tailored, improved-technology products and services are creating new channels of demand for mobile satellite services. Growth in demand for mobile satellite voice services is driven by the declining cost of these services, the diminishing size and lower costs of the devices, as well as heightened demand by governments, businesses and individuals for ubiquitous global voice and data cost-effective solutions are ideally suited for industries such as maritime, aviation, government/military, emergency/humanitarian services, mining, forestry, oil and gas, heavy equipment, transportation and utilities, as well as recreational users. We do not tailor our products and services to different types of customers as in our experience military, non-profit, government and recreational users tend to purchase the same types of products and services.

Competition

The global satellite communications industry is highly competitive. In certain regions, such as North America, we currently face substantial competition from other service providers that offer a range of mobile and fixed communications options. In other regions, such as the UK and EU, we have a strong presence and are one of the leading providers of satellite communicators, emergency locator beacons and satellite tracking devices. We compete primarily on the basis of coverage, quality, portability, pricing and in the case of our e-commerce storefronts, availability of services and products.

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The competitors for our satellite telecommunications services and products are other resellers of leading satellite networks such as Iridium, Inmarsat, Thuraya and Globalstar, some of which are also our suppliers. We expect the competition for our satellite telecommunications services and our satellite tracking and monitoring services to increase significantly as market demand accelerates.

We believe that we are well positioned to compete for the satellite telecommunications services business largely on a cost basis and due to our ever-increasing global ecommerce presence, which makes products more accessible to buy as compared to more traditional methods of purchasing e.g., bricks and mortar storefronts.

Intellectual Property

Our success and ability to compete depends in part on our ability to maintain our trade secrets. All of our employees and consultants are subject to non-disclosure agreements and other contractual provisions to establish and maintain our proprietary rights.

Regulatory Matters

Government contract laws and regulations affect how we will do business with our customers, and in some instances, will impose added costs on our business. A violation of specific laws and regulations could result in the imposition of fines and penalties, the termination of any then existing contracts or the inability to bid on future

contracts. We intend our Orbital Sub to become qualified as a government contractor. International sales of our products may also be subject to U.S. and foreign laws, regulations and policies like the United States Department of State restrictions on the transfer of technology, International Traffic in Arms Regulation ("ITAR") and other export laws and regulations and may be subject to first obtaining licenses, clearances or authorizations from various regulatory entities. This may limit our ability to sell our products abroad and the failure to comply with any of these regulations could adversely affect our ability to conduct our business and generate revenues as well as increasing our operating costs. Our products may also be subject to regulation by the National Telecommunications and Information Administration and the Federal Communications Commission that regulate wireless communications.

Sources and Availability of Components

Certain materials and equipment for our products are custom made for those products and are dependent upon either a single or limited number of suppliers. Failure of a supplier could cause delays in delivery of the products if another supplier cannot promptly be found or if the quality of such replacement supplier's components is inferior or unacceptable.

Employees

We currently have five full time and five part time employees, not including David Phipps, our Chief Executive Officer and President, and Thomas Seifert, our Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Phipps and Mr. Seifert work for us full time. The Company considers its relationships with its employees to be satisfactory and is not a party to any collective bargaining agreement.

Corporate Information

Our principal executive offices are located at 18851 N.E. 29th Ave, Suite 700, Aventura, Florida 33180. Our telephone number is (305) 560-5355. The Company's website address is http://www.orbsat.com. Information contained on the Company's website is not incorporated into this prospectus.

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MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth the names, ages and positions of our executive officers, key employees and directors as of the date of this prospectus.

| Name | Age | Position |
|----------------|-----|---|
| David Phipps | 54 | Chief Executive Officer, President and Chairman |
| Thomas Seifert | 49 | Chief Financial Officer |
| Hector Delgado | 51 | Director |

Our directors are appointed for a one-year term to hold office until the next annual general meeting of our shareholders or until removed from office in accordance with our bylaws. The Board of Directors shall not appoint any new members or vote to increase its size in the absence of the written consent of Mr. Phipps. The Board of Directors appoints officers who serve their terms of office at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

Background of executive officers and directors

The following is a brief account of the education and business experience during at least the past five years of our officers and directors, indicating each person's principal occupation during that period, and the name and principal business of the organization in which such occupation and employment were carried out.

David Phipps, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman, 54, has served as the Managing Director of GTC since 2008 and as the President of GTC, a competitor of the Company, from 2003 through 2014. He has served as the President of Orbital Satcom since February 19, 2015, as Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company since February 24, 2015 and Chief Executive Officer since February 25, 2015. Mr. Phipps was chosen as a director of the Company based on his knowledge of and relationships in the global satellite communications business.

Hector Delgado, Director, 51, was appointed to the Board of Directors on May 27, 2015. Mr. Delgado is currently the Executive Officer of the Naval Reserve Special Operations Command South (SOCSOUTH) Detachment 108. He has also served as a Special Agent in the United States Department of Homeland Security since 1995 and as the Managing Member of ISR Strategies, LLC, a full-service security consulting company, since 2010. He is a United States Navy SEAL with active and reserve service for over twenty-eight years. In 2006, he was mobilized and served a combat tour in Ramadi, Iraq with SEAL Team THREE receiving a Navy Commendation Medal with Combat "V". He has served with SEAL Teams TWO, THREE, FOUR, EIGHTEEN and Special Operations Command Central and South. Mr. Delgado has participated in tours of duty and conducting International Ship Security Code (ISPS) training and assessments. Mr. Delgado was appointed to serve as a director of the Company based on his leadership and entrepreneurial experience and particular familiarity with the military and governmental agencies.

Thomas Seifert, Chief Financial Officer, 49, was appointed to serve as the Company's Chief Financial Officer on October 19, 2020. Prior to this appointment, Mr. Seifert has more than 20 years of general management, global operations and financial management expertise and has served as Chief Financial Officer for various public and private telecommunication companies during this period. Since January 2006 to present, Mr. Seifert has served as a principal of Rocky Mountain Advisors Corp where he provides management and financial advisory services.

 $Family\ Relationships$

There are no family relationships between any of our directors or executive officers.

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

During the past ten years, none of our officers, directors, promoters or control persons have been involved in any legal proceedings as described in Item 401(f) of Regulation S-K except as set forth herein.

Director Independence

We are not currently listed on a national securities exchange or in an inter-dealer quotation system that has requirements that a majority of the Board be independent. However, our Board has undertaken a review of the independence of the directors and considered whether any director has a material relationship with us that could compromise his ability to exercise independent judgment in carrying out his or her responsibilities. As a result of this review, our Board has determined that Mr. Delgado is the only "independent" director on the Board of Directors, as such term is defined under the Nasdaq listing standards.

Audit Committee. We did not during 2020, and do not currently, have an audit committee. If and when we satisfy the other initial listing standards for listing our common stock on NASDAQ or another national exchange, we intend to establish an audit committee of the Board of Directors.

Compensation Committee. We did not during 2020, and do not currently, have a compensation committee. If and when we satisfy the other initial listing standards for listing our common stock on NASDAQ or another national exchange, we intend to establish a compensation committee of the Board of Directors.

Nominating Committee. We did not during 2020, and do not currently, have a nominating committee. If and when we satisfy the other initial listing standards for listing our common stock on NASDAQ or another national exchange, we intend to establish a nominating committee of the Board of Directors.

Board Leadership Structure and Role in Risk Oversight

Mr. Phipps acts as our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. We have no policy requiring either that the positions of the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer be separate or that they be occupied by the same individual. The Board of Directors believes that this issue is properly addressed as part of the succession planning process and that a determination on this subject should be made when it elects a new chief executive officer or at such other times as when consideration of the matter is warranted by circumstances. Currently, the Board of Directors believes that the Chief Executive Officer is best situated to serve as Chairman because he is the director most familiar with the Company's business and industry, and most capable of effectively identifying strategic priorities and leading the discussion and execution of strategy. Independent directors and management have different perspectives and roles in strategy development. Mr. Delgado, our independent director, brings experience, oversight and expertise from outside the Company and from a variety of industries, while the CEO brings extensive experience and expertise specifically related to the Company's business. The Board of Directors believes that the current combined role of Chairman and CEO promotes strategy development and execution, and facilitates information flow between management and the Board of Directors, which are essential to effective governance.

One of the key responsibilities of the Board of Directors is to develop strategic direction and hold management accountable for the execution of strategy once it is developed. The Board of Directors believes the current combined role of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, combined with having an independent director, is in the best interest of stockholders because it provides the appropriate balance between strategy development and independent oversight of management.

Our Board of Directors is primarily responsible for overseeing our risk management processes on behalf of the Company. The Board of Directors receives and reviews periodic reports from management, auditors, legal counsel, and others, as considered appropriate regarding our Company's assessment of risks. The Board of Directors focuses on the most significant risks facing our Company and our Company's general risk management strategy, and also ensures that risks undertaken by our Company are consistent with the Board's appetite for risk. While the Board oversees our Company's risk management, management is responsible for day-to-day risk management processes. We believe this division of responsibilities is the most effective approach for addressing the risks facing our Company and that our Board leadership structure supports this approach.

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

The Board has adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that is applicable to the Company and to all our directors and officers and persons performing similar functions, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer. A copy of the Company's Code of Ethics may be obtained on our website at www.orbsat.com. We intend to disclose future amendments to such code, or any waivers of its requirements, applicable to any principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions or our directors on our website identified above. The inclusion of our website address in this prospectus does not include or incorporate by reference the information on our website into this prospectus.

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EXECUTIVE AND DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

2019 Summary Compensation Table

The table below summarizes all compensation awarded to, earned by, or paid to our named executive officers (as defined in Item 402(m)(2) of Regulation S-K) for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

The table below summarizes all compensation awarded to, earned by, or paid to our named executive officers (as defined in Item 402(m)(2) of Regulation S-K) for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 3018.

| Name and Principal Position | Year | Salary (\$) | Bonus (\$) | Stock Awards (\$) | Option Awards (\$)(1) | Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$) | Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$) | | ll Other npensation (\$) | Total (\$) |
|--|------|----------------|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|----|--------------------------------|---------------|
| David Phipps Chief Executive | 2019 | \$ 231,297 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | \$ | 52,455(3)(4)(7) | \$ 283,752 |
| Officer, | 2017 | Ψ 231,277 | | | | | | Ψ | 32,433(*)(*)(*) | Ψ 203,732 |
| President and Chairman | 2018 | \$219,862 | - | - | \$ 83,233 | - | - | \$ | 46,718(3)(4)(7) | \$ 349,813 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Theresa Carlise Chief Financial Officer, | 2019 | \$ 150,000 | - | - | - | - | - | \$ | 18,911(6)(8) | \$ 168,911 |
| Secretary and Treasurer | 2018 | \$ 145,640 | \$ 5,000 | - | \$ 41,617(4) | - | - | \$ | 14,873(6)(8) | \$ 207,130 |

- (1) Reflects the grant date fair values of stock awards calculated in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718. All stock awards have been adjusted for our 1:150 reverse stock split effective March 8, 2018 and further on August 19, 2019, FINRA approved a reverse split of our common stock at a ratio of 1 for 15.
- (2) On May 26, 2017, Mr. Phipps was granted a ten-year option to purchase shares of common stock. The option is immediately exercisable into 2,222 shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$22.50 per share. On June 14, 2018, Mr. Phipps was granted a three-year option to purchase 6,667 shares of common stock, vesting quarterly over the term at an exercise price per \$24.00 per share. On December 18, 2018, the company cancelled the unvested portion of the grant or 5,000 options and reissued a separate grant of options to purchase 21,667 shares of common stock, fully vested with a term of five years at an exercise price of \$2.55.
- (3) The Company pays David Phipps a monthly fee of \$3,000 or \$36,000 per year, for his services as a director of the company, in addition to his compensation as Chief Executive Officer and President.
- (4) On June 14, 2018, the Company entered into a new employment agreement, which entitles him to \$1,200 per month auto allowance. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the auto allowance was \$14,400 and \$8,748, respectively.

- (5) On May 26, 2017, Ms. Carlise was granted a ten-year option to purchase shares of common stock. The option is immediately exercisable into 1,667 shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$22.50 per share. On June 14, 2018, Ms. Carlise was granted a three-year option to purchase 3,333 shares of common stock, vesting quarterly over the term at an exercise price per \$22.50 per share. On December 18, 2018, the company cancelled the unvested portion of the grant or 2,500 options and reissued a separate grant of options to purchase 10,833 shares of common stock, fully vested with a term of five years at an exercise price of \$2.25.
- (6) On June 14, 2018, the Company entered into a new employment agreement, which entitles her to \$600 per month auto allowance. For the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the auto allowance was \$7,200 and \$3,920, respectively.
- For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, medical insurance premiums for Ms. Carlise totaling, \$11,711 and \$10,953, respectively.
- (7) For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company paid on behalf of Mr. Phipps, thru its UK subsidiary, GTCL, medical insurance premiums totaling of \$2,055 and \$1,970, respectively.
- (8) For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company paid on behalf of Ms. Carlise medical insurance premiums for totaling, \$11,711 and \$10,953, respectively.

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Narrative Disclosure to the Summary Compensation Table

On May 26, 2017, the Company issued 2,222 options to Mr. Phipps, 1,667 options to Theresa Carlise, 556 options to Hector Delgado, its Director and 8,889 options to certain employees of the Company. The employees are the adult children of our Chief Executive Officer. The options were issued outside of the Company's 2014 Equity Incentive Plan and are not governed by the 2014 Plan. The options have an exercise price of \$22.50 per share, vest immediately, and have a term of ten years. The 13,333 options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$45.00 per option or a total of \$600,000 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$45.00 per share (based on the closing price of the Company's common stock of the date of issuance), volatility of 736%, expected term of 10 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.30%. In connection with the stock option grant, for the years ended December 31, 2017, the Company recorded stock-based compensation of \$600,000.

On June 14, 2018, we issued 11,667 new stock options to our executives and directors under the 2018 Incentive Plan. All options issued have an exercise price of \$22.50 per share, with the exception of David Phipps, a Ten Percent Stockholder, whose exercise price is \$24.00, vest in equal quarterly installments starting July 1, 2018 over the next two years and expire on July 1, 2021. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the amount of vested options was 4,583. On July 1, 2018, 2,292 options were fully vested and valued on the vesting date at approximately \$20.69 per option or a total of \$47,422 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: strike price of 22.50 stock price of \$20.69 per share (based on the market price at close on July 1, 2018) volatility of 718%, expected term of 3 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 2.69%. On October 1, 2018, an additional 2,292 options were fully vested and valued on the vesting date at approximately \$20.69 per option or a total of \$47,422 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$20.69 per share (based on the market price close at grant date on June 14, 2018) volatility of 607%, expected term of 3 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 2.64%. In reference to this grant, the company recorded stock-based compensation of \$81,698 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

On June 14, 2018, the Company entered into a two (2) year Employment Agreement ("Agreement") with Mr. Phipps, with an automatic one (1) year extension. Under the Agreement, Mr. Phipps will serve as the Company's Chief Executive Officer and President and will receive an annual base salary equal to the sum of \$170,000 and £48,000 to be paid through our operating subsidiary, GTCL. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the £48,000 equivalent to USD is \$61,293 and \$62,219 and the yearly conversion rate is 1.276933 and 1.296229, respectively. The agreement provides for a performance bonus based on exceeding our annual revenue goals and on our ability to attract new investment. The Agreement also provides for medical plan coverage, an auto allowance, paid vacation, and discretionary stock grants and option awards. In the event of termination without cause, termination as a result of a change in control, or resignation with good reason (as defined in the Agreement), Mr. Phipps will be entitled to a severance equal to twice his base salary, the immediate vesting of all unvested options, and other benefits. The Agreement terminates and supersedes the Original Agreements and any subsequent amendments, effective as of the June 14, 2018.

Previously the Company had a two-year Executive Employment Agreement with Mr. Phipps, effective January 1, 2016. Under the Employment Agreement, Mr. Phipps will serve as the Company's Chief Executive Officer and President and received an annual base salary equal to the sum of \$144,000 and £48,000, or \$61,833 at the yearly conversion rate of 1.288190. Mr. Phipps is also eligible for bonus compensation in an amount equal to up to fifty (50%) percent of his then-current base salary if the Company meets or exceeds criteria adopted by the Compensation Committee, if any, or Board and equity awards as may be approved in the discretion of the Compensation Committee or Board. On January 1, 2018, the agreement automatically renewed for another year.

Also, on June 14, 2018, we entered into a new Employment Agreement, ("Agreement") with our Chief Financial Officer, Theresa Carlise. The Agreement is for a period of two (2) years, with an automatic one (1) year extension. Ms. Carlise's base salary is \$150,000 per year. The Agreement provides for performance bonuses based on exceeding our annual revenue goals and on our ability to attract new investment. The Agreement also provides for medical plan coverage, an auto allowance, paid vacation, and discretionary stock grants and option awards. In the event of termination without cause, termination as a result of a change in control, or resignation with good reason (as defined in the Agreements), Ms. Carlise will be entitled to a severance equal to twice her base salary, the immediate vesting of all unvested options, and other benefits. The Agreement terminates and supersedes the Original Agreements and any subsequent amendments, effective as of the June 14, 2018. On March 13, 2020, the Company David Phipps and Theresa Carlise, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, respectively, executed waivers of the provisions in their respective employment agreement requiring prior written notice of non-renewal to the other party. As a result, their respective employment terms with the Company will not be automatically extended as set forth in such employment agreements and will terminate as of June 14, 2020.

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Prior to June 14, 2018, the Company had a one-year agreement for Ms. Carlise, as its Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary. The agreement provided for an annual compensation of \$140,000 as well as medical benefits. The agreement was effective December 1, 2016 and had an automatic renewal clause whereby the agreement renews itself for another year, if not cancelled by the Company previously. The agreement had been automatically extended for an additional term of one year on December 1, 2017. In addition to the base salary of \$140,000 annually, Ms. Carlise was eligible to receive an annual cash bonus if the Company meets or exceeds criteria adopted by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors and shall be eligible for grants of awards under stock option or other equity incentive plans of the Company.

On December 18, 2018, the Company cancelled the unvested options as follows; 5,000 options to David Phipps, 2,500 options to Theresa Carlise, 1,250 options to Hector Delgado, its Director and 5,000 options to certain employees of the Company. Total grants cancelled were 13,750 and were returned to the Plan.

Also, on December 18, 2018, we issued 55,417 new stock options to our executives and directors under the 2018 Incentive Plan. All options issued have an exercise price of \$2.25 per share, with the exception of David Phipps, (whose options have an exercise price of \$2.55), are fully vested and expire on December 17, 2023. The options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$2.25 per option or a total of \$124,674 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: strike price of \$2.25 stock price of \$2.25 per share (based on the market price at close on December 17, 2018) volatility of 773%, expected term of 5 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 2.69%.

For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded stock-based compensation of \$0 and \$219,518, respectively.

OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT FISCAL YEAR-END

| | O | PTION AWARDS | | STOCK AWARDS | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Name | Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable | Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable | Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Unearned Options (#) | Option Exercise Price (\$) | Option Expiration Date | Number Of Shares or Shares of Stock That Have Not Vested (#) | Market Value of Shares or Shares of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$) | Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares, Shares or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (#) | Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Shares or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (#) | | |
| David Phipps | 1,667 | | - | 24.00 | 7/01/2021 | | | | - | | |
| | | | | | | - | - | - | - | | |
| | 4,444(1) | - | - | 22.50 | 12/15/2026 | - | - | - | - | | |
| | 2,222(1) | - | - | 22.50 | 5/25/2027 | - | - | - | - | | |
| | 8,333 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Theresa | | | | | = /0.4 /0.004 | | | | | | |
| Carlise | 833 | - | - | 22.50 | 7/01/2021 | - | - | - | - | | |
| | 10,833 | - | - | 2.25 | 12/17/2023 | - | - | - | - | | |
| | 311(1) | - | - | 112.50 | 12/21/2025 | - | - | - | - | | |
| | 1,667(1) | - | - | 22.50 | 5/25/2027 | | | | | | |
| | 13,644 | | | | | | | | | | |

(1) Options granted outside of the Company's Stock Option Plan.

2019 Director Compensation

The table below summarizes all compensation of our directors for our last completed fiscal year.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

| | Fees | | | | Non-Equity | Non-Qualified | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------|--------|----------------|---------------|--------------|------------|
| | Earned or | | | | Incentive Plan | Deferred | All Other | |
| | Paid in | Stock | Optio | on | Compensation | Compensation | Compensation | |
| Name | Cash (\$) | Awards (\$) | Award | s (\$) | (\$) | Earnings (\$) | (\$) | Total (\$) |
| David Phipps ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 36,000 | | \$ | _ | | | | \$ 36,000 |
| Hector Delgado | \$ 20,000 | - | \$ | - | - | - | - | \$ 20,000 |

(1) Amounts are included in Summary Compensation Table.

Narrative Disclosure to the Director Compensation Table

The Company pays David Phipps a monthly fee of \$3,000 for his services as a director of the company, in addition to his compensation as Chief Executive Officer and President.

On December 29, 2016, the Board of Directors approved increasing its quarterly payments from \$3,500 to \$5,000, to its independent director, Hector Delgado.

On December 16, 2016, the Company issued options to Mr. Phipps, to purchase up to 4,444 shares of common stock. The options have an exercise price of \$22.50 per share, vest immediately, and have a term of ten years. The options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$45.00 per option. The amount is disclosed in the executive compensation table as well as, with the director compensation.

On May 26, 2017, the Company issued 556 options to Hector Delgado, its Director and 2,222 options to David Phipps. The options were issued outside of the Company's 2014 Equity Incentive Plan and are not governed by the 2014 Plan. The options have an exercise price of \$22.50 per share, vest immediately, and have a term of ten years. The options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$45.00 per option or a total of \$200,000 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$3.00 per share (based on the closing price of the Company's common stock of the date of issuance post-split), volatility of 736%, expected term of 10 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.30%. Additionally, on May 26, 2017, the Company issued another 8,867 options to certain employees of the Company. The options were issued outside of the Company's 2014 Equity Incentive Plan and are not governed by the 2014 Plan. The options have an exercise price of \$22.50 per share, vest immediately, and have a term of ten years. The options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$45.00 per option. In connection with the stock option grant, as described above, the Company recorded stock-based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2017 of \$600,000.

On June 14, 2018, we issued 6,667 stock options to David Phipps and 1,667 options to Hector Delgado, its Director. All options issued have an exercise price of \$22.50 per share, with the exception of David Phipps, a Ten Percent Stockholder, whose exercise price is \$24.00, vest in equal quarterly installments starting July 1, 2018 over the next two years and expire on July 1, 2021, pursuant to the 2018 Incentive Plan. On December 18, 2018, the Company cancelled the unvested options for David Phipps of 5,000 and cancelled 1,250 options for Hector Delgado, its Director. Also, on December 18, 2018, we issued we issued 21,667 stock options Mr. Phipps and 4,583 options to Hector Delgado, its Director, pursuant to the 2018 Incentive Plan. All options issued have an exercise price of 2.25 per share, with the exception of David Phipps, a Ten Percent Stockholder, whose exercise price is \$2.55, are fully vested and expire on December 17, 2023.

Mr. Phipps and Mr. Delgado receive no compensation from the Company except as described above.

On October 14, 2020, the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Orbsat Corp (the "Company") effected the following changes to the Company's executive management:

- (i) extended David Phipps' (the Company's Chief Executive Officer) employment with the Company for another 30-day period, commencing on October 14, 2020, with his respective compensation and other material terms during the such term to remain substantially the same as those set forth in the previous extensions to his employment agreement;
- (ii) continued, following the October 16, 2020 expiration of Theresa Carlise's CFO employment agreement with the Company, to retain her services on a non-exclusive basis as the Company's Comptroller to facilitate the CFO transition, for cash compensation of \$2,000/week. Ms. Carlise will be so engaged at the pleasure of the Board and her engagement may be terminated upon one week's advance notice; and
- (iii) to appoint Thomas Seifert as the Company's Chief Financial Officer for a period of 12 months commencing on October 19, 2020, for cash compensation of \$7,500/month, and such additional equity compensation as the Board may determine in the future, subject to periodic review and adjustment by the Board in its sole discretion. He will also be eligible to receive various other benefits if and to the extent available to the employees of the Company.

On November 12, 2020, the Company's Board approved and authorized the continued employment of David Phipps, as the Company's Chief Executive Officer, for a 90-day period, commencing as of November 13, 2020, which employment term may be extended as agreed by the Company and the executive officer on substantially the same compensation and other material terms during the period of the continued employment as those set forth in his previous employment agreement. As previously disclosed, in March 2020, the Company and above-referenced executive officer executed a waiver of the provisions in his employment agreement requiring prior written notice of non-renewal to the other party. As a result, his employment terms with the Company were not automatically extended as set forth in such employment agreement and terminated as of June 13, 2020. As previously disclosed on June 13, 2020, the Company renewed his agreement for another 30 days, commencing on July 14 through August 13, 2020. As previously disclosed on August 14, 2020, the Company renewed his agreement for another 30 days, commencing on August 14 through September 13, 2020. As previously disclosed on October 14, 2020, the Company renewed his agreement for another 30 days, commencing on October 14 through November 13, 2020. On November 12, 2020, the Company renewed his agreement for another 30 days, commencing November 13, 2020.

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Equity Incentive Plan

2018 Incentive Plan

On June 14, 2018, our Board of Directors approved the 2018 Incentive Plan (the "Plan"). The 2014 Equity Incentive Plan was closed and superseded by the 2018 Incentive Plan. The purpose of the Plan is to provide a means for the Company to continue to attract, motivate and retain management, key employees, consultants and other independent contractors, and to provide these individuals with greater incentive for their service to the Company by linking their interests in the Company's success with those of the Company and its shareholders. An Award may also be granted to any consultant, agent, advisor or independent contractor for bona fide services rendered to the Company or any Related Company that; are not in connection with the offer and sale of the Company's securities in a capital raising transaction, and do not directly or indirectly promote or maintain a market for the Company's securities. The Plan shall be administered by the Board or its Compensation Committee and may grant Options designated as Incentive Stock Options or Nonqualified Stock Options. The Plan provides that up to a maximum of 66,667 shares of the Company's common stock (subject to adjustment) are available for issuance under the Plan. Subject to earlier termination in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the instrument evidencing the Option, the maximum term of an Incentive Stock Option shall not exceed ten years, and in the case of an Incentive Stock Option granted to a Ten Percent Stockholder, shall not exceed five years. Any portion of an Option that is not vested and exercisable on the date of a Participant's Termination of Service shall expire on such date. In the event of a Change in Control; all outstanding Awards, other than Performance Shares and Performance Units, shall become fully and immediately exercisable, and all applicable deferral and restriction limitations or forfeiture provisions shall lapse, immediately prior to the Change in Control that is a Company Transaction, such Awards are not converted, assumed or replace

The exercise price of an Incentive Stock Option shall be at least 100% of the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock on the Grant Date, and in the case of an Incentive Stock Option granted to a Participant who owns more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of the stock of the Company or of its parent or subsidiary corporations (a "Ten Percent Stockholder"), shall not be less than 110% of the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock on the Grant Date. As of December 31, 2018, Mr. David Phipps, is a Ten Percent Stockholder. The determination of more than 10% ownership shall be made in accordance with Section 422 of the Code. To the extent the aggregate Fair Market Value (determined as of the Grant Date) of Common Stock with respect to which a Participant's Incentive Stock Options become exercisable for the first time during any calendar year (under the Plan and all other stock option plans of the Company and its parent and subsidiary corporations) exceeds \$100,000, such portion in excess of \$100,000 shall be treated as a Nonqualified Stock Option.

On June 14, 2018, we issued 18,333 new stock options to our executives and directors under the 2018 Incentive Plan. All options issued have an exercise price of \$22.50 per share, with the exception of David Phipps, a Ten Percent Stockholder, whose exercise price is \$24.00, vest in equal quarterly instalments starting July 1, 2018 over the next two years and expire on July 1, 2021. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the amount of vested options was 4,583. On July 1, 2018, 2,292 options were fully vested and valued on the vesting date at approximately \$20.70 per option or a total of \$47,422 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: strike price of 22.50 stock price of \$20.70 per share (based on the market price at close on July 1, 2018) volatility of 718%, expected term of 3 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 2.69%. On October 1, 2018, an additional 2,292 options were fully vested and valued on the vesting date at approximately \$20.70 per option or a total of \$47,422 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$20.70 per share (based on the market price close at grant date on June 14, 2018) volatility of 607%, expected term of 3 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 2.64%. In reference to this grant, the company recorded stock-based compensation of \$81,698 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

On December 18, 2018, the Company cancelled the unvested portion of options previously granted on June 14, 2018, under the 2018 Incentive Plan totaling 13,750. The grants cancelled will be returned to the Plan.

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The number of options cancelled to our officers and directors were as follows:

| David Phipps, President, CEO, and Director | (5,000) |
|--|---------|
| Theresa Carlise, CFO | (2,500) |
| Hector Delgado, Director | (1.250) |

In addition, we cancelled options to purchase a total of (5,000) shares to two key employees.

On December 18, 2018, we issued 55,417 new stock options to our executives and directors under the 2018 Incentive Plan. All options issued have an exercise price of \$2.25 per share, with the exception of David Phipps, a Ten Percent Stockholder, whose exercise price is \$2.55, are fully vested and expire on December 17, 2023. The

options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$2.25 per option or a total of \$124,674 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: strike price of \$2.25 stock price of \$2.25 per share (based on the market price at close on December 17, 2018) volatility of 773%, expected term of 5 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 2.69%.

On January 18, 2019, David Phipps exercised 21,667 options via a cashless exercise. Additionally, on January 18, 2019, two employees exercised 18,333 options through a cashless exercise. The Company withheld newly acquired shares pursuant to the exercise of the Option. The amount of common stock issued is calculated by using [Number of Options Exercising] *minus* [Exercise Price] * [Number of Options Exercising] *divided by* [Prior Close OSAT Market Price]. As a result of the exercise 21,619 shares of common stock were issued.

| | | | | Shares | Common |
|--------------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|--------|
| | Options | Exercise | Market | withheld as | Stock |
| | Exercised | Price | Price | Payment | Issued |
| David Phipps | 21,667 | \$ 2.55 | \$ 5.25 | 10,524 | 11,143 |
| Other | 18,333 | \$ 2.25 | \$ 5.25 | 7,857 | 10,476 |
| | 40,000 | | _ | 18,381 | 21,619 |

2020 Incentive Plan

On August 21, 2020, the Company's Board of Directors approved and adopted the Company's 2020 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2020 Plan"). The purpose of the 2020 Plan is to provide a means for the Company to continue to attract, motivate and retain management, key employees, directors and consultants. The 2020 Plan provides that up to a maximum of 2,250,000 shares of the Company's common stock, subject to adjustment, are available for issuance under the 2020 Plan. A copy of the 2020 Plan is filed as Exhibit 10.2 to this Form 8-K and is incorporated by reference herein.

Following the adoption of the 2020 Plan, the Board approved issuances of certain stock options to its executives, directors and employees under the 2020 Plan. Specifically, the stock options issued to David Phipps, CEO (400,000), Theresa Carlise, former CFO (71,000) and Hector Delgado, a Board member (21,000), all have an exercise price of \$0.20 per share, respectively, fully vest upon issuance and expire on August 20, 2030. In addition, the Board approved additional 160,000 stock options to the Company's 7 key employees, on the same terms as those issued to the Company's officers and director.

On August 25, 2020, David Phipps exercised 400,000 options via a cashless exercise. Additionally, on August 25, 2020, two employees exercised 110,000 options through a cashless exercise. The Company withheld newly acquired shares pursuant to the exercise of the Option. The amount of common stock issued is calculated by using [Number of Options Exercising] *minus* [Exercise Price] * [Number of Options Exercising] *divided by* [Prior Close OSAT Market Price]. As a result of the exercise 408,000 shares of common stock were issued.

| | Options Exercised | Exercise Price | Market Price | Shares withheld as Payment | Common Stock Issued |
|--------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| David Phipps | 400,000 | \$ 0.20 | \$ 0.25 | 80,000 | 320,000 |
| Other | 110,000 | \$ 0.20 | \$ 0.25 | 22,000 | 88,000 |
| | 510,000 | | | 102,000 | 408,000 |

Options Issued Outside of Plan

On February 19, 2015, the Company issued to Mr. Rector, the former Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and director of the Company, a seven-year option to purchase 956 shares of common stock as compensation for services provided to the Company. The options have an exercise price of \$112.50 per share, were fully vested on the date of grant and shall expire in February 2022. The 956 options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$112.50 per option or a total of \$107,500 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$112.50 per share (based on the sale of common stock in a private placement), volatility of 380%, expected term of 7 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.58%. In connection with the stock option grant, the Company recorded stock-based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2015 of \$107,500, respectively.

On December 28, 2015, the Company issued Ms. Carlise, Chief Financial Officer, a ten-year option to purchase 222 shares of common stock as compensation for services provided to the Company. The options have an exercise price of \$112.50 per share, were fully vested on the date of grant and shall expire in December 2025. The 222 options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$2,925.29 per option or a total of \$650,000 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of 2,925.29 per share (based on the closing price of the Company's common stock of the date of issuance), volatility of 992%, expected term of 10 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.05%. In connection with the stock option grant, the Company recorded stock-based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2015 of \$650,000, respectively.

Also, on December 28, 2015, the Company issued Mr. Delgado, its Director, a ten-year option to purchase 89 shares of common stock as compensation for services provided to the Company. The options have an exercise price of \$112.50 per share, were fully vested on the date of grant and shall expire in December 2025. The 89 options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$2,925.73 per option or a total of \$260,000 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$2,925.73 per share (based on the closing price of the Company's common stock of the date of issuance), volatility of 992%, expected term of 10 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.05%. In connection with the stock option grant, the Company recorded stock-based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2015 of \$260,000, respectively.

On December 16, 2016, the Company issued options to Mr. Phipps, to purchase up to 4,444 shares of common stock. The options were issued outside of the Company's 2014 Equity Incentive Plan and are not governed by the 2014 Plan. The options have an exercise price of \$122.50 per share, vest immediately, and have a term of ten years. The 4,444 options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$42.75 per option or a total of \$190,000 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$42.75 per share (based on the closing price of the Company's common stock of the date of issuance), volatility of 872%, expected term of 10 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.0500%. In connection with the stock option grant, the Company recorded stock-based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2016 of \$190,000, respectively.

On May 26, 2017, the Company issued 2,222 options to Mr. Phipps, 1,667 options to Theresa Carlise, 556 options to Hector Delgado, its Director and 8,889 options to certain employees of the Company. The employees are the adult children of our Chief Executive Officer. The options were issued outside of the Company's 2014 Equity Incentive Plan and are not governed by the 2014 Plan. The options have an exercise price of \$122.50 per share, vest immediately, and have a term of ten years. The 13,333 options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$45.00 per option or a total of \$600,000 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$45.00 per share (based on the closing price of the Company's common stock of the date of issuance), volatility of 736%, expected term of 10 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.30%. In connection with the stock option grant, for the years ended December 31, 2017, the Company recorded stock-based compensation of \$600,000. For the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 the Company recorded stock-based compensation of \$219,518 and \$0, respectively.

Following the adoption of the 2020 Plan, the Board approved issuances of certain stock options to its executives, directors and employees under the 2020 Plan. Specifically, the stock options issued to David Phipps, CEO (400,000), Theresa Carlise, CFO (71,000) and Hector Delgado, a Board member (21,000), all have an exercise price of \$0.20 per share, respectively, fully vest upon issuance and expire on August 20, 2030. In addition, the Board approved additional 160,000 stock options to the Company's 7 key employees, on the same terms as those issued to the Company's officers and director. The Company uses the Black-Scholes Model to calculate the fair value of its options. The valuation result generated by this pricing model is necessarily driven by the value of the underlying common stock incorporated into the model. Management

Stock options outstanding at September 30, 2020, as disclosed in the below table, have approximately \$276,212 of intrinsic value at the end of the period.

A summary of the status of the Company's outstanding stock options and changes during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 is as follows:

| | Number of Options | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years) |
|---|----------------------|--|---|
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | 39,044 | \$ 17.49 | 5.16 |
| Granted | 817,000 | 0.20 | 9.90 |
| Exercised | (531,000) | 0.20 | 9.89 |
| Forfeited | - | - | - |
| Cancelled | | = | <u> </u> |
| Balance outstanding at September 30, 2020 | 325,044 | \$ 2.28 | 9.25 |
| Options exercisable at September 30, 2020 | 325,044 | \$ 2.28 | 9.25 |

A summary of the status of the Company's outstanding warrants and changes during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 is as follows:

| | Number of Warrants | Weighted rage Exercise Price | Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years) |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | 4,000 | \$ 60.00 | 0.62 |
| Granted | - | - | - |
| Exercised | - | - | - |
| Forfeited | - | - | - |
| Cancelled | - | - | - |
| Balance outstanding and exercisable at September 30, 2020 | 4,000 | \$ 60.00 | 0.62 |

As of September 30, 2020, and December 31, 2019, there were 4,000 warrants outstanding, respectively.

Grants of Plan Based Awards and Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

66,667 shares, of our common stock are reserved for issuance under the 2018 Incentive Plan as awards to employees, directors, consultants, advisors and other service providers, of which 20,000 have been granted, allowing for an available balance of 46,447 as of December 31, 2019.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

None of our executive officers serves as a member of the Board of Directors or compensation committee of any other entity that has one or more of its executive officers serving as a member of our Board of Directors.

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CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company

SEC rules require us to disclose any transaction or currently proposed transaction in which the Company is a participant and in which any related person has or will have a direct or indirect material interest involving the lesser of \$120,000 or one percent (1%) of the average of the Company's total assets as of the end of last two completed fiscal years. A related person is any executive officer, director, nominee for director, or holder of 5% or more of the Company's common stock, or an immediate family member of any of those persons.

For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, Orbital Satcom purchased an aggregate of approximately \$1,068,093 and \$828,741 of inventory from GTCL. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, GTCL purchased an aggregate of approximately \$7,158 and \$30,557 of inventory from Orbital Satcom.

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

Common Stock

The holders of common stock are entitled to one vote per share. Our certificate of incorporation does not provide for cumulative voting. The holders of our common stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends, if any, as may be declared by the Board of Directors out of legally available funds. Upon liquidation, dissolution or winding-up, the holders of our common stock are entitled to share ratably in all assets that are legally available for distribution. The holders of our common stock have no preemptive, subscription, redemption or conversion rights. The rights, preferences and privileges of holders of our common stock are subject to, and may be adversely affected by, the rights of the holders of any series of preferred stock, which may be designated solely by action of the Board of Directors and issued in the future.

Preferred Stock

The Board of Directors is authorized, subject to any limitations prescribed by law, without further vote or action by the stockholders, to issue from time to time shares of preferred stock in one or more series. Each such series of preferred stock shall have such number of shares, designations, preferences, voting powers, qualifications, and special or relative rights or privileges as shall be determined by the Board of Directors, which may include, among others, dividend rights, voting rights, liquidation preferences, conversion rights and preemptive rights.

Options

The maximum number of shares of common stock that may be delivered pursuant to awards granted to eligible persons under the Company's 2018 Incentive Plan and 2020 Incentive Plan may not exceed 66,667 and 2,250,000 shares of common stock, respectively, subject to certain adjustments. As of September 30, 2020, the Company has issued net options to purchase an aggregate of 20,000 shares of common stock under the 2018 Incentive Plan, at a weighted average exercise price of \$4.25 per share. As of September 30, 2020, the Company has also issued ten-year options to purchase an aggregate of 19,044 shares of common stock outside of any equity incentive plan. These options have a weighted average exercise price of \$28.49 per share. As of September 30, 2020, the Company has issued net options to purchase an aggregate of 286,000 shares of common stock under the 2020 Incentive Plan, at a weighted average exercise price of \$0.20 per share.

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Warrants

As of September 30, 2020, the Company has ten-year warrants to purchase an aggregate of 4,000 shares of common stock, at an exercise price of \$60.00.

May 2019 Convertible Promissory Notes; Registration and Pre-emptive Rights

On May 13, 2019, we completed a private placement of convertible promissory notes ("Notes") for an aggregate principal amount of \$805,000. Specifically, we entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the "NPA") by and among the Company and the lenders set forth on the lender schedule to the NPA (the "Lenders"), as amended by that certain Amendment to Note Purchase Agreement (the "Amendment," and, together with the NPA, the "Agreement") by and among the Company and the Lenders. Pursuant to the NPA, the Company issued sold an aggregate principal amount of \$650,000 of its convertible promissory notes. Pursuant to the Amendment, the Company reserved the right to issue and issued an additional 20% of the \$650,000 principal amount of its convertible promissory notes or \$130,000 of its convertible promissory notes. In total, pursuant to the Agreement, the Company issued an aggregate principal amount of \$805,000 of the Notes. The Notes bear interest at a rate of 6% per annum, simple interest, and mature on the third anniversary of the Issue Date (the "Maturity Date"), to the extent that the Notes and the principal amounts and any interest accrued thereunder (the "Indebtedness") have not been converted into shares of common stock of the Company ("Common Stock"). Interest on the Notes will accrue on a simple interest, noncompounded basis and will be added to the principal amounts on the Maturity Date or such earlier date as may be due upon an Event of Default, at which time all Indebtedness will be due and payable, unless earlier converted into Conversion Shares (as defined below). In the event that any amount due under the Notes is not paid as and when due, such amounts will accrue interest at the rate of 12% per year, simple interest, non-compounding, until paid. The Company may not pre-pay or redeem the Notes other than as required by the Agreement. The Notes are general, unsecured obligations of the Company. The proceeds of the sales of the Notes were used to repay certain outstanding indebtedness of the Company and for

The holders of the Notes (the "Holders") have an optional right of conversion. A Holder may elect to convert its Note, and all of the Indebtedness outstanding as of such time, into the number of fully paid and non-assessable shares of Common Stock (the "Conversion Shares") as determined by dividing the Indebtedness by \$0.10, subject to certain adjustments, but excluding adjustment for a reserve stock split of no more than 1:20 contemplated by the Company at the Issue Date. The optional right of conversion is subject to a beneficial ownership limitation of 4.99% of the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the issuance of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion.

The Agreement contains customary representations and warranties and customary affirmative and negative covenants. These covenants include, among other things, certain limitations on the ability of the Company to: (i) pay dividends on its capital stock; (ii) make distributions in respect of its capital stock; (iii) acquire shares of capital stock; and, (iv) sell, lease or dispose of assets.

Pursuant to the Agreement, as amended, the Holders are granted demand registration rights and pre-emptive rights as set forth in the Agreement. If on a one-time basis after conversion of the aggregate principal balance of Notes exceeding the lesser of (i) one-half of the aggregate principal amounts of all Notes sold by the Company as of the termination of the offering of Notes hereunder, or (ii) \$325,000, in either case, into shares of Registrable Securities, and provided that such persons hold such Registrable Securities, holders of at least such applicable representative number of shares of Registrable Securities request the registration of shares of Registrable Securities ("Demand Registration"), the Company is required to use commercially reasonable efforts to effect the registration under the Securities Act, within three (3) months of filing an appropriate registration statement (the "Registration Statement"), of all such shares of Registrable Securities which such holders request in writing to be so registered, and in a manner as nearly as commercially possible corresponding to the methods of distribution described in such holders' request. The Company is required to keep effective and maintain any such registration or qualification for a period of at least one (1) year after the effective date thereof; provided that it may withdraw such Registration Statement before the expiration of one (1) year period if all of the shares of the Common Stock subject to the Registration Statement have been resold. In addition, for so long as the Holders continue to hold any of (i) the applicable Notes, or (ii) any shares of Common Stock issued to such Lender upon conversion of the Note, if the Company proposes to offer or sell any new securities for one year following the effective date of the Agreement, the Company is required to first offer such new securities to the Holders and each Holder will have the right to acquire its pro rata portion of the new securities.

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The Agreement includes customary events of default, including, among others: (i) non-payment of amounts due thereunder, (ii) non-compliance with covenants thereunder, (iii) bankruptcy or insolvency (each, an "Event of Default"). Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, a majority of the Holders may accelerate the maturity of the Indebtedness.

On June 15, 2020, the Company and the Holders of the majority convertible promissory notes sold by the Company in the May 2019 private offering agreed to amend certain terms and provisions of the NPA and the Notes consistent with the terms of such instruments as follows:

- to amend the Notes to allow the Company to pre-pay or redeem such Notes, with mutual consent of the parties to the Notes;
- to amend the Notes to change the "Conversion Price" from \$0.10 per share to \$0.20 per share;
- to amend the beneficial ownership limitation upon conversion of the Notes from 4.99% to 9.99%;
- to amend the NPA to add "Most Favored Nation" provision such that for a period beginning on the closing date and ending two years thereafter, if the Company issues any common stock or securities convertible into or exercisable for shares of common stock or modify any of the foregoing which may be outstanding to any person or entity at a price per share or conversion or exercise price per share which shall be less than \$0.20 per share, the "Lower Price Issuance", then the Company will issue such additional units such that the subscriber/lender, will hold that number of units in total had subscriber/lender purchased the units with the purchase price equal to the lower price issuance common stock issued or issuable by the Company, notwithstanding anything herein or in any other agreement to the contrary, the Company should only be required to make a single adjustment with respect to any lower price issuance regardless of the existence of multiple bases;
- to amend the NPA to waive a negative covenant to allow the Company to issue up to 100,000 shares of its common stock as compensation for services to various service
 providers, consultants, etc.; and
- to amend the NPA to waive a negative covenant to allow the Company to put into place an employee stock option plan, or a similar plan, to grant equity in the Company to its officers, directors and employees.

August 2020 Private Placement of Convertible Promissory Notes

On August 21, 2020, we entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the "NPA") by and among the Company and certain lenders set forth on the lender schedule to the

NPA (the "Lenders"). Pursuant to the terms of the NPA, the Company sold an aggregate principal amount of \$933,000 of its convertible promissory notes (the "Notes"). The Notes are general, unsecured obligations of the Company and bear simple interest at a rate of 6% per annum, and mature on the third anniversary of the date of issuance (the "Maturity Date"), to the extent that the Notes and the principal amounts and any interest accrued thereunder have not been converted into shares of the Company's common stock. In the event that any amount due under the Notes is not paid as and when due, such amounts will accrue interest at the rate of 12% per year, simple interest, non-compounding, until paid. The Company may not pre-pay or redeem the Notes other than as required by the Agreement. The Note holders have an optional right of conversion such that a Noteholder may elect to convert his Note, in whole or in part, outstanding as of such time, into the number of fully paid and non-assessable shares of the Company's common stock as determined by dividing the outstanding indebtedness by \$0.20, subject to certain adjustments. This optional right of conversion is subject to a beneficial ownership limitation of 9.99% of the number of shares of the Company's common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the share issuance upon conversion. The holders of the Notes are granted demand registration rights and pre-emptive rights. In addition, the NPA includes customary events of default, including, among others: (i) non-payment of amounts due thereunder, (ii) non-compliance with covenants thereunder, (iii) bankruptcy or insolvency. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, a majority of the Holders may accelerate the maturity of the Indebtedness. The closing of this offering took place on August 21, 2020.

The Company's issuance of the Notes under the terms of the NPA was made pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act as a transaction by an issuer not involving a public offering and Regulation D promulgated thereunder. The investors in the Notes were "accredited investors" (as such term is defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act. There were no discounts or brokerage fees associated with this offering.

The Company intends to use the offering proceeds for business development, investment in increased inventory and other strategic growth initiatives, including market expansion and personnel recruitment in North America.

December 2020 Private Placement of Convertible Promissory Notes

On December 1, 2020, we entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the "NPA") by and among the Company and certain lenders set forth on the lender schedule to the NPA (the "Lenders"). Pursuant to the terms of the NPA, the Company sold an aggregate principal amount of \$244,000 of its convertible promissory notes (the "Notes"). The Notes are general, unsecured obligations of the Company and bear simple interest at a rate of 6% per annum, and mature on the third anniversary of the date of issuance (the "Maturity Date"), to the extent that the Notes and the principal amounts and any interest accrued thereunder have not been converted into shares of the Company's common stock. In the event that any amount due under the Notes is not paid as and when due, such amounts will accrue interest at the rate of 12% per year, simple interest, non-compounding, until paid. The Company may not pre-pay or redeem the Notes other than as required by the Agreement. The Note holders have an optional right of conversion such that a Noteholder may elect to convert his Note, in whole or in part, outstanding as of such time, into the number of fully paid and non-assessable shares of the Company's common stock as determined by dividing the outstanding indebtedness by \$0.25, subject to certain adjustments. This optional right of conversion is subject to a beneficial ownership limitation of 9.99% of the number of shares of the Company's common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the share issuance upon conversion. The holders of the Notes are granted demand registration rights and pre-emptive rights. In addition, the NPA includes customary events of default, including, among others: (i) non-payment of amounts due thereunder, (ii) non-compliance with covenants thereunder, (iii) bankruptcy or insolvency. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, a majority of the Holders may accelerate the maturity of the Indebtedness. The closing of this offering took place on December 1, 2020.

The Company's issuance of the Notes under the terms of the NPA was made pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act as a transaction by an issuer not involving a public offering and Regulation D promulgated thereunder. The investors in the Notes were "accredited investors" (as such term is defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act. There were no discounts or brokerage fees associated with this offering.

The Company intends to use the offering proceeds for business development, investment in increased inventory and other strategic growth initiatives, including market expansion and personnel recruitment in North America.

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Indemnification of Directors and Officers

Neither our articles of incorporation nor bylaws prevent us from indemnifying our officers, directors and agents to the extent permitted under the Nevada Revised Statutes ("NRS"). NRS Section 78.7502, provides that a corporation may indemnify any director, officer, employee or agent of a corporation against expenses, including fees, actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with any defense to the extent that a director, officer, employee or agent of a corporation has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to Section 78.7502(1) or 78.7502(2), or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein.

NRS 78.7502(1) provides that a corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, except an action by or in the right of the corporation, by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses, including fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with the action, suit or proceeding if he: (a) is not liable pursuant to NRS 78.138; or (b) acted in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct

NRS Section 78.7502(2) provides that a corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against expenses, including amounts paid in settlement and fees actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with the defense or settlement of the action or suit if he: (a) is not liable pursuant to NRS 78.138; or (b) acted in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation. Indemnification may not be made for any claim, issue or matter as to which such a person has been adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction, after exhaustion of all appeals there from, to be liable to the corporation or for amounts paid in settlement to the corporation, unless and only to the extent that the court in which the action or suit was brought or other court of competent jurisdiction determines upon application that in view of all the circumstances of the case, the person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses as the court deems proper.

NRS Section 78.747 provides that except as otherwise provided by specific statute, no director or officer of a corporation is individually liable for a debt or liability of the corporation, unless the director or officer acts as the alter ego of the corporation. The court as a matter of law must determine the question of whether a director or officer acts as the alter ego of a corporation.

Our charter provides that we will indemnify our directors, officers, employees and agents to the extent and in the manner permitted by the provisions of the NRS, as amended from time to time, subject to any permissible expansion or limitation of such indemnification, as may be set forth in any stockholders' or directors' resolution or by contract. Any repeal or modification of these provisions approved by our stockholders will be prospective only and will not adversely affect any limitation on the liability of any of our directors or officers existing as of the time of such repeal or modification. We are also permitted to apply for insurance on behalf of any director, officer, employee or other agent for liability arising out of his actions, whether or not the NRS would permit indemnification.

Our bylaws provide that a director or officer of the Company shall have no personal liability to the Company or its stockholders for damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director or officer, except for damages for breach of fiduciary duty resulting from (a) acts or omissions which involve intentional misconduct, fraud, or a knowing violation of law, or (b) the payment of dividends in violation of section 78.3900 of the NRS as it may from time to time be amended or any successor provision thereto.

Listing

Our common stock is quoted on the OTCQB marketplace under the symbol "OSAT.". The closing price of our common stock on December 2, 2020 was \$2.40 per share.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock and preferred stock is Equity Stock Transfer. Its address is 237 West 37th Street, Suite 601, New York, NY 10018 and its telephone number is (212) 575-5757.

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SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following tables sets forth, as of February 10, 2021, the number of and percent of the Company's common stock beneficially owned by: (1) all directors, naming them; (2) our named executive officers; (3) our directors and executive officers as a group, without naming them; and (4) persons or groups known by us to own beneficially 5% or more of our voting securities. A person is deemed to be the beneficial owner of securities that can be acquired by him within 60 days from February 10, 2021 upon the exercise of options, warrants or other convertible securities.

Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership

| | Common Stock (1) | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Name and Address of Beneficial Owner ⁽²⁾ | Number of Shares | Percent | | | | | |
| Directors and Executive Officers | | | | | | | |
| David Phipps | 1,868,285(3) | 45.6% | | | | | |
| Hector Delgado | 77,444(4) | 1.9% | | | | | |
| Thomas Seifert | 265,112 ⁽⁵⁾ | 6.5% | | | | | |
| Directors and Executive Officers as a Group (3 persons) | 2,210,841(6) | 54.0% | | | | | |
| 5% Stockholders ⁽²⁾ : | | | | | | | |
| Bruce Bennett | 300,000(7) | 7.3% | | | | | |
| Scott Dols | 407,080(7) | 9.9% | | | | | |
| JD Chestnut Realty LLC | 351,378(7) | 8.6% | | | | | |
| Joe Don Setina Family LP | 407,082(7) | 9.9% | | | | | |
| Shapiro Consulting LLC | 407,091 ⁽⁷⁾ | 9.9% | | | | | |
| 5% Stockholders as a Group (5 persons) | 1,872,631(7) | 45.7% | | | | | |

- (1) In determining the percent of common stock beneficially owned by a person or entity, (a) the numerator is the number of shares beneficially owned by such person or entity, including shares which may be acquired by that person within 60 days of December 1, 2020, upon exercise of warrants or options, and (b) the denominator is the sum of (i) the total shares of common stock outstanding on February 10, 2021 (4,095,017 shares), and (ii) the total number of shares that the beneficial owner may acquire within 60 days of February 10, 2021 upon exercise of options and warrants.
- (2) Unless otherwise indicated in the footnotes, the address of the beneficial owners is c/o Orbsat Corp., 18851 N.E. 29th Ave., Suite 700, Aventura, Florida 33180.
- (3) Represents (i) 359,952 shares of common stock, and (ii) 1,508,333 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options.
- (4) Represents (i) 21,800 shares of common stock, and (ii) 55,644 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options.
- (5) Represents (i) 112 shares of common stock, and (ii) 265,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options.
- (6) Represents (i) 381,864 shares of common stock, and (ii) 28,977 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options.
- (7) Represents shares of common stock, and no shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options.

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DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

We have authorized capital stock consisting of 50,000,000 shares of common stock and 3,333,333 shares of preferred stock. On March 8, 2018, FINRA approved a reverse split of 1 for 150 as well as, effective and approved by FINRA on August 19, 2019, a reverse split of our common stock at a ratio of 1 for 15. All share and per share, information in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and footnotes has been retroactively restated to reflect the reverse split.

Common Stock

The holders of common stock are entitled to one vote per share. Our certificate of incorporation does not provide for cumulative voting. The holders of our common stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends, if any, as may be declared by the Board of Directors out of legally available funds. Upon liquidation, dissolution or winding-up, the holders of our common stock are entitled to share ratably in all assets that are legally available for distribution. The holders of our common stock have no preemptive, subscription, redemption or conversion rights. The rights, preferences and privileges of holders of our common stock are subject to, and may be adversely affected by, the rights of the holders of any series of preferred stock, which may be designated solely by action of the Board of Directors and issued in the future.

Preferred Stock

The Board of Directors is authorized, subject to any limitations prescribed by law, without further vote or action by the stockholders, to issue from time to time shares of preferred stock in one or more series. Each such series of preferred stock shall have such number of shares, designations, preferences, voting powers, qualifications, and special or relative rights or privileges as shall be determined by the Board of Directors, which may include, among others, dividend rights, voting rights, liquidation preferences, conversion rights and preemptive rights.

The maximum number of shares of common stock that may be delivered pursuant to awards granted to eligible persons under the Company's 2018 Incentive Plan may not exceed 66,667 shares of common stock, subject to certain adjustments. As of January 10, 2020, the Company has issued net options to purchase an aggregate of 20,000 shares of common stock under the 2018 Incentive Plan, at a weighted average exercise price of \$4.25 per share. As of January 10, 2020, the Company has also issued ten-year options to purchase an aggregate of 19,044 shares of common stock outside of any equity incentive plan. These options have a weighted average exercise price of \$28.49 per share.

Warrants

As of January 10, 2020, the Company has ten-year warrants to purchase an aggregate of 4,000 shares of common stock, at an exercise price of \$60.00.

Indemnification of Directors and Officers

Neither our articles of incorporation nor bylaws prevent us from indemnifying our officers, directors and agents to the extent permitted under the Nevada Revised Statutes ("NRS"). NRS Section 78.7502, provides that a corporation may indemnify any director, officer, employee or agent of a corporation against expenses, including fees, actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with any defense to the extent that a director, officer, employee or agent of a corporation has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to Section 78.7502(1) or 78.7502(2), or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein.

NRS 78.7502(1) provides that a corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, except an action by or in the right of the corporation, by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses, including fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with the action, suit or proceeding if he: (a) is not liable pursuant to NRS 78.138; or (b) acted in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful.

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NRS Section 78.7502(2) provides that a corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against expenses, including amounts paid in settlement and fees actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with the defense or settlement of the action or suit if he: (a) is not liable pursuant to NRS 78.138; or (b) acted in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation. Indemnification may not be made for any claim, issue or matter as to which such a person has been adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction, after exhaustion of all appeals there from, to be liable to the corporation or for amounts paid in settlement to the corporation, unless and only to the extent that the court in which the action or suit was brought or other court of competent jurisdiction determines upon application that in view of all the circumstances of the case, the person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses as the court deems proper.

NRS Section 78.747 provides that except as otherwise provided by specific statute, no director or officer of a corporation is individually liable for a debt or liability of the corporation, unless the director or officer acts as the alter ego of the corporation. The court as a matter of law must determine the question of whether a director or officer acts as the alter ego of a corporation.

Our charter provides that we will indemnify our directors, officers, employees and agents to the extent and in the manner permitted by the provisions of the NRS, as amended from time to time, subject to any permissible expansion or limitation of such indemnification, as may be set forth in any stockholders' or directors' resolution or by contract. Any repeal or modification of these provisions approved by our stockholders will be prospective only and will not adversely affect any limitation on the liability of any of our directors or officers existing as of the time of such repeal or modification. We are also permitted to apply for insurance on behalf of any director, officer, employee or other agent for liability arising out of his actions, whether or not the NRS would permit indemnification.

Our bylaws provide that a director or officer of the Company shall have no personal liability to the Company or its stockholders for damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director or officer, except for damages for breach of fiduciary duty resulting from (a) acts or omissions which involve intentional misconduct, fraud, or a knowing violation of law, or (b) the payment of dividends in violation of section 78.3900 of the NRS as it may from time to time be amended or any successor provision thereto.

Listing

Our common stock is quoted on the OTCQB marketplace under the symbol "OSAT.". The closing price of our common stock on January 10, 2020 was \$2.95 per share.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock and preferred stock is Equity Stock Transfer. Its address is 237 West 37th Street, Suite 601, New York, NY 10018 and its telephone number is (212) 575-5757.

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DESCRIPTION OF WARRANTS

Overview. The following summary of certain terms and provisions of the Warrants offered hereby is not complete and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by, the provisions of the warrant agent agreement between us the Warrant Agent, and the form of Warrant, both of which are filed as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. Prospective investors should carefully review the terms and provisions set forth in the warrant agent agreement, including the annexes thereto, and form of Warrant. Form. The Warrants issued in this offering entitle the registered holder to purchase one share of our common stock at a price equal to \$[_] per share, subject to adjustment as discussed below, immediately following the issuance of such warrant and terminating at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, five years after the closing of this offering. As described below, we intend to apply to list the Warrants on a national securities exchange under the symbol "OSATW."

Exercisability. The Warrants are exercisable at any time after their original issuance and at any time up to the date that is five years after their original issuance. The warrants may be exercised upon surrender of the warrant certificate on or prior to the expiration date at the offices of the Warrant Agent, with the exercise form on the reverse side of the warrant certificate completed and executed as indicated, accompanied by full payment of the exercise price, by certified or official bank check payable to us, for the number of Warrants being exercised. Under the terms of the Warrant Agreement, we must use our best efforts to maintain the effectiveness of the registration statement and current prospectus relating to common stock issuable upon exercise of the Warrants until the expiration of the Warrants. If we fail to maintain the effectiveness of the registration statement and current prospectus relating to the common stock issuable upon exercise of the Warrants, the holders of the Warrants shall have the right to exercise the Warrants solely via a cashless exercise feature provided for in the Warrants, until such time as there is an effective registration statement and current prospectus.

Exercise Limitation. A holder (together with its affiliates) may not exercise any portion of the purchase warrant to the extent that the holder would own more than

4.99% (or, at the election of the holder, 9.99%) of the outstanding common stock immediately after exercise, except that upon at least 61 days' prior notice from the holder to us, the holder may increase the amount of ownership of outstanding stock after exercising the holder's purchase warrants up to 9.99% of the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the exercise, as such percentage ownership is determined in accordance with the terms of the purchase warrants.

Exercise Price. The exercise price per whole share of our common stock purchasable upon the exercise of the Warrants is \$ (or 100% of the public offering price per Unit) per share of common stock. The purchase warrants will be immediately exercisable and may be exercised at any time up to the date that is five years after their original issuance. The exercise price of the purchase warrants is subject to appropriate adjustment in the event of certain stock dividends and distributions, stock splits, stock combinations, reclassifications or similar events affecting our common stock and also upon any distributions of assets, including cash, stock or other property to our stockholders.

Cashless Exercise. If, at any time after the issuance of the purchase warrants, a holder of the purchase warrants exercises the purchase warrants and a registration statement registering the issuance of the shares of common stock underlying the purchase warrants under the Securities Act is not then effective or available (or a prospectus is not available for the resale of shares of common stock underlying the purchase warrants), then in lieu of making the cash payment otherwise contemplated to be made to us upon such exercise in payment of the aggregate exercise price, the holder shall instead receive upon such exercise (either in whole or in part) only the net number of shares of common stock determined according to a formula set forth in the purchase warrants. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, in the event we do not have or maintain an effective registration statement, there are no circumstances that would require us to make any cash payments or net cash settle the purchase warrants to the holders.

Fractional Shares. No fractional shares of common stock will be issued upon exercise of the Warrants. If, upon exercise of the Warrant, a holder would be entitled to receive a fractional interest in a share, we will, upon exercise, pay a cash adjustment in respect of such fraction in an amount equal to such fraction multiplied by the exercise price. If multiple Warrants are exercised by the holder at the same time, we shall pay a cash adjustment in respect of such final fraction in an amount equal to such fraction multiplied by the exercise price.

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Transferability. Subject to applicable laws, the Warrants may be offered for sale, sold, transferred or assigned at the option of the holder without our consent.

Exchange Listing. We intend to apply to list our Warrants on a national securities exchange under the symbol "OSATW." No assurance can be given that our listing application will be approved.

Fundamental Transactions. In the event of a fundamental transaction, as described in the Warrants and generally including any reorganization, recapitalization or reclassification of our common stock, the sale, transfer or other disposition of all or substantially all of our properties or assets, our consolidation or merger with or into another person, the acquisition of more than 50% of our outstanding common stock, or any person or group becoming the beneficial owner of 50% of the voting power represented by our outstanding common stock, the holders of the Warrants will be entitled to receive upon exercise of the purchase warrants the kind and amount of securities, cash or other property that the holders would have received had they exercised the purchase warrants immediately prior to such fundamental transaction.

Rights as a Stockholder. Except by virtue of such holder's ownership of shares of our common stock, the holder of a purchase warrant does not have the rights or privileges of a holder of our common stock, including any voting rights, until the holder exercises the purchase warrant.

Underwriter's Warrants. The registration statement of which this prospectus is a part also registers for sale the Underwriter's Warrants, as a portion of the underwriting compensation in connection with this offering. The Underwriter's Warrants will be exercisable for four and one-half year period commencing 180 days following the effective date of the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part at an exercise price of \$\[\] (110% of the assumed public offering price per Unit). Please see "Underwriting—Underwriter's Warrants" for a description of the warrants we have agreed to issue to the underwriter in this offering, subject to the completion of the offering.

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MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATION

The following is a general discussion of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of our common stock purchased in this offering. This discussion is for general information only, is not tax advice and does not purport to be a complete analysis of all the potential tax considerations. This discussion is based upon the provisions of the Code, existing and proposed Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder, current administrative rulings and judicial decisions, all in effect as of the date hereof. These authorities may be changed, possibly retroactively, so as to result in U.S. federal income tax consequences different from those set forth below. We have not sought, and will not seek, any ruling from the Internal Revenue Service, or IRS, with respect to the statements made and the conclusions reached in the following summary, and there can be no assurance that the IRS or a court will agree with such statements and conclusions.

This summary does not address the tax considerations arising under the laws of any U.S. state, local or any non-U.S. jurisdiction, or under U.S. federal non-income tax laws, or the potential application of the Medicare contribution tax on net investment income. In addition, this discussion does not address tax considerations applicable to an investor's particular circumstances or to investors that may be subject to special tax rules, including, without limitation:

- banks, insurance companies, regulated investment companies, real estate investment trusts or other financial institutions;
- persons subject to the alternative minimum tax;
- tax-exempt organizations or governmental organizations;
- U.S. shareholders of controlled foreign corporations and passive foreign investment companies;
- Corporations that accumulate earnings to avoid U.S. federal income tax and personal holding companies;
- Brokers or dealers in securities or currencies;
- traders in securities that elect to use a mark-to-market method of accounting for their securities holdings;
- partnerships or other entities or arrangements classified as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes or other pass-through entities (and investors therein);
- persons that own, or are deemed to own, more than five percent of our common stock (except to the extent specifically set forth below);
- certain former citizens or long-term residents of the United States;
- persons whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar;
- persons who hold our common stock as a position in a hedging transaction, "straddle," "conversion transaction" or engage in a wash sale or other risk reduction transaction or integrated investment;
- persons subject to special tax accounting rules as a result of any item of gross income with respect to our common stock being taken into account in an applicable financial statement within the meaning of 451(b) of the Code;
- persons who hold or receive our common stock pursuant to the exercise of any employee stock option or otherwise as compensation;
- persons who hold or receive our common stock pursuant to conversion rights under convertible instruments;
- persons who do not hold our common stock as a capital asset within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code; or
- persons deemed to sell our common stock under the constructive sale provisions of the Code.

For the purposes of this discussion, a "U.S. holder" means a beneficial owner of our common stock that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes: (a) an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States, (b) a corporation (or other entity taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes), created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia, (c) an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source, or

(d) a trust if it (1) is subject to the primary supervision of a court within the United States and one or more U.S. persons (within the meaning of Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code) have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (2) has a valid election in effect under applicable U.S. Treasury regulations to be treated as a U.S. person. A "non-U.S. holder" is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, a beneficial owner of common stock that is not a U.S. holder or an entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

If a partnership or entity classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes holds our common stock, the tax treatment of a partner generally will depend on the status of the partner and upon the activities of the partnership. Accordingly, partnerships that hold our common stock, and partners in such partnerships, should consult their tax advisors.

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You are urged to consult your tax advisor with respect to the application of the U.S. federal income tax laws to your particular situation, as well as any tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of our common stock arising under the U.S. federal estate or gift tax laws or under the laws of any state, local, non-U.S. or other taxing jurisdiction or under any applicable tax treaty. In addition, significant changes in U.S. federal income tax laws were recently enacted. You should consult with your tax advisor with respect to such changes in U.S. tax law as well as potentially conforming changes in state tax laws.

U.S. Holders

Distributions

As described in the section captioned "Dividend Policy," we have never paid cash distributions on our common stock and do not anticipate doing so in the foreseeable future. In the event that we do make distributions on our common stock to a U.S. holder, those distributions generally will constitute dividends for U.S. tax purposes to the extent paid out of our current or accumulated earnings and profits (as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles). Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits will constitute a return of capital that is applied against and reduces, but not below zero, a U.S. holder's adjusted tax basis in our common stock. Any remaining excess will be treated as gain realized on the sale or exchange of our common stock as described below under the section titled "— Disposition of Our Common Stock." Under current law, if certain requirements are met, a preferential U.S. federal income tax rate will apply to any dividends paid to a beneficial owner of our common stock who is an individual U.S. holder and meets certain holding period requirements.

Distributions constituting dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes that are made to U.S. holders that are corporate shareholders may qualify for the dividends received deduction, or DRD, which is generally available to corporate shareholders. No assurance can be given that we will have sufficient earnings and profits (as determined for U.S. federal income tax purposes) to cause any distributions to be eligible for a DRD. In addition, a DRD is available only if certain holding periods and other taxable income requirements are satisfied.

Disposition of Our Common Stock

Upon a sale or other taxable disposition of our common stock, a U.S. holder generally will recognize capital gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized and the U.S. holder's adjusted tax basis in the common stock. Capital gain or loss will constitute long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. holder's holding period for the common stock exceeds one year. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to certain limitations. U.S. holders who recognize losses with respect to a disposition of our common stock should consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax treatment of such losses.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Information reporting requirements generally will apply to payments of dividends (including constructive dividends) on the common stock and to the proceeds of a sale or other disposition of common stock paid by us to a U.S. holder unless such U.S. holder is an exempt recipient, such as a corporation. Backup withholding will apply to those payments if the U.S. holder fails to provide the holder's taxpayer identification number, or certification of exempt status, or if the holder otherwise fails to comply with applicable requirements to establish an exemption.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Rather, any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or a credit against the U.S. holder's U.S. federal income tax liability provided the required information is timely furnished to the IRS. U.S. holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding their qualification for exemption from information reporting and backup withholding and the procedure for obtaining such exemption.

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Non-U.S. Holders

Distributions

As described in the section captioned "Dividend Policy," we have never paid cash distributions on our common stock and do not anticipate doing so in the foreseeable future. However, if we do pay cash distributions on our common stock, those payments will constitute dividends for U.S. tax purposes to the extent paid from our current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles. To the extent those distributions exceed both our current and our accumulated earnings and profits, they will constitute a return of capital and will first reduce your basis in our common stock, but not below zero, and then will be treated as gain from the sale of common stock (see "Disposition of Our Common Stock" below).

Subject to the discussion below on effectively connected income, backup withholding and foreign accounts, any distribution (including constructive distributions) that is treated as a dividend paid to a non-U.S. holder generally will be subject to U.S. withholding tax either at a rate of 30% of the gross amount of the dividend or, if the non-U.S. holder is a qualified beneficiary of a country with which the United States has an income tax treaty, such lower rate as may be specified by the applicable income tax treaty. In order to receive a reduced treaty rate of withholding, a non-U.S. holder generally must provide the applicable withholding agent with an IRS Form W-8BEN, IRS Form W-8BEN-E or other appropriate version of IRS Form W-8 certifying the non-U.S. holder's entitlement to benefits under that treaty. You should consult your tax advisor concerning whether you may benefit from an applicable income tax treaty.

We generally are not required to withhold tax on dividends paid (or constructive dividends deemed paid) to a non-U.S. holder that are effectively connected with the holder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business (or, if an income tax treaty is applicable, attributable to a permanent establishment or fixed base maintained by the holder in the United States) if a properly executed IRS Form W-8ECI stating that the dividends are so connected, is furnished to us (or, if stock is held through a financial institution or other agent, to the applicable withholding agent). Such effectively connected dividends, although not subject to withholding tax, are taxed at the same graduated rates applicable to U.S. persons, net of certain deductions and credits, subject to an applicable income tax treaty providing otherwise. In addition, a corporate non-U.S. holder receiving effectively connected dividends may also be subject to a branch profits tax at a rate of 30% or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty. You should consult your tax advisor regarding any applicable tax treaties that may provide for different rules.

If a non-U.S. holder holds stock through a financial institution or other agent acting on the holder's behalf, the holder will be required to provide appropriate documentation to such agent. The holder's agent may then be required to provide certification to the applicable withholding agent, either directly or through other intermediaries. If you are eligible for a reduced rate of U.S. withholding tax under an income tax treaty, you should consult with your own tax advisor to determine if you are

able to obtain a refund or credit of any excess amounts withheld by timely filing an appropriate claim for a refund with the IRS.

Disposition of our Common Stock

In general, subject to the discussion below under "- Backup Withholding and Information Reporting," a non-U.S. holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax or withholding tax on any gain realized upon the sale or other disposition of our common stock unless:

- the gain is effectively connected with the non-U.S. holder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business (or, if an income tax treaty is applicable, the gain is attributable to a permanent establishment or fixed base maintained by the non-U.S. holder in the United States);
- the non-U.S. holder is a non-resident alien individual who is present in the United States for a period or periods aggregating 183 days or more during the calendar year in which the sale or disposition occurs and certain other conditions are met; or
- our common stock constitutes a United States real property interest by reason of our status as a "United States real property holding corporation," or USRPHC, for U.S. federal income tax purposes at any time within the shorter of the five-year period preceding the non-U.S. holder's disposition of, or their holding period for, our common stock.

We believe that we are not currently and will not become a USRPHC. However, because the determination of whether we are a USRPHC depends on the fair market value of our U.S. real property relative to the fair market value of our other business assets, there can be no assurance that we will not become a USRPHC in the future. Even if we become a USRPHC, however, as long as our common stock is regularly traded on an established securities market, your common stock will be treated as U.S. real property interests only if you actually or constructively hold more than five percent of such regularly traded common stock at any time during the shorter of the five-year period preceding your disposition of, or your holding period for, our common stock.

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A non-U.S. holder described in the first bullet above will be required to pay tax on the net gain derived from the sale under regular graduated U.S. federal income tax rates and in the manner applicable to U.S. persons, and a corporate non-U.S. holder described in the first bullet above also may be subject to the branch profits tax at a 30% rate, or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty. A non-U.S. holder described in the second bullet above will be subject to tax at 30% (or such lower rate specified by an applicable income tax treaty) on the gain derived from the sale, which gain may be offset by U.S. source capital losses for the year (provided such holder has timely filed U.S. federal income tax returns with respect to such losses). You should consult any applicable income tax or other treaties that may provide for different rules.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting

Generally, we must report annually to the IRS the amount of distributions (including constructive distributions) on our common stock paid to each non-U.S. holder, their name and address, and the amount of tax withheld, if any. A similar report will be sent to the applicable non-U.S. holder. Pursuant to applicable income tax treaties or other agreements, the IRS may make these reports available to tax authorities in the non-U.S. holder's country of residence.

Payments of dividends (including constructive dividends) or of proceeds on the disposition of our common stock made to a non-U.S. holder may be subject to information reporting and backup withholding at a current rate of 24% unless the non-U.S. holder establishes an exemption, for example, by properly certifying their non-U.S. status on an IRS Form W-8BEN, IRS Form W-8BEN-E or another appropriate version of IRS Form W-8. Notwithstanding the foregoing, backup withholding and information reporting may apply if either we or our paying agent has actual knowledge, or reason to know, that a holder is a U.S. person.

Under current U.S. federal income tax law, U.S. information reporting and backup withholding requirements generally will apply to the proceeds of a disposition of our common stock effected by or through a U.S. office of any broker, U.S. or foreign, except that such requirements may be avoided if the non-U.S. holder provides a properly executed and appropriate IRS Form W-8 or otherwise meets documentary evidence requirements for establishing non-U.S. holder status or otherwise establishes an exemption. Generally, U.S. information reporting and backup withholding requirements will not apply to a payment of disposition proceeds to a non-U.S. holder where the transaction is effected outside the U.S. through a non-U.S. office of a non-U.S. broker. Information reporting and backup withholding requirements may, however, apply to a payment of disposition proceeds if the broker has actual knowledge, or reason to know, that the holder is, in fact, a U.S. person that has not provided a properly executed form W-9 to the broker or the broker has been notified by the IRS that it should withhold (generally, because the taxpayer has provided an incorrect TIN or failed to properly report income). For information reporting purposes, certain brokers with substantial U.S. ownership or operations will generally be treated in a manner similar to U.S. brokers.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax; rather, the U.S. federal income tax liability of persons subject to backup withholding will be reduced by the amount of tax withheld. If withholding results in an overpayment of taxes, you may be able to obtain a refund or credit from the IRS, provided that the required information is furnished to the IRS in a timely manner.

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Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act

Sections 1471-1474 of the Code (colloquially known as the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act, or "FATCA") and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder generally impose withholding tax at a rate of 30% on U.S. source dividends (including constructive dividends) and other items of U.S. source fixed or determinable annual or periodic income as defined under Section 1473 of the Code and regulations promulgated thereunder if paid to a foreign financial institution ("FFI") (as specially defined under the FATCA rules), unless the FFI enters into an agreement with the U.S. government to, among other things, withhold on certain payments and to collect and provide to the U.S. tax authorities substantial information regarding the U.S. account holders of the FFI (which includes certain equity and debt holders of such institution, as well as certain account holders that are foreign entities with U.S. owners) or otherwise establishes an exemption. The U.S. government has entered into inter-governmental agreements ("IGA's") with a number of jurisdictions. Where an IGA is applicable, its terms may substantially modify the application of the FATCA reporting rules; however, all such agreements will ultimately grant the U.S. government substantial information concerning the U.S. account holders of the FFI. In addition, FATCA also imposes a U.S. federal withholding tax of 30% on U.S. source dividends (including constructive dividends) on our common stock if paid to a "non-financial foreign entity" (as specially defined under these rules) unless such entity provides the withholding agent with a certification identifying certain substantial direct and indirect U.S. owners of the entity, certifies that there are none or otherwise establishes an exemption. The withholding provisions under FATCA generally apply to dividends (including constructive dividends) on our common stock. FATCA withholding also applies to gross proceeds from the sale or other disposition of our common stock; however, proposed regulations are issued. You

The preceding discussion of U.S. federal tax considerations is for general information only. It is not tax advice. Each prospective investor should consult its tax advisor regarding the particular U.S. federal, state and local and non-U.S. tax consequences of purchasing, holding and disposing of our common, including the consequences of any proposed change in applicable laws.

UNDERWRITING

The validity of the securities being offered by this prospectus has been passed upon for us by Schiff Hardin LLP and Laxague Law Inc.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of Orbsat Corp as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, have been included herein in reliance on the report of RBSM LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We are a reporting company and file annual, quarterly and special reports, and other information with the SEC. Copies of the reports and other information may be read and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You can request copies of such documents by writing to the SEC and paying a fee for the copying cost. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains a web site at http://www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding registrants that file electronically with the SEC.

This prospectus is part of a registration statement on Form S-1 that we filed with the SEC. Certain information in the registration statement has been omitted from this prospectus in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. We have also filed exhibits and schedules with the registration statement that are excluded from this prospectus. For further information you may:

- read a copy of the registration statement, including the exhibits and schedules, without charge at the SEC's Public Reference Room; or
- obtain a copy from the SEC upon payment of the fees prescribed by the SEC.

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ORBSAT CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES FKA: ORBITAL TRACKING CORP. INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STAEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

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ORBSAT CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES FKA: ORBITAL TRACKING CORP. INDEX TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Orbsat Corp and Subsidiaries FKA: Orbital Tracking Corp

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Orbsat Corp and Subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2019, and 2018, and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss, consolidated stockholders' equity, and consolidated statement of cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the financial statements). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2019, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Company's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2 to the accompanying financial statements, the Company has suffered recurring losses from operations, generated negative cash flows from operating activities, has an accumulated deficit that raise substantial doubt exists about Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's evaluation of the events and conditions and management's plans in regarding these matters are also described in Note 2. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits, we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ RBSM LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2014.

Henderson, NV March 30, 2020

ORBSAT CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES FKA: ORBITAL TRACKING CORP. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

| | December 31, | | | |
|--|--------------|-------------------|----|------------|
| | | 2019 | | 2018 |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current Assets Cash | \$ | 75,362 | \$ | 142,888 |
| Accounts receivable, net | Φ | 244,353 | Ф | 170,526 |
| Inventory | | 366,298 | | 269,024 |
| Unbilled revenue | | 76,051 | | 87,080 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 18,596 | | 1,926 |
| Other current assets | | 96,786 | | 43,713 |
| Total Current Assets | | 877,446 | | 715,157 |
| Property and equipment, net | | 1,341,187 | | 1,519,845 |
| Right to use Intangible assets, net | | 83,679 125,000 | | 200,000 |
| intaligative dissets, net | _ | 123,000 | | 200,000 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 2,427,312 | \$ | 2,435,002 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ | 1,164,217 | \$ | 874,466 |
| Contract liabilities | | 41,207 | | 19,701 |
| Due to related party | | 51,071 | | 39,027 |
| Line of Credit | | 24,483 | | - |
| Lease liabilities - current Provision for income taxes | | 29,237 21,856 | | 10,696 |
| Liabilities of discontinued operations | | 112,397 | | 112,397 |
| Total Current Liabilities | | 1,444,468 | | 1,056,287 |
| Total Caron Emonates | | 1,777,700 | _ | 1,030,287 |
| Long Term Liabilities: | | | | |
| Convertible debt, net of discount, unamortized \$635,333 | | 169,667 | | _ |
| Note payable | | 121,848 | | - |
| Lease liabilities – long term | | 51,620 | | - |
| Total Liabilities | | 1,787,603 | | 1,056,287 |
| | | | | |
| Stockholders' Equity | | | | |
| Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 3,333,333 shares authorized Series A (\$0.0001 par value; 0 and 1,333 shares authorized, and no shares issued and outstanding as of | | | | |
| December 31, 2019, and 2018) | | - | | - |
| Series B (\$0.0001 par value; 0 and 2,000 shares authorized, 0 and 222 shares issued and outstanding, as of December 31, 2019, and 2018, respectively) | | | | |
| Series C (\$0.0001 par value; 0 and 266,667 shares authorized, 0 and 127,578 shares issued and outstanding, as | | - | | - |
| of December 31, 2019, and 2018, respectively) | | _ | | 12 |
| Stockholders' Equity - continued | | _ | | 12 |
| Stockholders Equity - continued | | | | |
| Series D (\$0.0001 par value; 0 and 333,333 shares authorized, 0 and 192,807 shares issued and outstanding, as | | | | 10 |
| of December 31, 2019, and 2018, respectively) | | - | | 19 |
| Series E (\$0.0001 par value; 0 and 583,067 shares authorized, 0 and 344,947 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2019, and 2018, respectively) | | _ | | 34 |
| Series F (\$0.0001 par value; 0 and 73,333 shares authorized, 0 and 23,333 issued and outstanding, as of | | - | | 34 |
| December 31, 2019, and 2018, respectively) | | _ | | 2 |
| Series G (\$0.0001 par value; 0 and 672,667 shares authorized, 0 and 346,840 issued and outstanding as of | | | | |
| December 31, 2019, and December 31, 2018, respectively) | | - | | 35 |
| Series H (\$0.0001 par value; 0 and 13,333 shares authorized, 0 and 916 issued and outstanding, as of December | | | | |
| 31, 2019, and December 31, 2018, respectively) | | - | | - |
| Series I (\$0.0001 par value; 0 and 7,663 shares authorized, 0 and 3,274 issued and outstanding, as of December 31, 2019, and December 31, 2018, respectively) | | | | - |
| Series J (\$0.0001 par value; 0 and 8,333 shares authorized, 0 and 4,313 issued and outstanding as of December | | - | | _ |
| 31, 2019, and December 31, 2018, respectively) | | _ | | _ |
| Series K (\$0.0001 par value; 0 and 83,333 shares authorized, 0 and 77,124 issued and outstanding, as of | | | | |
| December 31, 2019, and December 31, 2018, respectively) | | - | | 8 |
| Series L (\$0.0001 par value; 0 and 6,667 shares authorized, 0 and 2,000 issued and outstanding as of December | | | | |
| 31, 2019, and December 31, 2018, respectively) | | - | | - |
| Common stock, (\$0.0001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized, 121,216 shares issued and outstanding as of | | | | |
| December 31, 2019, and 62,435 outstanding at December 31, 2018, respectively) | | 12 | | 11 120 102 |
| Additional paid-in capital | | 11,757,027 | | 11,120,193 |
| Accumulated deficit | | (11,115,178) | | (9,735,422 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | | (2,152) | | (6,172 |
| Total Stockholders' Equity | | 639,709 | | 1,378,715 |
| | | | | |
| Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | • | 2,427,312 | • | 2,435,002 |

ORBSAT CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES FKA: ORBITAL TRACKING CORP. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------|----|-------------|
| | 2019 | | | 2018 |
| Net sales | \$ | 5,869,558 | \$ | 5,726,572 |
| Cost of sales | | 4,646,180 | | 4,691,748 |
| | | | | |
| Gross profit | | 1,223,378 | | 1,034,824 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Selling, general and administrative | | 761,237 | | 664,819 |
| Salaries, wages and payroll taxes | | 732,498 | | 741,584 |
| Stock-based compensation | | - | | 219,518 |
| Professional fees | | 565,643 | | 249,675 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 275,328 | | 288,864 |
| Total operating expenses | | 2,334,706 | | 2,164,460 |
| Loss from other expenses and income taxes | | (1,111,328) | | (1,129,636) |
| Other (income) expense: | | | | |
| Interest earned | | (1,616) | | - |
| Interest expense | | 293,495 | | 110 |
| Foreign currency exchange rate variance | | 40,802 | | 56,426 |
| Gain on debt extinguishment | | (134,677) | | - |
| Change in fair value of derivative instruments, net | | 69,677 | | - |
| Total other expense | | 267,681 | | 56,536 |
| Loss before provision for income taxes | | (1,379,009) | | (1,186,172) |
| Provision for income taxes | | 747 | | 8,534 |
| Net loss | | (1,379,756) | | (1,194,706) |
| Communication | | | | |
| Comprehensive loss: Net loss | | (1,379,756) | | (1,194,706) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | | 4,020 | | (5,773) |
| Comprehensive loss | ф. | | Ф | |
| Complenensive loss | \$ | (1,375,736) | \$ | (1,200,479) |
| NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS | | | | |
| Weighted number of common shares outstanding – basic & diluted | | 106,175 | | 62,435 |
| Basic and diluted net (loss) per share | \$ | (13.00) | \$ | (19.14) |

| | Ser | Preferred Stock - Preferred Stock - Series A Series B \$0.0001 Par Value \$0.0001 Par Value | | Series B | | Preferred Stock - Series C \$0.0001 Par Value | |
|--|--------|---|----------|----------------|----------|---|----------|
| | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount | Shares | | Amount |
| Balance January 1, 2018 | | | 22 | 2 | - 127, | 578 | 12 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Sale of Preferred stock Series J | - | - | • | - | - | - | - |
| Sale of Preferred stock Series L | - | - | | - | - | - | - |
| Stock based compensation for options granted | - | - | • | - | - | - | - |
| Imputed interest expense related to related party note payable | | | | | | | |
| issued for recapitalization | - | | • | - | - | - | - |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | - | - | | - | - | - | - |
| Net loss | - | | | - | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | | |
| Balance, December 31, 2018 | _ | s - | . 22 | 2 \$ | - 127, | 578 \$ | 12 |
| | | <u>-</u> | | - - | | <u> </u> | |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | - | - | | _ | - | - | - |
| Preferred shares converted to note payable | - | - | . (22 | 2) | - (123, | 526) | (12) |
| Preferred shares converted to common | - | | | _ | - (4, | 052) | - |
| Exercise of options to common | - | - | | - | - | - | - |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | | - | - | - | - |
| Net loss | | | | - | | | <u>-</u> |
| | | | - | | | | |
| Balance, December 31, 2019 | | <u>\$</u> | <u> </u> | - \$ | <u> </u> | \$ | - |

| | Serie | | | rred Stock - Series E 11 Par Valu | ies E | | ed Stock - ries F Par Value |
|--|-----------|--------|----------|---|----------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| | Shares | Amount | Shares | Am | nount | Shares | Amount |
| Balance, January 1, 2018 | 192,807 | 19 | 344,947 | | 34 | 23,333 | 2 |
| Sale of Preferred stock Series J | - | | | - | - | - | - |
| Sale of Preferred stock Series L | - | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stock based compensation for options granted | - | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Imputed interest expense related to related party note payable | | | | | | | |
| issued for recapitalization | - | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | - | | - | • | - | - | - |
| Net loss | - | | - | - | - | - | - |
| | - | | | | - | _ | - |
| Balance, December 31, 2018 | 192,807 | \$ 19 | 344,947 | <u>\$</u> | 34 | 23,333 | <u>\$</u> 2 |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | - | | | • | - | - | - |
| Preferred shares converted to note payable | (147,577) | (1: | 5) | - | - | (23,333) | (2) |
| Preferred shares converted to common | (45,230) | (4 | (344,947 | ") | (34) | - | - |
| Exercise of options to common | - | | - | • | - | - | - |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | - | • | - | - | - |
| Net loss | | | | | <u> </u> | | |
| Balance, December 31, 2019 | | \$ | | <u>\$</u> | | | <u>s</u> - |

| | Preferred Stock - Preferred Stock - Series G Series F \$0.0001 Par Value \$0.0001 Par | | es H | Ser | d Stock - ies I Par Value | |
|--|---|----------|------------|--------|---------------------------------|-----------|
| | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount |
| Balance January 1, 2018 | 346,840 | 35 | 916 | - | 3,274 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Sale of Preferred stock Series J | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sale of Preferred stock Series L | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stock based compensation for options granted | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Imputed interest expense related to related party note payable | | | | | | |
| issued for recapitalization | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net loss | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | |
| Balance, December 31, 2018 | 346,840 | 35 | 916 | - | 3,274 | - |
| | | | | | | |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Preferred shares converted to note payable | (346,840) | (35) | (916) | - | 3,274 | - |
| Preferred shares converted to common | - | | ` <u>-</u> | - | - | - |
| Exercise of options to common | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Comprehensive loss | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net loss | | | | - | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Balance, December 31, 2019 | | <u> </u> | | \$ - | | <u>\$</u> |

| | Series J Serie | | d Stock - ies K Par Value | | Preferred Seri \$0.0001 I | | | |
|--|----------------|-----|---------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|-----|----------|-----------------|
| | Shares | Amo | unt | Shares | Amour | nt | Shares | Amount |
| Balance January 1, 2018 | 2,980 | \$ | - | 77,124 | \$ | 8 | | \$ - |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Sale of Preferred stock Series J | 1,333 | | - | - | | - | - | - |
| Sale of Preferred stock Series L | - | | - | - | | - | 2,000 | - |
| Stock-based compensation in connection with options granted | - | | - | - | | - | - | - |
| Stock based compensation for options granted | - | | - | - | | - | - | - |
| Imputed interest expense related to related party note payable | | | | | | | | |
| issued for recapitalization | - | | - | - | | - | - | - |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | - | | - | - | | - | - | - |
| Net loss | - | | - | - | | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, December 31, 2018 | 4,313 | \$ | - | 77,124 | \$ | 8 | 2,000 | - |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | - | | - | - | | - | - | - |
| Common issued for post-split adjustments | - | | - | - | | - | - | - |
| Preferred shares converted to note payable | (4,296) | | - | (70,571) | | (7) | (2,000) | - |
| Preferred shares converted to common | (17) | | - | (6,533) | | (1) | - | - |
| Exercise of options to common | - | | - | - | | - | - | - |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | - | - | | - | - | - |
| Net loss | | | _ | | | _ | <u> </u> | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, December 31, 2019 | | \$ | _ | | \$ | | | \$ - |

| | | on Stock Par Value Amo | unt | Additional Paid in Capital | | Paid in Accumulat | |
|---|---------|------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Balance, January 1, 2018 | 62,435 | \$ | 6 | \$ | 10,400,565 | \$ | (8,540,716) |
| | | | | | | | |
| Sale of Preferred stock Series J | - | | - | | 200,000 | | - |
| Sale of Preferred stock Series L | - | | - | | 300,000 | | - |
| Stock-based compensation in connection with options granted | - | | - | | 219,518 | | - |
| Stock based compensation for options granted | - | | - | | 47,422 | | - |
| Imputed interest expense related to related party note payable issued for | | | | | | | |
| recapitalization | - | | - | | 110 | | - |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Net loss | | | - | _ | - | _ | (1,194,706) |
| Balance, December 31, 2018 | 62,435 | \$ | 6 | \$ | 11,120,193 | <u>\$</u> | (9,735,422) |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | - | | - | | 805,000 | | - |
| Common issued for post-split adjustments | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Preferred shares converted to note payable | - | | - | | (168,199) | | - |
| Preferred shares converted to common | 35,942 | | 4 | | 35 | | - |
| Exercise of options to common | 21,619 | | 2 | | (2) | | - |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Net loss | | | | | | _ | (1,379,756) |
| Balance, December 31, 2019 | 121,216 | \$ | 12 | \$ | 11,757,027 | \$ | (11,115,178) |

| | Comprehensive Income (Loss) | | | Stockholders' Equity | | |
|--|--------------------------------|----------|----|-------------------------|--|--|
| Balance January 1, 2018 | \$ | (399) | \$ | 1,859,566 | | |
| Sale of Preferred stock Series J | | - | | 200,000 | | |
| Sale of Preferred stock Series L | | - | | 300,000 | | |
| Stock based compensation for options granted | | - | | 219,518 | | |
| Imputed interest expense related to related party note payable issued for recapitalization | | - | | 110 | | |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | | (5,773) | | (5,773) | | |
| Net loss | | - | | (1,194,706) | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Balance, December 31, 2018 | \$ | (6,172) | \$ | 1,378,715 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | | - | | 805,000 | | |
| Common issued for post-split adjustments | | - | | - | | |
| Preferred shares converted to note payable | | - | | (168,270) | | |
| Preferred shares converted to common | | - | | - | | |
| Exercise of options to common | | - | | - | | |
| Comprehensive loss | | 4,020 | | 4,020 | | |
| Net loss | | <u>-</u> | | 1,379,756 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Balance, December 31, 2019 | \$ | (2,152) | \$ | 639,709 | | |

ORBSAT CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES FKA: ORBITAL TRACKING CORP. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31,

| | | ember 31, | , | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------|------------------|--|--|
| CACH ELONG EROM OBERATING ACTIVITIES | 2019 | | 2018 | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net loss | \$ (1,379,750 | 5) \$ | (1,194,706) | | |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities: | \$ (1,3/9,/30 | ") \$ | (1,194,700) | | |
| Depreciation expense | 250,328 | 2 | 263,864 | | |
| Amortization of intangible asset | 25,000 | | 25,000 | | |
| Amortization of intalgrole asset Amortization of right of use | 9,552 | | 25,000 | | |
| Impairment of other asset | 50,000 | | <u>-</u> | | |
| Amortization of convertible debt, net | 257,44 | | - | | |
| Stock based compensation | 237,44. | , | 219,518 | | |
| Change in fair value of derivative liabilities | 69,67 | 7 | 219,316 | | |
| Gain on debt extinguishment | (134,677 | | <u>-</u> | | |
| Imputed interest | (134,07) |) | 110 | | |
| Convertible debt issued for services | 113,000 | | - | | |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | 113,000 | , | - | | |
| Accounts receivable | (72.82) | 7) | 123.968 | | |
| Inventory | (73,82° (97,27° | | 63,870 | | |
| Unbilled revenue | 11,029 | | 80,528 | | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 2,435 | | |
| Prepaid expense | (16,670 | , | , | | |
| Other current assets | (53,073 | | 4,500 | | |
| Lease liabilities | (12,374 | | 10.701 | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 289,75 | | 18,781 | | |
| Provision for income taxes | 11,160 | | (1,765) | | |
| Contract liabilities | 21,500 | | (196,288) | | |
| Net cash used in operating activities | (659,203 | <u>.</u>) | (590,185) | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | |
| Purchase of property and equipment | (70,194 | 4) | (30,331) | | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (70,194 | | (30,331) | | |
| The cush about in investing activities | (, 0, 2, 2 | | (0.000) | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | |
| Proceeds from (repayments to) related party, net | 12,044 | ļ | 32,029 | | |
| Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock | | | 500,000 | | |
| | (46,422 | | 300,000 | | |
| Proceeds from (repayments to) note payable | () | , | - | | |
| Proceeds of convertible debt | 757,000 (87,778 | | - | | |
| Repayments from convertible notes payable | () | , | - | | |
| Proceeds from (repayments to) line of credit | 24,483 | | 522.020 | | |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 659,32 | <u> </u> | 532,029 | | |
| Effect of exchange rate on cash | 2,544 | ļ | (1,951) | | |
| Net increase in cash | (67,520 | 5) | (90,438) | | |
| Cash beginning of year | 142,888 | | 233,326 | | |
| Cash end of year | \$ 75,362 | | 142,888 | | |
| · | | | , and the second | | |
| SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION | | | | | |
| Cash paid during the period for | | | | | |
| Interest | \$ 20,270 | \$ | - | | |
| Income tax | \$ | - \$ | 5,099 | | |
| NON-CASH ADJUSTMENTS DURING THE YEAR | | | | | |
| Beneficial conversion feature on convertible debt | \$ 805,000 | | <u> </u> | | |
| Long term debt issued in exchange for preferred stock | \$ 168,270 | | | | |
| Obtaining right of use asset for lease liability | \$ 86,37 | | | | |
| Comming right of use asset for fease maching | Ψ 60,57 | · — | | | |

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Description of Business

Orbsat Corp (the "Company") was formerly Great West Resources, Inc., a Nevada corporation. The Company is a provider of satellite-based hardware, airtime and related services both in the United States and internationally. The Company's principal focus is on growing the Company's existing satellite-based hardware, airtime and related services business line and developing the Company's own tracking devices for use by retail customers worldwide.

The Company was originally incorporated in 1997 in Florida. On April 21, 2010, the Company merged with and into a wholly-owned subsidiary for the purpose of changing its state of incorporation to Delaware, effecting a 2:1 forward split of its common stock, and changing its name to EClips Media Technologies, Inc. On April 25, 2011, the Company changed its name to Silver Horn Mining Ltd. pursuant to a merger with a wholly-owned subsidiary.

A wholly-owned subsidiary, Orbital Satcom Corp. ("Orbital Satcom"), a Nevada corporation was formed on November 14, 2014.

On March 28, 2014, the Company merged with and into a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Great West") solely for the purpose of changing its state of incorporation to Nevada from Delaware (the "Reincorporation"), effecting a 1:150 reverse split of its common stock, and changing its name to Great West Resources, Inc. in connection with the plans to enter into the business of potash mining and exploration. During late 2014, the Company abandoned its efforts to enter the potash mining and exploration business. All references in the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto have been retroactively restated to reflect the reverse stock split of 1:150.

On the effective date of the Merger:

- (a) Each share of the Company's Common Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective date changed and converted into 1/150th fully paid and non-assessable shares of Great West Common Stock;
- (b) Each share of the Company's Series A Preferred Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective date changed and converted into 1/150th fully paid and non-assessable shares of the Great West Series A Preferred Stock;
- (c) Each share of the Company's Series D Preferred Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective date changed and converted into 1/150th fully paid and non-assessable shares of the Great West Series B Preferred Stock;
- (d) All options to purchase shares of the Company's Common Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective date changed and converted into equivalent options to purchase 1/150th of a share of Great West Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.0001 per share;
- (e) All warrants to purchase shares of the Company's Common Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective date changed and converted into equivalent warrants to purchase 1/150th of a share of Great West Common Stock at 150 times the exercise price of such converted warrants; and
- (f) Each share of Great West Common Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Date were canceled and returned to the status of authorized but unissued Great West Common Stock.

Global Telesat Communications Limited ("GTCL") was formed under the laws of England and Wales in 2008. On February 19, 2015, the Company entered into a share exchange agreement with GTCL and all of the holders of the outstanding equity of GTCL pursuant to which GTCL became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

For accounting purposes, this transaction was accounted for as a reverse acquisition and has been treated as a recapitalization of the Company with GTCL considered the accounting acquirer, and the financial statements of the accounting acquirer became the financial statements of the registrant. The completion of the Share Exchange resulted in a change of control. The Share Exchange was accounted for as a reverse acquisition and re-capitalization. The GTCL shareholders obtained approximately 39% of voting control on the date of Share Exchange. GTCL was the acquirer for financial reporting purposes and the Company was the acquired company. The consolidated financial statements after the acquisition include the balance sheets of both companying at historical cost, the historical results of GTCL and the results of the Company from the acquisition date. All share and per share information in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and footnotes has been retroactively restated to reflect the recapitalization. See Note 12 - Stockholders Equity.

On August 19, 2019, we effected a reverse split in 1-for-15 ratio as applied to our common stock and preferred stock, as well as the number of authorized shares for both classes. As of December 31, 2019, we had 121,216 shares issued and outstanding post-split. All share and per share, information in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and footnotes has been retroactively restated to reflect the most recently completed reverse split. See Note 12 - Stockholders Equity.

Discontinued Operations

The Company's former operations were developing and manufacturing products and services, which reduce fuel costs, save power and energy and protect the environment. The products and services were made available for sale into markets in the public and private sectors. In December 2009, the Company discontinued these operations and disposed of certain of its subsidiaries, and prior periods have been restated in the Company's consolidated financial statements and related footnotes to conform to this presentation.

The remaining liabilities for discontinued operations are presented in the consolidated balance sheets under the caption "Liabilities of discontinued operation" and relates to the discontinued operations of developing and manufacturing of energy saving and fuel-efficient products and services. The carrying amounts of the major classes of these liabilities as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 are summarized as follows:

| | December 31, 2019 | | | December 31, 2018 |
|--|-------------------|-----------|----|-------------------|
| Assets of discontinued operations | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Accounts payables and accrued expenses | \$ | (112,397) | \$ | (112,397) |
| Liabilities of discontinued operations | \$ | (112,397) | \$ | (112,397) |

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("US GAAP"). The consolidated financial statements of the Company include the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Orbital Satcom Corp. and Global Telesat Communications Ltd. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the statements of financial condition, and revenues and expenses for the years then ended. Actual results may differ significantly from those estimates. Significant estimates made by management include, but are not limited to, the assumptions used to calculate stock-based compensation, derivative liabilities and common stock issued for services.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents. The Company places its cash with a high credit quality financial institution. The Company's account at this institution is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") up to \$250,000. To reduce its risk associated with the failure of such financial institution, the Company evaluates at least annually the rating of the financial institution in which it holds deposits.

Accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful accounts

The Company has a policy of reserving for questionable accounts based on its best estimate of the amount of probable credit losses in its existing accounts receivable. The Company periodically reviews its accounts receivable to determine whether an allowance is necessary based on an analysis of past due accounts and other factors that may indicate that the realization of an account may be in doubt. Account balances deemed to be uncollectible are offset against sales and relieved from accounts receivable, after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote. As of December 31, 2019, and 2018, there is an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$3,187 and \$17,887, respectively.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value, using the first-in first-out cost method. The Company assesses the valuation of its inventories and reduces the carrying value of those inventories that are obsolete or in excess of the Company's forecasted usage to their estimated net realizable value. The Company estimates the net realizable value of such inventories based on analysis and assumptions including, but not limited to, historical usage, expected future demand and market requirements. A change to the carrying value of inventories is recorded to cost of goods sold.

Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses amounted to \$18,596 and \$1,926 at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Prepaid expenses include prepayments in cash for accounting fees, prepayments in equity instruments and license fees which are being amortized over the terms of their respective agreements and product costs associated with deferred revenue. The current portion consists of costs paid for future services which will occur within a year.

Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's reporting currency is U.S. Dollars. The accounts of one of the Company's subsidiaries, GTCL, is maintained using the appropriate local currency, Great British Pound, as the functional currency. All assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. Dollars at balance sheet date, shareholders' equity is translated at historical rates and revenue and expense accounts are translated at the average exchange rate for the year or the reporting period. The translation adjustments are reported as a separate component of stockholders' equity, captioned as accumulated other comprehensive (loss) gain. Transaction gains and losses arising from exchange rate fluctuations on transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency are included in the statements of operations.

The relevant translation rates are as follows: for the year ended December 31, 2019 closing rate at 1.3262 US\$: GBP, yearly average rate at 1.276933 US\$: GBP, for the year ended 2018 closing rate at 1.274700 US\$: GBP, average rate at 1.296229 US\$: GBP.

Revenue Recognition and Unearned Revenue

The Company recognizes revenue from satellite services when earned, as services are rendered or delivered to customers. Equipment sales revenue is recognized when the equipment is delivered to and accepted by the customer. Only equipment sales are subject to warranty. Historically, the Company has not incurred significant expenses for warranties. Equipment sales which have been prepaid, before the goods are shipped are recorded as contract liabilities and once shipped is recognized as revenue. The Company also records as contract liabilities, certain annual plans for airtime, which are paid in advance. Once airtime services are incurred, they are recognized as revenue. Unbilled revenue is recognized for airtime plans whereby the customer is invoiced for its data usage the following month after services are incurred.

The Company's customers generally purchase a combination of our products and services as part of a multiple element arrangement. The Company's assessment of which revenue recognition guidance is appropriate to account for each element in an arrangement can involve significant judgment. This assessment has a significant impact on the amount and timing of revenue recognition.

The Company recognizes revenue when its customer obtains control of promised goods or services, in an amount that reflects the consideration which we expect to receive in exchange for those goods or services. To determine revenue recognition for arrangements that the Company determines are within the scope of ASC 606, we perform the following five steps: (i) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (ii) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (iii) determine the transaction price; (iv) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (v) recognize revenue when (or as) we satisfy a performance obligation. The five-step model is applied to contracts when it is probable that we will collect the consideration we are entitled to in exchange for the goods or services transferred to the customer. At contract inception, once the contract is determined to be within the scope of ASC 606, we assess the goods or services promised within each contract and determine those that are performance obligations and assess whether each promised good or service is distinct. We then recognize revenue in the amount of the transaction price that is allocated to the respective performance obligation when (or as) the performance obligation is satisfied.

In accordance with ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedient, which is to (1) clarify the objective of the collectability criterion for applying paragraph 606-10-25-7; (2) permit an entity to exclude amounts collected from customers for all sales (and other similar) taxes from the transaction price; (3) specify that the measurement date for noncash consideration is contract inception; (4) provide a practical expedient that permits an entity to reflect the aggregate effect of all modifications that occur before the beginning of the earliest period presented when identifying the satisfied and unsatisfied performance obligations, determining the transaction price, and allocating the transaction price to the satisfied and unsatisfied performance obligations; (5) clarify that a completed contract for purposes of transition is a contract for which all (or substantially all) of the revenue was recognized under legacy GAAP before the date of initial application, and (6) clarify that an entity that retrospectively applies the guidance in Topic 606 to each prior reporting period is not required to disclose the effect of the accounting change for the period of adoption. The amendments of this ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. There was no impact as a result of adopting this ASU on the financial statements and related disclosures. Based on the terms and conditions of the product arrangements, the Company believes that its products and services can be accounted for separately as its products and services have value to the Company's customers on a stand-alone basis. When a transaction involves more than one product or service, revenue is allocated to each deliverable based on its relative fair value; otherwise, revenue is recognized as products are delivered or as services are provided over the term of the customer contract.

Contract liabilities is shown separately in the consolidated balance sheets as current liabilities. At December 31, 2019, we had contract liabilities of approximately \$41,207. At December 31, 2018, we had contract liabilities of approximately \$19,701.

Cost of Product Sales and Services

Cost of sales consists primarily of materials, airtime and overhead costs incurred internally and amounts incurred to contract manufacturers to produce our products, airtime and other implementation costs incurred to install our products and train customer personnel, and customer service and third-party original equipment manufacturer costs to provide continuing support to our customers. There are certain costs which are deferred and recorded as prepaids, until such revenue is recognized. Refer to revenue recognition above as to what constitutes deferred revenue.

Shipping and handling costs are included as a component of costs of product sales in the Company's consolidated statements of operations because the Company includes in revenue the related costs that the Company bills its customers.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets include customer contracts purchased and recorded based on the cost to acquire them. These assets are amortized over 10 years. Useful lives of intangible assets are periodically evaluated for reasonableness and the assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may no longer be recoverable.

Goodwill and other intangible assets

In accordance with ASC 350-30-65, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Others", the Company assesses the impairment of identifiable intangibles whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Factors the Company considers to be important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- Significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results;
- Significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for the overall business; and
- Significant negative industry or economic trends.

When the Company determines that the carrying value of intangibles may not be recoverable based upon the existence of one or more of the above indicators of impairment and the carrying value of the asset cannot be recovered from projected undiscounted cash flows, the Company records an impairment charge. The Company measures any impairment based on a projected discounted cash flow method using a discount rate determined by management to be commensurate with the risk inherent in the current business model. Significant management judgment is required in determining whether an indicator of impairment exists and in projecting cash flows. The Company recorded an impairment charge of \$50,000 and \$0, during the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is based on the estimated service lives of the depreciable assets and is calculated using the straight-line method. Expenditures that increase the value or productive capacity of assets are capitalized. Fully depreciated assets are retained in the property and equipment, and accumulated depreciation accounts until they are removed from service. When property and equipment are retired, sold or otherwise disposed of, the asset's carrying amount and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is included in operations. Repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The estimated useful lives of property and equipment are generally as follows:

| | Years |
|-------------------------------|-------|
| Office furniture and fixtures | 4 |
| Computer equipment | 4 |
| Rental equipment | 4 |
| Appliques | 10 |
| Website development | 2 |
| | |

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 were \$250,328 and \$263,864, respectively.

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be fully recoverable, or at least annually. The Company recognizes an impairment loss when the sum of expected undiscounted future cash flows is less than the carrying amount of the asset. The amount of impairment is measured as the difference between the asset's estimated fair value and its book value. The Company did not consider it necessary to record any impairment charges during the periods ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

Accounting for Derivative Instruments

Derivatives are required to be recorded on the balance sheet at fair value. These derivatives, including embedded derivatives in the Company's structured borrowings, are separately valued and accounted for on the Company's balance sheet. Fair values for exchange traded securities and derivatives are based on quoted market prices. Where market prices are not readily available, fair values are determined using market-based pricing models incorporating readily observable market data and requiring judgment and estimates.

| | ion feature ve liability |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Balance at January 1, 2019 | \$ |
| Derivative liability | 65,000 |
| Change in fair value included in earnings | 36,925 |
| Balance at March 31, 2019 | \$ 101,925 |
| Derivative Liability | (65,000) |
| Change in fair value included in earnings | (36,925) |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | \$ - |

The current portion of the convertible notes were accounted for as liabilities at the date of issuance and adjusted to fair value through earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2019. On May 14, 2019 due to the cash repayment any derivative liability recorded was reversed.

The Company did not identify any other assets or liabilities that are required to be presented on the consolidated balance sheets at fair value in accordance with the accounting guidance. The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet for cash, accounts payable, and accrued expenses approximate their estimated fair market value based on the short-term maturity of the instruments.

Stock Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation is accounted for based on the requirements of the Share-Based Payment Topic of ASC 718 which requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements of the cost of employee and director services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments over the period the employee or director is required to perform the services in exchange for the award (presumptively, the vesting period). The ASC also requires measurement of the cost of employee and director services received in exchange for an award based on the grant-date fair value of the award.

Pursuant to ASC Topic 718, for share-based payments to consultants and other third-parties, compensation expense is determined at the "measurement date." The expense is recognized over the vesting period of the award. Until the measurement date is reached, the total amount of compensation expense remains uncertain. The Company initially records compensation expense based on the fair value of the award at the reporting date. Further, ASC Topic 718, provides guidance about which changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award require an entity to apply modification accounting in Topic 718, such as the repricing of share options, which would revalue those options and the accounting for the cancellation of an equity award whether a replacement award or other valuable consideration is issued in conjunction with the cancellation. If not, the cancellation is viewed as a replacement and not a modification, with a repurchase price of \$0.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes pursuant to the provision of ASC 740-10, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("ASC 740-10") which requires, among other things, an asset and liability approach to calculating deferred income taxes. The asset and liability approach require the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying amounts and the tax bases of assets and liabilities. A valuation allowance is provided to offset any net deferred tax assets for which management believes it is more likely than not that the net deferred asset will not be realized.

The Company follows the provision of ASC 740-10 related to Accounting for Uncertain Income Tax Positions. When tax returns are filed, there may be uncertainty about the merits of positions taken or the amount of the position that would be ultimately sustained. In accordance with the guidance of ASC 740-10, the benefit of a tax position is recognized in the financial statements in the period during which, based on all available evidence, management believes it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination, including the resolution of appeals or litigation processes, if any. Tax positions taken are not offset or aggregated with other positions.

Tax positions that meet the more likely than not recognition threshold is measured at the largest amount of tax benefit that is more than 50 percent likely of being realized upon settlement with the applicable taxing authority. The portion of the benefit associated with tax positions taken that exceed the amount measured as described above should be reflected as a liability for uncertain tax benefits in the accompanying balance sheet along with any associated interest and penalties that would be payable to the taxing authorities upon examination.

The Company believes its tax positions are all more likely than not to be upheld upon examination. As such, the Company has not recorded a liability for uncertain tax benefits.

The Company has adopted ASC 740-10-25, "Definition of Settlement," which provides guidance on how an entity should determine whether a tax position is effectively settled for the purpose of recognizing previously unrecognized tax benefits and provides that a tax position can be effectively settled upon the completion and examination by a taxing authority without being legally extinguished. For tax positions considered effectively settled, an entity would recognize the full amount of tax benefit, even if the tax position is not considered more likely than not to be sustained based solely on the basis of its technical merits and the statute of limitations remains open. The federal and state income tax returns of the Company are subject to examination by the IRS and state taxing authorities, generally for three years after they are filed.

Leases

Effective January 1, 2019, the Company accounts for its leases under ASC 842, Leases. Under this guidance, arrangements meeting the definition of a lease are classified as operating or financing leases, and are recorded on the consolidated balance sheet as both a right of use asset and lease liability, calculated by discounting fixed lease payments over the lease term at the rate implicit in the lease or the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Lease liabilities are increased by interest and reduced by payments each period, and the right of use asset is amortized over the lease term. For operating leases, interest on the lease liability and the amortization of the right of use asset results in straight-line rent expense over the lease term. For finance leases, interest on the lease liability and the amortization of the right of use asset results in front-loaded expense over the lease term. Variable lease expenses are recorded when incurred.

In calculating the right of use asset and lease liability, the Company has elected to combine lease and non-lease components. The Company excludes short-term leases having initial terms of 12 months or less from the new guidance as an accounting policy election, and recognizes rent expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company continues to account for leases in the prior period financial statements under ASC Topic 840.

Research and Development

The Company accounts for research and development costs in accordance with the Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 730-10, Research and Development ("ASC 730-10"). Under ASC 730-10, all research and development costs must be charged to expense as incurred. Accordingly, internal research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Third-party research and development costs are expensed when the contracted work has been performed or as milestone results have been achieved. Company-sponsored research and development costs related to both present and future products are expensed in the period incurred. On February 19, 2015, the Company issued 444 of its common stock, par value \$0.0001, at \$112.61 per share, or \$50,000, to a consultant as compensation for the design and delivery of dual mode gsm/Globalstar Simplex tracking devices and related hardware and intellectual property. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$50,000 for the above-mentioned other asset, due to the delay in its launch to our existing product lines. For the fiscal years ending December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, there were no additional expenditures on research and development.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) is comprised of net income (loss) and all changes to the statements of stockholders' equity. For the Company, comprehensive loss for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 included net loss and unrealized losses from foreign currency translation adjustments.

Earnings per Common Share

Net income (loss) per common share is calculated in accordance with ASC Topic 260: Earnings per Share ("ASC 260"). Basic income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. The computation of diluted net loss per share does not include dilutive common stock equivalents in the weighted average shares outstanding as they would be anti-dilutive. In periods where the Company has a net loss, all dilutive securities are excluded.

The following are dilutive common stock equivalents during the year ended:

| | December 31, 2019 | December 31, 2018 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Convertible preferred stock | | 147,649 |
| Convertible notes payable (1) | 8,050,000 | - |
| Stock Options | 39,044 | 79,044 |
| Stock Warrants | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Total | 8,093,044 | 230,693 |

(1) 8,050,000 shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of \$805,000 of Convertible Notes Payable as of December 31, 2019, not accounting for 4.99% beneficial ownership limitations.

On April 30, 2019, the Company exchanged preferred shares to promissory notes and is treated as extinguishment of preferred shares. In accordance with ASC 260-10-S99, such extinguishment on preferred shares considered as redemptions of preferred shares and the difference between the fair value of the consideration and the carrying amount of the preferred shares will adjust the net income (loss) available to common stockholders in the calculation of earnings per shares. The following are the adjustment to the net income (loss) available to common stockholders during the period ended:

| | Year Ended | | | Year Ended |
|--|------------|----------------|----|-----------------|
| | Dec | ember 31, 2019 | De | cember 31, 2018 |
| Net loss | \$ | (1,379,756) | \$ | (1,194,706) |
| Preferred shares redemption adjustment | \$ | 201,924 | \$ | - |
| Net loss available to common shareholders | \$ | (1,177,832) | \$ | - |
| | | | | |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON | | | | |
| STOCKHOLDERS | | | | |
| Weighted number of common shares outstanding - basic & diluted | | 106,175 | | 62,435 |
| Loss applicable to common shareholders per share | \$ | (11.09) | \$ | (19.14) |

Related Party Transactions

A party is considered to be related to the Company if the party directly or indirectly or through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the Company. Related parties also include principal owners of the Company, its management, members of the immediate families of principal owners of the Company and its management and other parties with which the Company may deal if one party controls or can significantly influence the management or operating policies of the other to an extent that one of the transacting parties might be prevented from fully pursuing its own separate interests. A party which can significantly influence the management or operating policies of the transacting parties or if it has an ownership interest in one of the transacting parties and can significantly influence the other to an extent that one or more of the transacting parties might be prevented from fully pursuing its own separate interests is also a related party.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedient, which is to (1) clarify the objective of the collectability criterion for applying paragraph 606-10-25-7; (2) permit an entity to exclude amounts collected from customers for all sales (and other similar) taxes from the transaction price; (3) specify that the measurement date for noncash consideration is contract inception; (4) provide a practical expedient that permits an entity to reflect the aggregate effect of all modifications that occur before the beginning of the earliest period presented when identifying the satisfied and unsatisfied performance obligations, determining the transaction price, and allocating the transaction price to the satisfied and unsatisfied performance obligations; (5) clarify that a completed contract for purposes of transition is a contract for which all (or substantially all) of the revenue was recognized under legacy GAAP before the date of initial application, and (6) clarify that an entity that retrospectively applies the guidance in Topic 606 to each prior reporting period is not required to disclose the effect of the accounting change for the period of adoption. The amendments of this ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. There was no impact as a result of adopting this ASU on the financial statements and related disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, Financial Instruments — Overall: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. The guidance affects the accounting for equity investments, financial liabilities under the fair value option and the presentation and disclosure requirements of financial instruments. The guidance is effective in the first quarter of fiscal 2019. Early adoption is permitted for the accounting guidance on financial liabilities under the fair value option. There was no impact as a result of adopting this ASU on the financial statements and related disclosures.

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-09, Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting (ASU 2016-09), which provides guidance about which changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award require an entity to apply modification accounting in Topic 718, such as the repricing of share options, which would revalue those options and the accounting for the cancellation of an equity award whether a replacement award or other valuable consideration is issued in conjunction with the cancellation. If not, the cancellation is viewed as a replacement and not a modification, with a repurchase price of 0. This pronouncement is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company adopted this standard on January 1, 2018 and did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In July 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-11, Earnings Per Share, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity and Derivatives and Hedging, which changes the accounting and earnings per share for certain instruments with down round features. The amendments in this ASU are applied using a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the beginning of the fiscal year or retrospective adjustment to each period presented and is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those periods.

On December 22, 2017 the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin 118 (SAB 118), which provides guidance on accounting for the tax effects of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "TCJA"). SAB 118 provides a measurement period that should not extend beyond one year from the enactment date for companies to complete the accounting under ASC 740. In accordance with SAB 118, a company must reflect the income tax effects of those aspects of the TCJA for which the accounting under ASC 740 is complete. To the extent that a company's accounting for certain income tax effects of the TCJA is incomplete but for which they are able to determine a reasonable estimate, it must record a provisional amount in the financial statements. Provisional treatment is proper in light of anticipated additional guidance from various taxing authorities, the SEC, the FASB, and even the Joint Committee on Taxation. If a company cannot determine a provisional amount to be included in the financial statements, it should continue to apply ASC 740 on the basis of the provisions of the tax laws that were in effect immediately before the enactment of the TCJA. The Company has applied this guidance to its consolidated financial statements.

In November 2018, the FASB amended Topic 842, Leases, by issuing ASU No. 2016-02, which requires lessees to recognize leases on-balance sheet and disclose key information about leasing arrangements. Topic 842 with ASU No. 2018-01, Land Easement Practical Expedient for Transition to Topic 842; ASU No. 2018-10, Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases; and ASU No. 2018-11, Targeted Improvements. The new standard establishes a right-of-use model (ROU) that requires a lessee to recognize a ROU asset and lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with a term longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern and classification of expense recognition in the income statement. The new standard was effective for us on January 1, 2019, however the Company did not have any leases that met the criteria as established above, until July 24, 2019, when the Company entered into a three year lease for its UK office and warehouse for annual rent of £25,536 or GBP: USD using exchange rate close for liability of 1.3262 or \$33,866. An entity may choose to use either (1) its effective date or (2) the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements as its date of initial application. If an entity chooses the second option, the transition requirements for existing leases also apply to leases entered into between the date of initial application and the effective date. The entity must also recast its comparative period financial statements and provide the disclosures required by the new standard for the comparative periods. Consequently, financial information will not be updated, and the disclosures required under the new standard will not be provided for dates and periods before January 1, 2019.

At December 31, 2019, the Company had current and long-term operating lease liabilities of \$29,237 and \$51,620, respectively, and right of use assets of \$83,679.

Other accounting standards that have been issued or proposed by FASB that do not require adoption until a future date are not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements upon adoption. The Company does not discuss recent pronouncements that are not anticipated to have an impact on or are unrelated to its financial condition, results of operations, cash flows or disclosures.

NOTE 2 - GOING CONCERN CONSIDERATIONS

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. At December 31, 2019, the Company had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$11,115,178, negative working capital of approximately \$567,022 and net loss of approximately \$1,379,756 during the year ended December 31, 2019. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for one year from the issuance of the financial statements. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon obtaining additional capital and financing. Management intends to attempt to raise additional funds by way of a public or private offering. While the Company believes in the viability of its strategy to raise additional funds, there can be no assurances to that effect. Without additional capital, we will be unable to achieve our business objectives, and may be forced to curtail our operations, reduce headcount, and/or temporarily cease our operations until requisite capital is secured. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

NOTE 3 – INVENTORIES

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, inventories consisted of the following:

| | Dece | mber 31, 2019 |] | December 31, 2018 |
|-------------------------------------|------|---------------|----|-------------------|
| Finished goods | \$ | 366,298 | \$ | 269,024 |
| | | | | |
| Less reserve for obsolete inventory | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> |
| Total | \$ | 366,298 | \$ | 269,024 |

For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company did not make any change for reserve for obsolete inventory.

NOTE 4 - PREPAID EXPENSES

Prepaid expenses amounted to \$18,596 and \$1,926 at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Prepaid expenses include prepayments in cash for accounting fees, prepayments in equity instruments, which are being amortized over the terms of their respective agreements, as well as cost associated with certain contract liabilities. The current portion consists of costs paid for future services which will occur within a year.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following:

| | Dece | mber 31, 2019 | December 31, 2018 |
|-------------------------------|----------|---------------|-----------------------|
| Office furniture and fixtures | \$ | 10,066 | \$ 76,907 |
| Computer equipment | | 47,646 | 30,678 |
| Rental equipment | | 75,470 | 66,090 |
| Appliques | | 2,160,096 | 2,160,096 |
| Website development | | 36,279 | 23,061 |
| | | | |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | (988,370) | (836,987) |
| | <u>-</u> | | |
| Total | \$ | 1,341,187 | \$ 1,519,845 |

Depreciation expense was \$250,328 and \$263,864 for the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

NOTE 6 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS

On December 10, 2014, the Company entered the satellite voice and data equipment sales and service business through the purchase of certain contracts from Global Telesat Corp., ("GTC"). These contracts permit the Company to utilize the Globalstar, Inc. and Globalstar LLC (collectively, "Globalstar") mobile satellite voice and data network. The purchase price for the contracts of \$250,000 was paid by the Company under an asset purchase agreement by and among the Company, its wholly-owned subsidiary Orbital Satcom, GTC and World Surveillance Group, Inc.

Included in the purchased assets are: (i) the rights and benefits granted to GTC under each of the Globalstar Contracts, subject to certain exclusions, (ii) account and online access to the Globalstar Cody Simplex activation system, (iii) GTC's existing customers who are serviced pursuant to the Globalstar Contracts (only as to their business directly and exclusively related to the Globalstar Contracts), and (iv) all of GTC's rights and benefits directly and exclusively related to the Globalstar Contracts.

Amortization of customer contracts are included in depreciation and amortization. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company amortized \$25,000. Future amortization of intangible assets is as follows:

| 2020 | \$ 25,000 |
|---------------------|---------------|
| 2021 | 25,000 |
| 2022 | 25,000 |
| 2023 | 25,000 |
| 2024 and thereafter | 50,000 |
| Total | \$ 125,000 |

On February 19, 2015, the Company issued 444 of its common stock, par value \$0.0001, at \$112.61 per share, or \$50,000, to a consultant as compensation for the design and delivery of dual mode gsm/Globalstar Simplex tracking devices and related hardware and intellectual property. The design is in need of further enhancements, before the Company can include it in its existing product lines. Upon receipt of sufficient additional capital, the Company intends to complete the launch of its new tracking design. The Company has recorded an impairment of \$50,000, in relation to this other asset, as it has not received funding to date to launch the design.

NOTE 7 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED OTHER LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued other liabilities consisted of the following:

| | Decei | mber 31, 2019 |] | December 31, 2018 |
|--------------------------------------|-------|---------------|----|-------------------|
| Accounts payable | \$ | 901,244 | \$ | 625,157 |
| Rental deposits | | 14,381 | | 22,991 |
| Customer deposits payable | | 46,089 | | 37,099 |
| Accrued wages & payroll liabilities | | 1,965 | | 14,807 |
| Property tax payable | | 2,770 | | 31,955 |
| VAT liability & sales tax payable | | 64,051 | | 47,875 |
| Pre-merger accrued other liabilities | | 65,948 | | 65,948 |
| Accrued interest | | 35,462 | | - |
| Accrued other liabilities | | 32,307 | | 28,634 |
| Total | \$ | 1,164,217 | \$ | 874,466 |
| | | | | |

NOTE 8 – LINE OF CREDIT

On October 9, 2019, Orbital Satcom Corp., entered into a short-term loan agreement for \$29,000, with Amazon. The one-year term loan is paid monthly, has an interest rate of 9.72%, with late payment penalty interest of 11.72%. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded interest expense of \$574 and \$0, respectively. The short-term line of credit balance as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, was \$24,483 and \$0.

NOTE 9 - NOTE EXCHANGE AGREEMENT

On April 30, 2019, the Company entered into a Shares for Note Exchange Agreement (each, an "Agreement" and collectively, the "Agreements") with certain holders of the Company's preferred stock (the "Converting Stockholders"). Pursuant to the terms of the Agreements, the Company agreed to exchange the preferred shares held by the respective Converting Stockholders for promissory notes as follows:

| Series of Preferred Stock | No. of Converting Holders of Preferred Stock | Aggregate No. of Shares Held by Converting Stockholders | Am | gregate Principal ount of Notes into a Shares Converted |
|---------------------------|--|--|----|---|
| В | 1 | 222 | \$ | 11 |
| C | 1 | 123,526 | \$ | 12,353 |
| D | 3 | 147,577 | \$ | 29,516 |
| E | _ | _ | \$ | _ |
| F | 1 | 23,333 | \$ | 233 |
| G | 2 | 346,840 | \$ | 3,468 |
| Н | 3 | 916 | \$ | 916 |
| I | 3 | 3,241 | \$ | 3,241 |
| J | 5 | 4,296 | \$ | 42,961 |
| K | 7 | 70,571 | \$ | 70,571 |
| L | 3 | 1,333 | \$ | 5,000 |
| | TOTAL: | 721,855 | \$ | 168,270 |

In exchange for the above-referenced shares of preferred stock, the Company issued a promissory note (each, a "Note" and collectively, the "Notes") to each of the Converting Stockholders on April 30, 2019. Each Note bears interest at a rate of 6% per annum and is due on the second anniversary of the issuance date. Interest accrues on a simple interest, non-compounded basis and will be added to the principal amount on the maturity date. In the event that any amount due under a Note is not paid as and when due, such amounts will accrue interest at the rate of 12% per year, simple interest, non-compounding, until paid. The Company may prepay the Notes at any time.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company repaid \$46,422 of the notes, leaving a balance of \$121,848 as long-term notes payable. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded interest in relation to the note of \$4,907 and \$0, respectively.

NOTE 10 – CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE

Convertible Notes Payable – current portion

On January 14, 2019, under the terms of a Securities Purchase Agreement, we issued a Convertible Promissory Note in the amount of \$65,000 (the "Note") to Power Up Lending Group Ltd. ("Power Up"). The Note bears interest at a rate of twelve percent (12%) per year and is due one (1) year from the date of issue. Beginning 180 days from the issue date, the Note is convertible into our common stock at a price equal to 61% of the Market Price, which is defined as the lowest trading price for our common stock during the 15 trading days prior to the conversion notice. Conversions under the Note are limited such that the holder may not convert the Note to the extent that the number of shares of common stock issuable upon the conversion would result in beneficial ownership by the holder and its affiliates of more than 4.99% of our outstanding shares of common stock. In the event of any default, the Note will bear interest at a rate of 22% per year. The Note may be pre-paid at a premium for the first 150 days after issue, with the pre-payment amount ranging from 115% of the balance to 140% of the balance. After 150 days from issue, pre-payment of the Note is not allowed. On May 14, 2019, the Company repaid the convertible note payable, an aggregate of \$87,778, representing principal of \$65,000, prepayment penalty of \$20,257 and accrued interest of \$2,522. The Company has paid the debenture in cash and not converted the note to its common stock, any note amortization and derivative liabilities have been reversed. The interest and the prepayment penalty are reflected on the statement of operations as interest expense.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, outstanding balance of the current portion of convertible notes payable was \$0. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, we recorded interest expense in relation to this note payable of \$87,778 and \$0, which includes a \$20,257 pre-payment penalty.

Convertible notes payable - long term

On May 14, 2019 (the "Issue Date"), the Company entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the "NPA") by and among the Company and the lenders set forth on the lender schedule to the NPA (the "Lenders"), as amended by that certain Amendment to Note Purchase Agreement (the "Amendment," and, together with the NPA, the "Agreement") by and among the Company and the Lenders. In total, pursuant to the Agreement, the Company issued an aggregate principal amount of \$805,000 of its convertible promissory notes (the "Notes").

The Notes bear interest at a rate of 6% per annum, simple interest, and mature on the third anniversary of the Issue Date (the "Maturity Date"), to the extent that the Notes and the principal amounts and any interest accrued thereunder (the "Indebtedness") have not been converted into shares of common stock of the Company. Interest on the Notes will accrue on a simple interest, non-compounded basis and will be added to the principal amounts on the Maturity Date or such earlier date as may be due upon an Event of Default (as defined below), at which time all Indebtedness will be due and payable, unless earlier converted into Conversion Shares (as defined below). In the event that any amount due under the Notes is not paid as and when due, such amounts will accrue interest at the rate of 12% per year, simple interest, non-compounding, until paid. The Company may not pre-pay or redeem the Notes other than as required by the Agreement. The Notes are general, unsecured obligations of the Company. The proceeds of the Notes will be used to repay certain outstanding indebtedness of the Company and for general corporate purposes. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded simple interest expense of \$30,568 and \$0, respectively.

The holders of the Notes (the "Holders") have an optional right of conversion. A Holder may elect to convert its Note, and all of the Indebtedness outstanding as of such time, into the number of fully paid and non-assessable shares of Common Stock (the "Conversion Shares") as determined by dividing the Indebtedness by \$0.10, subject to certain adjustments, but excluding adjustment for a reserve stock split of no more than 1:20 contemplated by the Company at the Issue Date. The optional right of conversion is subject to a beneficial ownership limitation of 4.99% of the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the issuance of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion.

The Agreement contains customary representations and warranties and customary affirmative and negative covenants. These covenants include, among other things, certain limitations on the ability of the Company to: (i) pay dividends on its capital stock; (ii) make distributions in respect of its capital stock; (iii) acquire shares of capital stock; and, (iv) sell, lease or dispose of assets. Pursuant to the Agreement, the Holders are granted demand registration rights and pre-emptive rights as set forth in the Agreement. The Agreement includes customary events of default, including, among others: (i) non-payment of amounts due thereunder, (ii) non-compliance with covenants thereunder, (iii) bankruptcy or insolvency (each, an "Event of Default"). Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, a majority of the Holders may accelerate the maturity of the Indebtedness

In comparison to the fair market value of the common stock on May 14, 2019, and the fixed effective conversion rate of \$0.10 per common share, the lesser amount of the conversion feature or debt was \$805,000 and presented a beneficial conversion feature. Thus, the Company recorded a discount on the debt of \$805,000 with a corresponding increase to additional paid in capital. For the year ended December 31, 2019, we amortized the discount on the debt, to interest expense of \$169,668, resulting in a balance of unamortized discount notes payable of \$635,333.

NOTE 11 – DERIVATIVE LIABILITIES

The current portion of the convertible notes were accounted for as liabilities at the date of issuance and adjusted to fair value through earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2019. On May 14, 2019, due to the cash repayment any derivative liability was fair valued at repayment date and a gain was recorded for the reversal of derivative liability.

| | Conversion feature derivative liability | |
|---|---|-----------|
| Balance at January 1, 2019 | | - |
| Derivative liability | | 65,000 |
| Change in fair value included in earnings | | 36,925 |
| Balance at March 31, 2019 | \$ | 101,925 |
| Change in fair value included in earnings | | 32,752 |
| Derivative liability reversed | | (134,677) |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | \$ | _ |

The Company used the following assumptions for determining the fair value of the convertible instruments granted under the Black-Scholes option pricing model:

| | December 31, 2019 |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| Expected volatility | 328% |
| Expected term - years | 0.79 |
| Risk-free interest rate | 2.57% |
| Expected dividend yield | -% |

NOTE 12 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Capital Structure

On March 28, 2014, in connection with the Reincorporation (see Note 1), all share and per share values for all periods presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are retroactively restated for the effect of the Reincorporation.

On March 5, 2016, the Company shareholders voted in favor of an amendment to its Articles of Incorporation to increase the total number of shares of authorized capital stock to 800,000,000 shares consisting of (i) 750,000,000 shares of common stock and (ii) 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock from 220,000,000 shares consisting of (i) 200,000,000 shares of common stock and (ii) 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock.

Effective March 8, 2018, we conducted a reverse split of our common stock at a ratio of 1 for 150. All share and per share information in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and footnotes has been retroactively restated to reflect the reverse split.

On July 24, 2019, the Company filed a Certificate of Change (the "Certificate of Change") with the Nevada Secretary of State. The Certificate of Change provides for (i) a 1-for-15 reverse split (the "Reverse Split") of the Company's common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share, and the Company's preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value per share, (ii) a reduction in the number of authorized shares of common stock in direct proportion to the Reverse Split (i.e. from 750,000,000 shares to 50,000,000 shares), and (iii) a reduction in the number of authorized shares of preferred stock in direct proportion to the Reverse Split (i.e. from 50,000,000 shares to 3,333,333 shares). No fractional shares will be issued in connection with the Reverse Split. Stockholders who otherwise would be entitled to receive fractional shares of common stock or preferred stock, as the case may be, will have the number of post-Reverse Split shares to which they are entitled rounded up to the nearest whole number of shares. No stockholders will receive cash in lieu of fractional shares. The Reverse Split was approved by FINRA on August 19, 2019.

The authorized capital of the Company consists of 50,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share and 3,333,333 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, as of December 31, 2019.

Preferred Stock

As of December 31, 2019, there were 3,333,333 shares of Preferred Stock authorized.

On December 5, 2017, pursuant to the approval of our board of directors and a majority of the shareholders in each class, we amended the Certificates of Designation for our Series C, D, E, H, I, J, and K Preferred Stock. The amendments changed the conversion rights of these classes of preferred stock such that the Maximum Conversion as defined in each such Certificate of Designation was increased from 4.99% to 9.99% of our outstanding shares of common stock.

On May 10, 2018, we issued 20,000 shares of our Series J Preferred Stock at their stated value of \$10.00 per share to one investor, for total proceeds of \$200,000. Our Series J Preferred Stock is currently convertible to common stock at a price of \$1.50 per share and votes on an as-converted basis, subject to certain conversion limitations.

On May 11, 2018, we designated a new series of Preferred Stock entitled "Series L Preferred Stock." Our Series L Preferred Stock consists of 100,000 shares with a stated value of \$10.00 per share. Series L Preferred Stock is convertible to common stock at a price of \$4.00 per share and votes together with our common stock on an asconverted basis.

In addition, on May 14, 2018, we issued a total of 30,000 Units to 3 investors at a price of \$10.00 per Unit, for total proceeds of \$300,000. Each Unit consists of one (1) share of Series L Preferred Stock and warrants to purchase two (2) shares of common stock at a price of \$4.00, exercisable for three years.

On May 20, 2019, following the approval on May 14, 2019, of the board of directors the Company and a majority of the shareholders of the Series E preferred stock, the Company filed an Amended and Restated Certificate of Designations for the Company's Series E preferred stock. The amendments had the effect of changing the conversion rights such that the 9.99% blocker was eliminated

On July 12, 2019, pursuant to the approval of our board of directors and a majority of the shareholders in each class, we amended the Certificates of Designation for our Series E, I and L Preferred Stock. The amendments had the effect of authorizing the Company's Board to require the conversion of the Series E, I and L preferred stock into common stock of the Company at the then-applicable conversion ratio, without the approval of any holders of Series E, I and L preferred stock.

Also on July 12, 2019, the Company filed Certificates of Withdrawal of Certificate of Designations for the Company's Series A, B, C, D, F, G, H and J preferred stock, pursuant to which the Series A, B, C, D, F, G, H and J preferred stock was cancelled.

On July 15, 2019, the Company filed a Certificate of Withdrawal of Certificate of Designations (the "Series K Certificate") for the Company's Series K preferred stock, pursuant to which the Series K preferred stock was cancelled.

On July 18, 2019, the Company filed Certificates of Withdrawal of Designations for the Company's Series E, I and L preferred stock, pursuant to which the Series E, I and L preferred stock was cancelled.

As of December 31, 2019, there were no shares of Series A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K and L convertible preferred stock authorized, and no shares issued and outstanding.

Common Stock

As of December 31, 2019, and 2018, there were 50,000,000 shares of Common Stock authorized; 121,216 and 62,435 shares issued and outstanding, respectively.

On January 18, 2019, we issued a total of 21,621 common shares via a cashless exercise of employee stock options. David Phipps exercised 21,667 options and two employees exercised 18,333 options, both through a cashless exercise. The Company withheld newly acquired shares pursuant to the exercise of the Option. The amount of common stock issued is calculated by using [Number of Options Exercising] *minus* [Exercise Price] * [Number of Options Exercising] *divided by* [Prior Close OSAT Market Price].

On April 9, 2019, we issued an aggregate of 7,798 shares of common stock upon the conversion of 4,052 shares of Series C Preferred Stock, 43,667 shares of Series D Preferred Stock and 2,569 shares of Series K Preferred Stock.

On April 22, 2019, we issued an aggregate of 2,780 shares of common stock upon the conversion of 17 shares of Series J Preferred Stock and 3,868 shares of Series K Preferred Stock.

On May 21, 2019, we issued an aggregate of 22,846 shares of common stock upon the conversion of 342,691 shares of Series E Preferred Stock.

On May 20, 2019, we issued an aggregate of 209 shares of common stock upon the conversion of 1,563 shares of Series D Preferred Stock.

On July 15, 2019, we issued an aggregate of 1,840 shares of common stock upon the conversion of 2,256 shares of Series E Preferred Stock. 33 shares of Series I Preferred Stock and 667 shares of Series L Preferred Stock.

On August 27, 2019, we issued 1,687 shares of common stock in connection with the rounding up of fractional shares of common stock, in relation to the 1:15 reverse stock split.

Stock Options

2018 Incentive Plan

On June 14, 2018, our Board of Directors approved the 2018 Incentive Plan (the "Plan"). The 2014 Equity Incentive Plan was closed and superseded by the 2018 Incentive Plan. The purpose of the Plan is to provide a means for the Company to continue to attract, motivate and retain management, key employees, consultants and other independent contractors, and to provide these individuals with greater incentive for their service to the Company by linking their interests in the Company's success with those of the Company and its shareholders. An Award may also be granted to any consultant, agent, advisor or independent contractor for bona fide services rendered to the Company or any Related Company that; are not in connection with the offer and sale of the Company's securities in a capital raising transaction, and do not directly or indirectly promote or maintain a market for the Company's securities. The Plan shall be administered by the Board or its Compensation Committee and may grant Options designated as Incentive Stock Options or Nonqualified Stock Options. The Plan provides that up to a maximum of 66,667 shares of the Company's common stock (subject to adjustment) are available for issuance under the Plan. Subject to earlier termination in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the instrument evidencing the Option, the maximum term of an Incentive Stock Option shall not exceed ten years, and in the case of an Incentive Stock Option granted to a Ten Percent Stockholder, shall not exceed five years. Any portion of an Option that is not vested and exercisable on the date of a Participant's Termination of Service shall expire on such date. In the event of a Change in Control; all outstanding Awards, other than Performance Shares and Performance Units, shall become fully and immediately exercisable, and all applicable deferral and restriction limitations or forfeiture provisions shall lapse, immediately prior to the Change in Control and restriction limitations or forfeiture provisions shall lapse, only if and to

The exercise price of an Incentive Stock Option shall be at least 100% of the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock on the Grant Date, and in the case of an Incentive Stock Option granted to a Participant who owns more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of the stock of the Company or of its parent or subsidiary corporations (a "Ten Percent Stockholder"), shall not be less than 110% of the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock on the Grant Date. As of December 31, 2018, Mr. David Phipps, is a Ten Percent Stockholder. The determination of more than 10% ownership shall be made in accordance with Section 422 of the Code. To the extent the aggregate Fair Market Value (determined as of the Grant Date) of Common Stock with respect to which a Participant's Incentive Stock Options become exercisable for the first time during any calendar year (under the Plan and all other stock option plans of the Company and its parent and subsidiary corporations) exceeds \$100,000, such portion in excess of \$100,000 shall be treated as a Nonqualified Stock Option.

On June 14, 2018, we issued 18,333 new stock options to our executives and directors under the 2018 Incentive Plan. All options issued have an exercise price of \$22.50 per share, with the exception of David Phipps, a Ten Percent Stockholder, whose exercise price is \$24.00, vest in equal quarterly installments starting July 1, 2018 over the next two years and expire on July 1, 2021. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the amount of vested options was 4,583. On July 1, 2018, 2,292 options were fully vested and valued on the vesting date at approximately \$20.70 per option or a total of \$47,422 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: strike price of 22.50 stock price of \$20.70 per share (based on the market price at close on July 1, 2018) volatility of 718%, expected term of 3 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 2.69%. On October 1, 2018, an additional 2,292 options were fully vested and valued on the vesting date at approximately \$20.70 per option or a total of \$47,422 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$20.70 per share (based on the market price close at grant date on June 14, 2018) volatility of 607%, expected term of 3 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 2.64%. In reference to this grant, the company recorded stock-based compensation of \$81,698 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

On December 18, 2018, the Company cancelled the unvested portion of options previously granted on June 14, 2018, under the 2018 Incentive Plan totaling 13,750. The grants cancelled will be returned to the Plan.

The number of options cancelled to our officers and directors were as follows:

| David Phipps, President, CEO, and Director | (5,000) |
|--|---------|
| Theresa Carlise, CFO | (2,500) |
| Hector Delgado, Director | (1,250) |

In addition, we cancelled options to purchase a total of (5,000) shares to two key employees.

On December 18, 2018, we issued 55,417 new stock options to our executives and directors under the 2018 Incentive Plan. All options issued have an exercise price of \$2.25 per share, with the exception of David Phipps, a Ten Percent Stockholder, whose exercise price is \$2.55, are fully vested and expire on December 17, 2023. The options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$2.25 per option or a total of \$124,674 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: strike price of \$2.25 stock price of \$2.25 per share (based on the market price at close on December 17, 2018) volatility of 773%, expected term of 5 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 2.69%.

On January 18, 2019, David Phipps exercised 21,667 options via a cashless exercise. Additionally, on January 18, 2019, two employees exercised 18,333 options through a cashless exercise. The Company withheld newly acquired shares pursuant to the exercise of the Option. The amount of common stock issued is calculated by using [Number of Options Exercising] *minus* [Exercise Price] * [Number of Options Exercising] *divided by* [Prior Close OSAT Market Price]. As a result of the exercise 21,619 shares of common stock were issued.

| | Options Exercised | Exercise Price | Market Price | Shares withheld as Payment | Common Stock Issued |
|--------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| David Phipps | 21,667 | \$ 2.55 | \$ 5.25 | 10,524 | 11,143 |
| Other | 18,333 | \$ 2.25 | \$ 5.25 | 7,857 | 10,476 |
| | 40,000 | | | 18,381 | 21,619 |

Options Issued Outside of Plan

On February 19, 2015, the Company issued to Mr. Rector, the former Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and director of the Company, a seven-year option to purchase 956 shares of common stock as compensation for services provided to the Company. The options have an exercise price of \$112.50 per share, were fully vested on the date of grant and shall expire in February 2022. The 956 options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$112.50 per option or a total of \$107,500 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$112.50 per share (based on the sale of common stock in a private placement), volatility of 380%, expected term of 7 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.58%. In connection with the stock option grant, the Company recorded stock-based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2015 of \$107,500, respectively.

On December 28, 2015, the Company issued Ms. Carlise, Chief Financial Officer, a ten-year option to purchase 222 shares of common stock as compensation for services provided to the Company. The options have an exercise price of \$112.50 per share, were fully vested on the date of grant and shall expire in December 2025. The 222 options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$2,925.29 per option or a total of \$650,000 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of 2,925.29 per share (based on the closing price of the Company's common stock of the date of issuance), volatility of 992%, expected term of 10 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.05%. In connection with the stock option grant, the Company recorded stock-based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2015 of \$650,000, respectively.

Also, on December 28, 2015, the Company issued Mr. Delgado, its Director, a ten-year option to purchase 89 shares of common stock as compensation for services provided to the Company. The options have an exercise price of \$112.50 per share, were fully vested on the date of grant and shall expire in December 2025. The 89 options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$2,925.73 per option or a total of \$260,000 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$2,925.73 per share (based on the closing price of the Company's common stock of the date of issuance), volatility of 992%, expected term of 10 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.05%. In connection with the stock option grant, the Company recorded stock-based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2015 of \$260,000, respectively.

On December 16, 2016, the Company issued options to Mr. Phipps, to purchase up to 4,444 shares of common stock. The options were issued outside of the Company's 2014 Equity Incentive Plan and are not governed by the 2014 Plan. The options have an exercise price of \$22.50 per share, vest immediately, and have a term of ten years. The 4,444 options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$42.75 per option or a total of \$190,000 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$42.75 per share (based on the closing price of the Company's common stock of the date of issuance), volatility of 872%, expected term of 10 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.0500%. In connection with the stock option grant, the Company recorded stock-based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2016 of \$190,000, respectively.

On May 26, 2017, the Company issued 2,222 options to Mr. Phipps, 1,667 options to Theresa Carlise, 556 options to Hector Delgado, its Director and 8,889 options to certain employees of the Company. The employees are the adult children of our Chief Executive Officer. The options were issued outside of the Company's 2014 Equity Incentive Plan and are not governed by the 2014 Plan. The options have an exercise price of \$22.50 per share, vest immediately, and have a term of ten years. The 13,333 options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$45.00 per option or a total of \$600,000 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$45.00 per share (based on the closing price of the Company's common stock of the date of issuance), volatility of 736%, expected term of 10 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.30%. In connection with the stock option grant, for the years ended December 31, 2017, the Company recorded stock-based compensation of \$600,000.

For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded total stock-based compensation of \$0 and \$219,518, respectively.

Stock options outstanding at December 31, 2019, as disclosed in the below table have approximately \$115,180 of intrinsic value at the end of the period.

A summary of the status of the Company's outstanding stock options and changes during the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, is as follows:

| | Number of Options | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years) |
|--|----------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Balance at January 1, 2018 | 19,044 | \$ 29.25 | 9.01 |
| Granted | 73,750 | \$ 7.50 | 4.35 |
| Exercised | - | \$ - | - |
| Forfeited | - | \$ - | _ |
| Cancelled | (13,750) | \$ 23.10 | 2.50 |
| Balance outstanding at December 31, 2018 | 79,044 | \$ 9.90 | 5.56 |
| Options exercisable at December 31, 2018 | 79,044 | | |
| Weighted average fair value of options granted during the period | | \$ 7.50 | |
| | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2019 | 79,044 | \$ 9.90 | 5.56 |
| Granted | - | \$ - | - |
| Exercised | (40,000) | \$ 2.41 | 4.72 |
| Forfeited | - | \$ - | - |
| Cancelled | - | \$ - | - |
| Balance outstanding at December 31, 2019 | 39,044 | \$ 17.49 | 5.16 |
| Options exercisable at December 31, 2019 | 39,044 | \$ 17.49 | 5.16 |
| Weighted average fair value of options granted during the period | | \$ - | - |

A summary of the status of the Company's outstanding stock warrants and changes during the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, is as follows:

| | Number of Warrants | | ighted e Exercise Price | Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years) | |
|--|-----------------------|----|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Balance at January 1, 2018 | _ | \$ | - | - | |
| Granted | 4,000 | | 60.00 | 2.37 | |
| Exercised | - | | - | - | |
| Forfeited | | | | | |
| Cancelled | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | |
| Balance at December 31, 2018 | 4,000 | \$ | 60.00 | 2.37 | |
| Balance at January 1, 2019 | 4,000 | \$ | 60.00 | 2.37 | |
| Granted | - | | - | - | |
| Exercised | - | | - | - | |
| Forfeited | - | | - | - | |
| Cancelled | <u>-</u> | | <u> </u> | <u>-</u> | |
| Balance outstanding at December 31, 2019 | 4,000 | \$ | 60.00 | 1.37 | |

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, there were 4,000 stock warrants outstanding.

NOTE 13 – INCOME TAXES

The Company accounts for income taxes under ASC Topic 740: Income Taxes which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for both the expected impact of differences between the financial statements and the tax basis of assets and liabilities, and for the expected future tax benefit to be derived from tax losses and tax credit carry forwards. ASC Topic 740 additionally requires the establishment of a valuation allowance to reflect the likelihood of realization of deferred tax assets. The Company has a net operating loss carry forward for tax purposes totaling approximately \$3.7 million at December 31, 2019, expiring through the year 2036, generally.

The tax reform bill that Congress voted to approve Dec. 20, 2017, also known as the "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act", made sweeping modifications to the Internal Revenue Code, including a much lower corporate tax rate, changes to credits and deductions, and a move to a territorial system for corporations that have overseas earnings. The act replaced the prior-law graduated corporate tax rate, which taxed income over \$10 million at 35%, with a flat rate of 21%. The Company has not reviewed the all of the changes the "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act" that will apply to the Company but is reviewing such changes. Due to the continuing loss position of the Company, such changes should not be material.

For U.S. purposes, the Company has not completed its evaluation of NOL utilization limitations under Internal Revenue Code, as amended (the "Code") Section 382, change of ownership rules. If the Company has had a change in ownership, the NOL's would be limited as to the amount that could be utilized each year, or possibly eliminated, based on the Code. The Company has also, not completed its review of NOL's pertaining to years the Company was known as "Silver Horn Mining Ltd." and "Great West Resources, Inc.", which may not be available due to IRC Section 382 and because of a change in business line that may eliminate NOL's associated with ""Silver Horn Mining Ltd." and "Great West Resources, Inc." The company has also not reviewed the impact relating to "Recent Events" for its IRC Section 382 possible NOL's limitation

The table below summarizes the differences between the Company's effective tax rate of 25% and the statutory federal rate as follows for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

| | Decem | ber 31, 2019 | December 31, 2018 | |
|---|-------|--------------|-------------------|--|
| Tax expense (benefit) computed at "expected" statutory rate | \$ | (301,668) \$ | (222,448) | |
| State income taxes, net of benefit | | (62,488) | (46,078) | |
| Permanent differences: | | | | |
| Stock based compensation and consulting | | 56,901 | (52,316) | |
| Loss (gain) from change in fair value of derivative liability | | | - | |
| Other | | 45,466 | (3,648) | |
| Valuation allowance | | | 219,858 | |
| Net income tax expense/(benefit) | \$ | (261,789) \$ | _ | |

The Company's wholly owned subsidiary, GTCL, is a United Kingdom ("UK") Limited Company and files tax returns in the UK. Its estimated tax liability for December 31, 2019 and 2018 is approximately \$747 and \$23,459, respectively.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are provided for significant income and expense items recognized in different years for tax and financial reporting purposes. Temporary differences, which give rise to a net deferred tax asset is as follows:

| | Decem | ber 31, 2019 | December 31, 2018 | |
|---|-------|--------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Deferred tax assets: | | | | |
| Net operating loss carryforward | \$ | 962,909 | \$ | 947,937 |
| | | | | |
| Total deferred tax assets | \$ | 962,909 | \$ | 947,937 |
| | | | | |
| Deferred tax liabilities: | | | | |
| Book basis of property and equipment in excess of tax basis | \$ | | \$ | - |
| Total deferred tax liabilities | \$ | | \$ | - |
| | | | | |
| Net deferred tax asset before valuation allowance | \$ | 962,909 | \$ | 947,937 |
| Less: valuation allowance | | (962,909) | | (947,937) |
| Net deferred tax asset | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| | | | | |

The net operating loss carryforward increased from \$947,937 at December 31, 2018 to \$2,766,508 at December 31, 2019. After consideration of all the evidence, both positive and negative, management has recorded a full valuation allowance at December 31, 2019 and 2018, due to the uncertainty of realizing the deferred income tax assets.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Employment Agreements

On June 14, 2018, the Company entered into a two (2) year Employment Agreement (the "Phipps Agreement") with Mr. Phipps, with an automatic one (1) year extension. Under the Phipps Agreement, Mr. Phipps will serve as the Company's Chief Executive Officer and President and will receive an annual base salary equal to the sum of \$170,000 and £48,000 to be paid through our operating subsidiary, GTCL. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the £48,000 equivalent to USD is \$62,219 and the yearly conversion rate is 1.296229. The Phipps Agreement provides for a performance bonus based on exceeding our annual revenue goals and on our ability to attract new investment. The Phipps Agreement also provides for medical plan coverage, an auto allowance, paid vacation, and discretionary stock grants and option awards. In the event of termination without cause, termination as a result of a change in control, or resignation with good reason (as defined in the Phipps Agreement), Mr. Phipps will be entitled to a severance equal to twice his base salary, the immediate vesting of all unvested options, and other benefits. The Phipps Agreement terminates and supersedes the Original Phipps Agreement (as defined below) and any subsequent amendments, effective as of the June 14, 2018.

Previously the Company had a two-year Executive Employment Agreement with Mr. Phipps, effective January 1, 2016 (the "Original Phipps Agreement"). Under the Original Phipps Agreement, Mr. Phipps agreed to serve as the Company's Chief Executive Officer and President and received an annual base salary equal to the sum of \$144,000 and £48,000, or \$61,293 at the yearly conversion rate of 1.276933. Mr. Phipps was also eligible for bonus compensation in an amount equal to up to fifty (50%) percent of his then-current base salary if the Company meets or exceeds criteria adopted by the Compensation Committee, if any, or Board and equity awards as may be approved in the discretion of the Compensation Committee or Board. On January 1, 2018, the Original Phipps Agreement automatically renewed for another year.

Also, on June 14, 2018, we entered into a new Employment Agreement ("Carlise Agreement") with our Chief Financial Officer, Theresa Carlise. The Carlise Agreement is for a period of two (2) years, with an automatic one (1) year extension. Ms. Carlise's base salary is \$150,000 per year. The Carlise Agreement provides for performance bonuses based on exceeding our annual revenue goals and on our ability to attract new investment. The Carlise Agreement also provides for medical plan coverage, an auto allowance, paid vacation, and discretionary stock grants and option awards. In the event of termination without cause, termination as a result of a change in control, or resignation with good reason (as defined in the Carlise Agreement), Ms. Carlise will be entitled to a severance equal to twice her base salary, the immediate vesting of all unvested options, and other benefits. The Carlise Agreement terminates and supersedes the Original Carlise Agreement (as defined below) and any subsequent amendments, effective as of the June 14, 2018.

Prior to June 14, 2018, the Company had a one-year agreement with Ms. Carlise, as its Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary (the "Original Carlise Agreement"). The Original Carlise Agreement provided for an annual compensation of \$140,000 as well as medical benefits. The Original Carlise Agreement was effective December 1, 2016 and had an automatic renewal clause pursuant to which the Original Carlise Agreement renews itself for another year, if not cancelled by the Company previously. The Original Carlise Agreement had been automatically extended for an additional term of one year on December 1, 2017. In addition to the base salary of \$140,000 annually, Ms. Carlise was eligible to receive an annual cash bonus if the Company meets or exceeds criteria adopted by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors and shall be eligible for grants of awards under stock option or other equity incentive plans of the Company.

On March 13, 2020, the Company and David Phipps and Theresa Carlise, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, respectively, executed waivers of the provisions in their respective employment agreement requiring prior written notice of non-renewal to the other party. As a result, their respective employment terms with the Company will not be automatically extended as set forth in such employment agreements and will terminate as of June 14, 2020.

Consulting Agreements

On May 13, 2019, the Company entered into two consulting agreements (each, a "Consulting Agreement" and together, the "Consulting Agreements") with unrelated third parties to provide capital raising advisory services and business growth and development services, each for a term of nine months. In exchange for such services, each consultant will receive (i) a Note in the amount of \$44,000 issued pursuant to the Agreement, (ii) a Note in the amount of \$12,500 with a maturity of three years bearing interest at a rate of 6% per annum with an optional right of conversion, (iii) payment of a retainer ranging from \$10,000 to \$30,000, and (iv) monthly payments ranging from \$5,000 to \$10,000 for nine months. On August 29, 2019, one of the consulting agreements was extended for another three months to expire on February 13, 2020 and the other was extended on September 1, 2019 for another two months to expire on January 13, 2020.

Lease Agreement

Effective July 24, 2019, a three-year lease was signed for 2,660 square feet for £25,536 annually, for our facilities in Poole, England for £2,128 per month, or \$2,717 per month at the yearly average conversion rate of 1.276933, or \$2,822 using exchange rate close at December 31, 2019 of 1.3262. The lease has been renewed until July 23, 2022.

Such leases do not require any contingent rental payments, impose any financial restrictions, or contain any residual value guarantees. Variable expenses generally represent the Company's share of the landlord's operating expenses. The Company does not have any leases classified as financing leases.

The rate implicit in each lease is not readily determinable, and we therefore use our incremental borrowing rate to determine the present value of the lease payments. The weighted average incremental borrowing rate used to determine the initial value of right of use (ROU) assets and lease liabilities during the year ended December 31, 2019 was 6.00%, derived from borrowing rate, as obtained from the Company's current lenders. Right of use assets for operating leases are periodically reduced by impairment losses. We use the long-lived assets impairment guidance in ASC Subtopic 360-10, Property, Plant, and Equipment – Overall, to determine whether an ROU asset is impaired, and if so, the amount of the impairment loss to recognize. As of December 31, 2019, we have not recognized any impairment losses for our ROU assets.

We monitor for events or changes in circumstances that require a reassessment of one of our leases. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of a lease liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the corresponding ROU asset unless doing so would reduce the carrying amount of the ROU asset to an amount less than zero. In that case, the amount of the adjustment that would result in a negative ROU asset balance is recorded in profit or loss.

At December 31, 2019, the Company had current and long-term operating lease liabilities of \$29,237 and \$51,620, respectively, and right of use assets of \$83,679.

Future minimum lease payments under these leases are as follows, in thousands, (unaudited):

| | Minim Lease | |
|---|----------------|-----|
| Years Ending December 31, | Payme | ent |
| Remainder of 2019 | \$ | 8 |
| 2020 | | 31 |
| 2021 | | 31 |
| 2022 | | 18 |
| Total undiscounted future non-cancelable minimum lease payments | | 88 |
| Less: Imputed interest | | - |
| Present value of lease liabilities | \$ | 88 |
| Weighted average remaining term | | 2.8 |

In the Company's financial statements for periods prior to January 1, 2019, the Company accounts for leases under ASC 840, and provides for rent expense on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Net rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 were \$31,563 and \$27,851, respectively.

Litigation

From time to time, the Company may become involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of our operations in the normal course of business. The Company is not currently involved in any pending legal proceeding or litigation and, to the best of our knowledge, no governmental authority is contemplating any proceeding to which the Company is a party or to which any of the Company's properties is subject, which would reasonably be likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and operating results.

NOTE 15 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company entered into a note for \$122,536 from the Company's Chief Executive Officer as part of the Share Exchange Agreement on February 15, 2015. On May 11, 2018, the balance of \$5,768, was paid in full. As of December 31, 2019, the accounts payable due to related party includes; advances for inventory and services due to David Phipps of \$43,403, accrued director fees of \$5,000 due to Hector Delgado, Director and service and fees due to Theresa Carlise of \$2,668. Total related party payments due as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 are \$51,071 and \$39,027, respectively. Those related party payable are non-interest bearing and due on demand.

The Company's UK subsidiary, GTCL has an overadvance line of credit with HSBC, for working capital needs. The overadvance limit is £25,000 or \$33,155 at an exchange rate of 1.3262, with interest at 5.50% over Bank of England's base rate or current rate of 6.25% variable. The advance is guaranteed by David Phipps, the Company's Chief Executive Officer. The Company has two American Express accounts, for Orbital Satcom Corp. and GTCL, of which are in the name of David Phipps, who personally guarantees the balance owed.

The Company employs two individuals who are related to Mr. Phipps, of which earned gross wages totaling \$66,925 and \$72,312 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

NOTE 16 - CONCENTRATIONS

Customers:

Amazon accounted for 56.9% and 37.3% of the Company's revenues during the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. No other customer accounted for 10% or more of the Company's revenues for either period.

Suppliers:

The following table sets forth information as to each supplier that accounted for 10% or more of the Company's purchases for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

| | December 31, 2019 | | | December 31, 2018 | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-------|----|-------------------|-------|--|
| Network Innovations | \$ 1,431,075 | 30.1% | \$ | 2,002,733 | 42.8% | |
| Garmin | \$ 647,360 | 13.6% | \$ | 589,529 | 12.2% | |
| Globalstar Europe | \$ 568,006 | 12.0% | \$ | 610,933 | 12.7% | |
| Cygnus Telecom | \$ 525,231 | 11.1% | \$ | 457,871 | 9.5% | |

Geographic:

The following table sets forth revenue as to each geographic location, for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

| | Year F | Year Ended December 31, 2019 | | | Year Ended December 31, 2018 | | |
|----------------|--------|------------------------------|-------|----|------------------------------|-------|--|
| Europe | \$ | 4,152,218 | 70.7% | \$ | 3,841,332 | 67.1% | |
| North America | | 1,162,869 | 19.8% | | 1,282,494 | 22.4% | |
| South America | | 42,212 | 0.7% | | 227,280 | 4.0% | |
| Asia & Pacific | | 414,725 | 7.1% | | 317,699 | 5.5% | |
| Africa | | 46,783 | 0.8% | | 58,096 | 1.0% | |
| | \$ | 5,869,558 | | \$ | 5,726,901 | | |

NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 31, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 36,294 shares of common stock upon the conversion of convertible debt, as issued on May 13, 2019, in the amount of \$3,629.

On February 10, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 25,421 shares of common stock upon the conversion of convertible debt, as issued on May 13, 2019, in the amount of \$2,542.

On February 11, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 23,580 shares of common stock upon the conversion of convertible debt, as issued on May 13, 2019, in the amount of \$2,358.

On February 18, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 13,192 shares of common stock upon the conversion of convertible debt, as issued on May 13, 2019, in the amount of \$1,319.

On February 19, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 4,468 shares of common stock upon the conversion of convertible debt, as issued on May 13, 2019, in the amount of \$447.

On March 9, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 10,305 shares of common stock upon the conversion of convertible debt, as issued on May 13, 2019, in the amount of \$1,031

On March 13, 2020, Orbsat Corp and David Phipps and Theresa Carlise, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, respectively, executed waivers of the provisions in their respective employment agreement requiring prior written notice of non-renewal to the other party. As a result, their respective employment terms with the Company will not be automatically extended as set forth in such employment agreements and will terminate as of June 14, 2020.

Part I Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

The Company's unaudited financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and for comparable periods in the prior year are included below. The financial statements should be read in conjunction with the notes to financial statements that follow.

ORBSAT CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES FKA: ORBITAL TRACKING CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF

| | Septe | ember 30, 2020 | Dece | ember 31, 2019 |
|--|-------|----------------|------|----------------|
| | | unaudited) | | , , , , , |
| ASSETS | , | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | |
| Cash | \$ | 817,013 | \$ | 75,362 |
| Accounts receivable, net | | 162,614 | | 244,353 |
| Inventory | | 501,946 | | 366,298 |
| Unbilled revenue | | 75,174 | | 76,051 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 1,784 | | 18,596 |
| Other current assets | | 38,986 | | 96,786 |
| Total current assets | | 1,597,517 | | 877,446 |
| Property and equipment, net | | 1,170,621 | | 1,341,187 |
| Right of use | | 59,906 | | 83,679 |
| Intangible assets, net | | 106,250 | | 125,000 |
| | | | | |
| Total assets | \$ | 2,934,294 | \$ | 2,427,312 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | 4 400 450 | | 4 4 5 4 5 4 5 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ | 1,102,472 | \$ | 1,164,217 |
| Contract liabilities | | 40,427 | | 41,207 |
| Note payable – current portion | | 134,868 | | |
| Related party payable | | 32,182 | | 51,071 |
| Line of credit | | 4,798 | | 24,483 |
| Lease liabilities - current | | 28,489 | | 29,237 |
| Provision for income taxes | | 21,297 | | 21,856 |
| Stock subscription payable | | 25,000 | | - |
| Liabilities from discontinued operations | | 112,397 | | 112,397 |
| Total current liabilities | | 1,501,930 | | 1,444,468 |
| Long term liabilities: | | | | |
| Convertible debt, net of discount, unamortized, \$1,051,382 and \$635,333, respectively | | 101,029 | | 169,667 |
| Note payable | | 330,887 | | 121,848 |
| Lease liabilities – long term | | 28,667 | | 51,620 |
| Total Liabilities | | 1,962,513 | | 1,787,603 |
| Stockholders' Equity: | | | | |
| Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 par value; 3,333,333 shares authorized | | | | |
| Common stock, (\$0.0001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized, 3,564,299 shares issued and | | | | |
| outstanding as of September 30, 2020 and 121,216 outstanding at December 31, 2019, respectively) | | 356 | | 12 |
| Additional paid-in capital | | 13,467,340 | | 11,757,027 |
| Accumulated (deficit) | | (12,473,923) | | (11,115,178) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss | | (21,992) | | (2,152) |
| Total stockholders' equity | | 971,781 | | 639,709 |
| • • | | , | | |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ | 2,934,294 | \$ | 2,427,312 |

ORBSAT CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES FKA: ORBITAL TRACKING CORP. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHNSIVE LOSS

| | Months Ended ember 30, 2020 | Three Months Ended September 30, 2019 | | Months Ended mber 30, 2020 | Months Ended mber 30, 2019 |
|--|--------------------------------|--|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Net sales | \$ 1,475,393 | \$ | 1,746,525 | \$ 4,163,750 | \$ 4,453,906 |
| Cost of sales | 1,076,929 | | 1,366,008 | 3,159,593 | 3,553,351 |
| Gross profit | 398,464 | | 380,517 | 1,004,157 | 900,555 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | |
| Selling and general administrative | 182,813 | | 210,600 | 486,984 | 522,352 |
| Salaries, wages and payroll taxes | 196,629 | | 176,762 | 542,675 | 536,504 |
| Stock based compensation | 130,400 | | ´ - | 130,400 | _ |
| Professional fees | 289,296 | | 126,565 | 480,961 | 447,908 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 73,697 | | 69,109 | 217,992 | 203,234 |
| Total operating expenses | 872,835 | | 583,036 | 1,859,012 | 1,709.998 |
| Loss before other expenses and income taxes | (474,371) | | (202,519) | (854,855) | (809,443) |
| Other (income) expense | | | | | |
| Change in fair value of derivative instruments, net | - | | - | - | 69,677 |
| Other income | (268) | | - | (31,793) | - |
| Gain on debt extinguishment | ` <u>-</u> | | - | (269,261) | (134,677) |
| Interest earned | (67) | | (812) | (80) | (1,576) |
| Interest expense | 641,460 | | 81,121 | 797,807 | 211,344 |
| Foreign currency exchange rate variance | (15,045) | | 18,131 | 7,217 | 41,238 |
| Total other (income) expense | 626,080 | | 98,440 | 503,890 | 186,006 |
| Net loss before income (loss) tax expense | \$ (1,100,451) | \$ | (300,959) | \$ (1,358,745) | \$ (995,449) |
| Provision for income taxes | - | | (12) | - | 745 |
| Net income (loss) | (1,100,451) | | (300,947) | (1,358,745) | (996,194) |
| Comprehensive Income: | | | | | |
| Net income (loss) | (1,100,451) | | (300,947) | (1,358,745) | (996,194) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | 5,602 | | (494) | (19,840) | (893) |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | \$ (1,094,849) | \$ | (301,441) | \$ (1,378,585) | \$ (997,087) |
| NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS | | | | | |
| Weighted number of common shares outstanding – basic & diluted | 773,170 | | 119,876 | 495,133 | 91,359 |
| Basic and diluted net (loss) per share | \$ (1.42) | \$ | (2.51) | \$ (2.74) | \$ (10.90) |

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020

| | Ser | ed Stock - ies A Par Value | | Seri | d Stock - es B Par Value | e | Preferred Stock - Series C \$0.0001 Par Value | | |
|--|----------|----------------------------------|-----|---------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---|--------|--|
| | Shares | Amo | unt | Shares Amount | | ount | Shares | Amount | |
| Balance, December 31, 2019 | - | \$ | | | \$ | _ | | \$ - | |
| Issuance common stock from convertible debt | - | | - | - | | - | - | _ | |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | - | | | - | - | - | |
| Net loss | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, September 30, 2020 | - | \$ | - | - | \$ | - | - | \$ - | |
| For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Drafarra | d Stock | | Drafarra | d Stock | Professed Stock | | | |

Preferred Stock -Preferred Stock -Preferred Stock -Series A Series B Series C \$0.0001 Par Value \$0.0001 Par Value \$0.0001 Par Value Shares Amount Shares Amount Shares Amount Balance, December 31, 2018 127,578 222 12 Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt Preferred shares converted to note payable (123,526) (12)Preferred shares converted to common (222)(4,052)Comprehensive loss Net loss Balance, September 30, 2019

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2020

| | Preferred Stock - Series A \$0.0001 Par Value | | Sei | ed Stock - ries B Par Value | S | rred Stock - Jeries C 1 Par Value | |
|---|---|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--|------------|
| | Shares | Amount | | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount |
| Balance, June 30, 2020 | | \$ | - | | \$ | | \$ - |
| Issuance common stock from convertible debt | | | | | | | |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | - | - | | | - |
| Net income | | | - | | | | |
| Balance, September 30, 2020 | _ | S | _ | _ | \$ | | s - |
| For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2019 | Preferred Stock - Series A \$0.0001 Par Value | | Preferred S Series \$0.0001 | | S | rred Stock - Series C D1 Par Value | |
| | Shares | Amount | | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount |
| Balance, June 30, 2019 | | \$ | - | - | \$ - | - | \$ - |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | _ | | _ | - | | - <u>-</u> | _ |
| Preferred shares converted to note payable | - | | - | - | - | | - |
| Preferred shares converted to common | - | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | - | - | - | | - |
| Net loss | | | <u>-</u> . | - | | <u> </u> | |
| Balance, September 30, 2019 | | \$ | - | <u> </u> | <u>\$</u> - | | <u>s -</u> |
| See accompanying notes to | o unaudited cond | lancad consolid | dated fi | nancial stateme | nte | | |

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020

| | Preferred Stock - Series D \$0.0001 Par Value | | | Seri | d Stock - ies E Par Value | Se | red Stock - eries F I Par Value |
|---|---|------|---------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Shares Amount | | Shares Amount | | Shares | Amount | |
| Balance, December 31, 2019 | - | \$ | _ | - | \$ | | \$ - |
| Issuance common stock from convertible debt | _ | | _ | _ | | | _ |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | - | _ | | | - |
| Net loss | - | | _ | - | | <u> </u> | - |
| Balance, September 30, 2020 | _ | \$ | _ | _ | \$ | | \$ - |
| For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019 | Preferred Seri \$0.0001 l | es D | <u> </u> | Preferred Serie \$0.0001 P | es E | Ser | ed Stock - ries F Par Value |
| | Shares | Amo | ount | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount |
| Balance, December 31, 2018 | 192,807 | \$ | 19 | 344,947 | \$ 3 | 23,333 | \$ 2 |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | _ | | - | - | | | _ |
| Preferred shares converted to note payable | (147,577) | | (15) | - | | | - |
| Preferred shares converted to common | (45,230) | | (4) | (344,947) | (3 | 34) (23,333) | (2) |
| Comprehensive loss | _ | | - | <u>-</u> | | | - |
| Net loss | | | | - | | <u>-</u> | |
| Balance, September 30, 2019 | | \$ | <u>-</u> | | \$ | <u>-</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2020

| | Preferred Stock - Series D \$0.0001 Par Value | | | Ser | d Stock - ies E Par Value | | Ser | ed Stock - ries F Par Value |
|---|---|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Shares | Amo | unt | Shares | Amou | nt | Shares | Amount |
| Balance, June 30, 2020 | | \$ | - | | \$ | - | | \$ - |
| 1.6 (11.11) | | | | | | | | |
| Issuance common stock from convertible debt | - | | - | - | | - | - | - |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | - | - | | - | - | - |
| Net income | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, September 30, 2020 | <u> </u> | \$ | - | <u>-</u> | \$ | | | \$ - |
| For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2019 | Preferred Stock - | | Preferred Stock - | | | Preferred | l Stock - | |
| | Seri | ies D | | Series E | | | Seri | es F |
| | \$0.0001 | Par Value | | \$0.0001 Par Value | | | \$0.0001 Par Value | |
| | Shares | Amo | unt | Shares | Amount | | Shares | Amount |
| Balance, June 30, 2019 | - | \$ | - | 2,256 | \$ | - | - | \$ - |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | - | | - | - | | - | - | - |
| Preferred shares converted to note payable | - | | - | - | | - | - | - |
| Preferred shares converted to common | - | | - | (2,256) | | - | - | - |
| Comprehensive loss | - | - | | - | | - | - | - |
| Net loss | _ | | _ | | | - | | |
| Balance, September 30, 2019 | | \$ | | | \$ | _ | | <u>s -</u> |
| See accompanying notes to | unaudited condensed consolidated fi | | financial statements | | | | | |

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020

| | Preferred Stock - Series G \$0.0001 Par Value | | Preferred Stock - Series H \$0.0001 Par Value | | | Preferred Stock - Series I \$0.0001 Par Value | | | |
|--|---|-------------------|---|---|------------|---|--|-----------|--|
| | Shares | Am | ount | Shares Amount | | | Shares Amount | | |
| Balance, December 31, 2019 | - | \$ | - | - | \$ | - | - | \$ - | |
| Issuance common stock from convertible debt | - | | - | - | | - | - | - | |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | - | - | | - | - | - | |
| Net loss | | | | | _ | | | | |
| Balance, September 30, 2020 | _ | \$ | - | _ | \$ | _ | - | \$ - | |
| For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019 | Preferred Serie \$0.0001 I | es G Par Value | ount | Preferred Stock - Series H \$0.0001 Par Value Shares Amount | | | Preferred Stock - Series I \$0.0001 Par Value Shares Amour | | |
| Balance, December 31, 2018 | 346,840 | \$ | 35 | 916 | Amou \$ | - | 3,274 | \$ - | |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt Preferred shares converted to note payable | (346,840) | | (35) | (916) | | - | (3,274) | - | |
| Preferred shares converted to common | (5 10,0 10) | | - | (510) | | _ | (3,271) | _ | |
| Comprehensive loss | | | - | _ | | - | - | _ | |
| Net loss | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, September 30, 2019 | | \$ | | | \$ | | | <u>\$</u> | |

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2020

| | Se | Preferred Stock - Series G \$0.0001 Par Value | | Preferred Stock - Series H \$0.0001 Par Value | | | Preferred Stock - Series I \$0.0001 Par Valu | | |
|---|---------------------------|---|----------|---|------|-----|---|-----------|--|
| | Shares | Amou | nt | Shares | Amou | ınt | Shares | Amount | |
| Balance, June 30, 2020 | | \$ | - | _ | \$ | - | _ | \$ - | |
| Issuance common stock from convertible debt | - | | - | - | | - | - | <u>-</u> | |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | - | - | | - | - | - | |
| Net income | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, September 30, 2020 | - | \$ | - | _ | \$ | - | - | \$ - | |
| For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2019 | Ser | Preferred Stock - Series G \$0.0001 Par Value | | Preferred Stock - Series H \$0.0001 Par Value | | | Preferred Stock - Series I \$0.0001 Par Value | | |
| | Shares | Amoun | t | Shares | Amou | ınt | Shares | Amount | |
| Balance, June 30, 2019 | - | \$ | - | - | \$ | - | 33 | \$ - | |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | _ | | - | - | | - | - | - | |
| Preferred shares converted to note payable | - | | - | - | | - | (33) | - | |
| Preferred shares converted to common | - | | - | - | | - | `- | - | |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | - | - | | - | - | - | |
| Net loss | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, September 30, 2019 | | \$ | _ | | \$ | | | <u>\$</u> | |
| See accompanyin | g notes to unaudited cond | ensed consoli | idated t | financial stateme | ents | | | | |

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020

| | Ser | Preferred Stock – Series J \$0.0001 Par Value | | Preferred Stock – Series K \$0.0001 Par Value | | | Preferred Stock – Series L \$0.0001 Par Value | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---|-----|---|-----|-----|---|-------------|--|
| | Share | Amo | unt | Shares | Amo | unt | Shares | Amount | |
| Balance, December 31, 2019 | - | \$ | - | - | \$ | _ | - | \$ - | |
| Issuance common stock from convertible debt | - | | - | - | | - | - | - | |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | - | _ | | - | - | - | |
| Net loss | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, September 30, 2020 | <u>-</u> _ | \$ | | | \$ | | | <u>\$</u> - | |
| For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Preferred Seri \$0.0001 1 | | | Preferred Stock – Series K \$0.0001 Par Value | | | Preferred Stock Series L \$0.0001 Par Val | | |
| | Shares | Amo | unt | Shares | Amo | unt | Shares | Amount | |
| Balance, December 31, 2018 | 4,313 | \$ | - | 77,124 | \$ | 8 | 2,000 | \$ - | |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | - | | - | - | | - | | | |
| Preferred shares converted to note payable | (4,296) | | - | (70,571) | | (7) | (2,000) | - | |
| Preferred shares converted to common | (17) | | - | (6,553) | | (1) | ` - | - | |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | - | - | | - | - | - | |
| Net loss | <u>-</u> _ | | - | _ | | _ | | | |
| Balance, September 30, 2019 | | \$ | | | \$ | | | <u>\$</u> | |
| | F-44 | F-44 | | | | | | | |

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2020

| | Preferred Stock – Series J \$0.0001 Par Value | | | Preferred Stock – Series K \$0.0001 Par Value | | | Preferred Stock – Series L \$0.0001 Par Value | | |
|---|---|----------------|----------------|---|-------------|---------------|---|----------------|--|
| | Shares | Amount | Shar | es | Amoun | t | Shares | Amount | |
| Balance, June 30, 2020 | - | \$ | - | - | \$ | - | - | \$ - | |
| Issuance common stock from convertible debt | | | | | | | | | |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | <u>-</u> - | _ | | _ | - | <u>-</u> | |
| Net income | | | | | | _ | | | |
| Balance, September 30, 2020 | | \$ | | | ¢. | | | e | |
| | | Ψ | | | Ψ | _ | | Ψ - | |
| For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2019 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Seri | | | referred Series | s K | | Preferred Seri | es L | |
| | | Par Value | | | | _ | | Par Value | |
| Balance, June 30, 2019 | Shares | Amount \$ | Sha | res - | Amoun \$ | <u>t</u> - | Shares 667 | Amount \$ - | |
| , , | | | | | | | | | |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | - | | - | - | | - | | | |
| Preferred shares converted to note payable | - | | - | - | | - | (667) | - | |
| Preferred shares converted to common | - | | - | - | | - | - | - | |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | - | - | | - | - | - | |
| Net loss | | | _ | | | | | | |
| Balance, September 30, 2019 | | \$ | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | \$ | _ | | <u>\$</u> | |
| See accompanying notes to | unaudited cond | ensed consolid | ated financial | statemen | ts. | | | | |

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020

| | | on Stock Par Value | Additional Paid in | 1 | Accumulated | |
|---|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------|--|
| | Shares | Amount | Capital | Deficit | | |
| Balance, December 31, 2019 | 121,216 | \$ 12 | \$ 11,757,027 | \$ | (11,115,178) | |
| Issuance common stock from convertible debt | 2,988,283 | 298 | 585,291 | | _ | |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | 2,700,203 | - | 898,918 | | - | |
| Issuance common stock for options exercised | 429,800 | 43 | 32,957 | | - | |
| Fair value of options granted | | - | 130,400 | | - | |
| Stock based compensation | 25,000 | 3 | 62,748 | | - | |
| Comprehensive loss | - | - | - | | - | |
| Net loss | | | - | | (1,358,745) | |
| | | | | | | |
| Balance, September 30, 2020 | 3,564,299 | \$ 356 | \$ 13,467,340 | \$ | (12,473,923) | |

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019

| | | on Stock Par Value | Additional Paid in | 1 | Accumulated | | |
|---|---------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------|--------------|--|
| | Shares | Amount | | Capital | Deficit | | |
| Balance, December 31, 2018 | 62,435 | \$ | 6 | \$ 11,120,192 | \$ | (9,735,422) | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | - | | - | 805,000 | | - | |
| Common issued for post-split adjustments | 1,687 | | - | - | | - | |
| Preferred shares converted to note payable | - | | - | (168,200) | | - | |
| Preferred shares converted to common | 35,473 | | 4 | 36 | | - | |
| Exercise of options to common | 21,621 | | 2 | (2) | | - | |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | - | - | | - | |
| Net loss | - | | - | - | | (996,194) | |
| | | | | | | , , , | |
| Balance, September 30, 2019 | 121,216 | \$ | 12 | \$ 11,757,027 | \$ | (10,731,617) | |

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2020

| | Common Stock \$0.0001 Par Value | | | Additional Paid in | | | Accumulated | | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--------|----------|-----------------------|------------|--------|--------------|--|---------|--|---------|
| | Shares | Amount | | Amount | | Amount | | | Capital | | Deficit |
| Balance, June 30, 2020 | 255,329 | \$ | 25 | \$ | 11,771,769 | \$ | (11,373,472) | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Issuance common stock from convertible debt | 2,854,170 | | 285 | | 570,549 | | - | | | | |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | | | - | | 898,918 | | - | | | | |
| Issuance common stock for options exercised | 429,800 | | 43 | | 32,957 | | - | | | | |
| Fair value of options granted | | | - | | 130,400 | | - | | | | |
| Stock based compensation | 25,000 | | 3 | | 62,748 | | - | | | | |
| Comprehensive loss | - | | - | | - | | - | | | | |
| Net loss | _ _ | | <u> </u> | | <u>-</u> | | (1,100,451) | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, September 30, 2020 | 3,564,299 | \$ | 356 | \$ | 13,467,340 | \$ | (12,473,923) | | | | |

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2019

| | Common Stock \$0.0001 Par Value | | | | Additional Paid in | Accumulated | |
|---|------------------------------------|----|----------------|----|-----------------------|-------------|--------------|
| | Shares A | | Amount Capital | | Capital | | Deficit |
| Balance, June 30, 2019 | 117,683 | \$ | 12 | \$ | 11,757,027 | \$ | (10,430,670) |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | 1 (07 | | | | | | |
| | 1,687 | | - | | - | | - |
| Preferred shares converted to note payable | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Preferred shares converted to common | 1,840 | | - | | - | | - |
| Comprehensive loss | | | | | | | |
| Net loss | - | | | | | | (300,947) |
| | | | | | | | |
| Balance, September 30, 2019 | 121,216 | \$ | 12 | \$ | 11,757,027 | \$ | (10,731,617) |

(893)

(7,065)

805,000

(168,271)

(996,194)

1,018,357

(893)

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020

Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt

Preferred shares converted to note payable

Preferred shares converted to common

Balance, September 30, 2019

Comprehensive loss

Net loss

| | | Comprehensive Income (Loss) | | |
|---|-----------|-----------------------------|----|-------------------------|
| Balance, December 31, 2019 | \$ | (2,152) | \$ | 639,709 |
| Issuance common stock from convertible debt | | - | | 585,589 |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt Issuance common stock for options exercised | | - | | 898,918 33,000 |
| Fair value of options granted | | - | | 130,400 |
| Stock based compensation Comprehensive loss | | (19,840) | | 62,750 (19,840) |
| Net loss | | <u>-</u> | | (1,358,745) |
| Balance, September 30, 2020 | <u>\$</u> | (21,992) | \$ | 971,781 |
| For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019 | | | | |
| | | Comprehensive Income (Loss) | | Stockholders' Equity |
| Balance, December 31, 2018 | \$ | (6,172) | \$ | 1,378,715 |

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2020

Preferred shares converted to note payable Preferred shares converted to common Comprehensive loss

Balance, September 30, 2019

Net loss

| | Comprehensive Income (Loss) | | Stockholders' Equity | |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Balance, June 30, 2020 | \$ | (11,018) | \$ 387,304 | |
| T (1.0 (11.11) | | | 570.024 | |
| Issuance common stock from convertible debt | | - | 570,834 | |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | | - | 898,918 | |
| Issuance common stock for options exercised | | - | 33,000 | |
| Fair value of options granted | | - | 130,400 | |
| Stock based compensation | | - | 62,750 | |
| Comprehensive loss | | (10,974) | (10,974) | |
| Net loss | | ` <u>-</u> | (1,100,451) | |
| Balance, September 30, 2020 | \$ | (21,992) | \$ 971,781 | |
| For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2019 | | | | |
| | | Comprehensive Income (Loss) | Stockholders' Equity | |
| Balance, June 30, 2019 | \$ | (6,571) | \$ 1,319,798 | |
| Beneficial conversion feature of convertible debt | | - | - | |

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

(494)

(7,065)

(300,947)

1,018,357

ORBSAT CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES FKA: ORBITAL TRACKING CORP. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED

| | Septemb | er 30, 2020 | September 30, 2019 | |
|---|-------------|------------------|--------------------|--|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | D | (1.250.745) | ¢ (00(.104) | |
| Net loss | \$ | (1,358,745) | \$ (996,194) | |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities: | | 100 242 | 104 404 | |
| Depreciation expense | | 199,242 | 184,484 | |
| Amortization of intangible asset Amortization of right to use | | 18,750 23,773 | 18,750 2,196 | |
| Stock based compensation | | 62,750 | 2,196 | |
| Fair value of options exercised | | 33,000 | - | |
| Fair value of options granted | | 130,400 | _ | |
| Amortization of convertible debt discount | | 752,130 | 211,330 | |
| Change in fair value of derivative liabilities | | 732,130 | 69,677 | |
| Convertible debt issued for services | | _ | 113.000 | |
| Gain on debt extinguishment | | (269,261) | (134,677) | |
| Change in operating assets and liabilities: | | (20),201) | (154,077) | |
| Accounts receivable | | 81,739 | (74,915) | |
| Inventory | | (135,648) | (179,186) | |
| Unbilled revenue | | 877 | 19,087 | |
| Prepaid expense | | 16.812 | (35,789) | |
| Other current assets | | 57,800 | (39,505) | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | | (61,747) | 217,680 | |
| Lease liabilities | | (21,562) | (4,811) | |
| Provision for income taxes | | (1,330) | 333 | |
| Contract liabilities | | (780) | 25,356 | |
| Net cash used in operating activities | | (471,800) | (603,183) | |
| 1100 cash ased in operating activities | | (171,000) | (003,103) | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | | |
| Purchase of property and equipment | | (30,752) | (51,414) | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (30,752) | (51,414) | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (30,732) | (31,414) | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | | |
| | | (18,889) | (20,856) | |
| Repayments of note payable, related party, net | | (,) | (==,===) | |
| Repayments from line of credit | | (19,685) | - | |
| Repayments from note payable | | - | (46,422) | |
| Repayments from convertible notes payable | | - | (87,778) | |
| Proceeds from note payable | | 343,907 | - | |
| Proceeds of convertible notes payable | | 958,000 | 757,000 | |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | | 1,263,333 | 601,944 | |
| | | | | |
| Effect of exchange rate on cash | | (19,130) | 998 | |
| | | | | |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash | | 741,651 | (51,656) | |
| Cash beginning of period | | 75,362 | 142,888 | |
| Cash end of period | \$ | 817,013 | \$ 91,232 | |
| | | | | |
| SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION | | | | |
| Cash paid during the period for | | | | |
| Interest | \$ | _ | \$ 20,270 | |
| | Ψ | | 20,270 | |
| Non each adjustments during the naried for | | | | |
| Non-cash adjustments during the period for Beneficial conversion feature on convertible debt | ø | 909.019 | Ф 905 000 | |
| | \$ | 898,918 | \$ 805,000 | |
| Long term debt issued in exchange for preferred stock | <u>\$</u> | - | \$ 168,270 | |
| Conversion of convertible debt into common shares | \$ | 585,589 | \$ - | |
| Obtaining right of use asset for lease liability | \$ | 59,906 | \$ 86,377 | |
| | | 7 | | |

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial statements and do not include all the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. The information furnished reflects all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring items which are, in the opinion of management, necessary in order to make the financial statements not misleading. The unaudited financial statements for the nine months ending September 30, 2020, are not necessarily indicative of the results for the remainder of the fiscal year. The consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2019, have been audited by an independent registered public accounting firm. The accounting policies and procedures employed in the preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements have been derived from the audited financial statements of Orbsat Corp F/K/A/ Orbital Tracking Corp. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2019, which are contained in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on March 30, 2020. The consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2019 was derived from those financial statements.

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("US GAAP"). The consolidated financial statements of the Company include the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Orbital Satcom Corp. and Global Telesat Communications Ltd. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Description of Business

Orbsat Corp (the "Company") was formerly Great West Resources, Inc., a Nevada corporation. The Company is a provider of satellite-based hardware, airtime and related services both in the United States and internationally. The Company's principal focus is on growing the Company's existing satellite-based hardware, airtime and related services business line and developing the Company's own tracking devices for use by retail customers worldwide.

The Company was originally incorporated in 1997 in Florida. On April 21, 2010, the Company merged with and into a wholly-owned subsidiary for the purpose of changing its state of incorporation to Delaware, effecting a 2:1 forward split of its common stock, and changing its name to EClips Media Technologies, Inc. On April 25, 2011, the Company changed its name to Silver Horn Mining Ltd. pursuant to a merger with a wholly-owned subsidiary.

A wholly-owned subsidiary, Orbital Satcom Corp. ("Orbital Satcom"), a Nevada corporation was formed on November 14, 2014.

On March 28, 2014, the Company merged with and into a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Great West") solely for the purpose of changing its state of incorporation to Nevada from Delaware (the "Reincorporation"), effecting a 1:150 reverse split of its common stock, and changing its name to Great West Resources, Inc. in connection with the plans to enter into the business of potash mining and exploration. During late 2014, the Company abandoned its efforts to enter the potash mining and exploration business. All references in the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto have been retroactively restated to reflect the reverse stock split of 1:150.

On the effective date of the merger:

- (a) Each share of the Company's common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective date changed and converted into 1/150th fully paid and non-assessable shares of Great West common stock;
- (b) Each share of the Company's Series A preferred stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective date changed and converted into 1/150th fully paid and non-assessable shares of the Great West Series A preferred stock;
- (c) Each share of the Company's Series D preferred stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective date changed and converted into 1/150th fully paid and non-assessable shares of the Great West Series B preferred stock;

- (d) All options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective date changed and converted into equivalent options to purchase 1/150th of a share of Great West common stock at an exercise price of \$0.0001 per share;
- (e) All warrants to purchase shares of the Company's common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective date changed and converted into equivalent warrants to purchase 1/150th of a share of Great West common stock at 150 times the exercise price of such converted warrants; and
- (f) Each share of Great West common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective date were canceled and returned to the status of authorized but unissued Great West common stock

Global Telesat Communications Limited ("GTCL") was formed under the laws of England and Wales in 2008. On February 19, 2015, the Company entered into a share exchange agreement with GTCL and all of the holders of the outstanding equity of GTCL pursuant to which GTCL became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

For accounting purposes, this transaction was accounted for as a reverse acquisition and has been treated as a recapitalization of the Company with GTCL considered the accounting acquirer, and the financial statements of the accounting acquirer became the financial statements of the registrant. The completion of the Share Exchange resulted in a change of control. The Share Exchange was accounted for as a reverse acquisition and re-capitalization. The GTCL shareholders obtained approximately 39% of voting control on the date of Share Exchange. GTCL was the acquirer for financial reporting purposes and the Company was the acquired company. The consolidated financial statements after the acquisition include the balance sheets of both companies at historical cost, the historical results of GTCL and the results of the Company from the acquisition date. All share and per share information in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and footnotes has been retroactively restated to reflect the recapitalization. See Note 12 - Stockholders Equity.

On August 19, 2019, we effected a reverse split in 1-for-15 ratio as applied to our common stock and preferred stock, as well as the number of authorized shares for both classes. As of December 31, 2019, we had 121,216 shares issued and outstanding post-split. All share and per share, information in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and footnotes has been retroactively restated to reflect the most recently completed reverse split. See Note 12 - Stockholders Equity.

Use of Estimates

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the statements of financial condition, and revenues and expenses for the years then ended. Actual results may differ significantly from those estimates. Significant estimates made by management include, but are not limited to, the assumptions used to calculate stock-based compensation, derivative liabilities and common stock issued for services.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents. The Company places its cash with a high credit quality financial institution. The Company's account at this institution is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") up to \$250,000. To reduce its risk associated with the failure of such financial institution, the Company evaluates at least annually the rating of the financial institution in which it holds deposits.

Accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful accounts

The Company has a policy of reserving for questionable accounts based on its best estimate of the amount of probable credit losses in its existing accounts receivable. The Company periodically reviews its accounts receivable to determine whether an allowance is necessary based on an analysis of past due accounts and other factors that may indicate that the realization of an account may be in doubt. Account balances deemed to be uncollectible are offset against sales and relieved from accounts receivable, after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote. As of September 30, 2020, and 2019, there is an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$14,749 and \$0, respectively.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value, using the first-in first-out cost method. The Company assesses the valuation of its inventories and reduces the carrying value of those inventories that are obsolete or in excess of the Company's forecasted usage to their estimated net realizable value. The Company estimates the net realizable value of such inventories based on analysis and assumptions including, but not limited to, historical usage, expected future demand and market requirements. A change to the carrying value of inventories is recorded to cost of goods sold.

Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses amounted to \$1,784 and \$18,596, at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. Prepaid expenses include prepayments in cash for accounting fees, prepayments in equity instruments and license fees which are being amortized over the terms of their respective agreements and product costs associated with deferred revenue. The current portion consists of costs paid for future services which will occur within a year.

Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's reporting currency is U.S. Dollars. The accounts of one of the Company's subsidiaries, GTCL, is maintained using the appropriate local currency, Great British Pound, as the functional currency. All assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. Dollars at balance sheet date, shareholders' equity is translated at historical rates and revenue and expense accounts are translated at the average exchange rate for the year or the reporting period. The translation adjustments are reported as a separate component of stockholders' equity, captioned as accumulated other comprehensive (loss) gain. Transaction gains and losses arising from exchange rate fluctuations on transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency are included in the statements of operations.

The relevant translation rates are as follows: for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, closing rate at 1.2923 US\$: GBP, quarterly average rate at 1.293173 US\$: GBP and yearly average rate at 1.271713 US\$: GBP, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, closing rate at 1.269800 US\$: GBP, quarterly average rate at 1.293793 US\$: GBP and yearly average rate of 1.285336, for the year ended 2019 closing rate at 1.3262 US\$: GBP, average rate at 1.276933 US\$: GBP.

Revenue Recognition and Unearned Revenue

The Company recognizes revenue from satellite services when earned, as services are rendered or delivered to customers. Equipment sales revenue is recognized when the equipment is delivered to and accepted by the customer. Only equipment sales are subject to warranty. Historically, the Company has not incurred significant expenses for warranties. Equipment sales which have been prepaid, before the goods are shipped are recorded as contract liabilities and once shipped is recognized as revenue. The Company also records as contract liabilities, certain annual plans for airtime, which are paid in advance. Once airtime services are incurred, they are recognized as revenue. Unbilled revenue is recognized for airtime plans whereby the customer is invoiced for its data usage the following month after services are incurred.

The Company's customers generally purchase a combination of our products and services as part of a multiple element arrangement. The Company's assessment of which revenue recognition guidance is appropriate to account for each element in an arrangement can involve significant judgment. This assessment has a significant impact on the amount and timing of revenue recognition.

The Company recognizes revenue when its customer obtains control of promised goods or services, in an amount that reflects the consideration which we expect to receive in exchange for those goods or services. To determine revenue recognition for arrangements that the Company determines are within the scope of ASC 606, we perform the following five steps: (i) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (ii) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (iii) determine the transaction price; (iv) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (v) recognize revenue when (or as) we satisfy a performance obligation. The five-step model is applied to contracts when it is probable that we will collect the consideration we are entitled to in exchange for the goods or services transferred to the customer. At contract inception, once the contract is determined to be within the scope of ASC 606, we assess the goods or services promised within each contract and determine those that are performance obligations and assess whether each promised good or service is distinct. We then recognize revenue in the amount of the transaction price that is allocated to the respective performance obligation when (or as) the performance obligation is satisfied.

In accordance with ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedient, which is to (1) clarify the objective of the collectability criterion for applying paragraph 606-10-25-7; (2) permit an entity to exclude amounts collected from customers for all sales (and other similar) taxes from the transaction price; (3) specify that the measurement date for noncash consideration is contract inception; (4) provide a practical expedient that permits an entity to reflect the aggregate effect of all modifications that occur before the beginning of the earliest period presented when identifying the satisfied and unsatisfied performance obligations, determining the transaction price, and allocating the transaction price to the satisfied and unsatisfied performance obligations; (5) clarify that a completed contract for purposes of transition is a contract for which all (or substantially all) of the revenue was recognized under legacy GAAP before the date of initial application, and (6) clarify that an entity that retrospectively applies the guidance in Topic 606 to each prior reporting period is not required to disclose the effect of the accounting change for the period of adoption. The amendments of this ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. There was no impact as a result of adopting this ASU on the financial statements and related disclosures. Based on the terms and conditions of the product arrangements, the Company believes that its products and services can be accounted for separately as its products and services have value to the Company's customers on a stand-alone basis. When a transaction involves more than one product or service, revenue is allocated to each deliverable based on its relative fair value; otherwise, revenue is recognized as products are delivered or as services are provided over the term of the customer contract.

Contract liabilities is shown separately in the unaudited consolidated balance sheets as current liabilities. At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, we had contract liabilities of \$40,427 and \$41,207, respectively.

Cost of Product Sales and Services

Cost of sales consists primarily of materials, airtime and overhead costs incurred internally and amounts incurred to contract manufacturers to produce our products, airtime and other implementation costs incurred to install our products and train customer personnel, and customer service and third-party original equipment manufacturer costs to provide continuing support to our customers. There are certain costs which are deferred and recorded as prepaids, until such revenue is recognized. Refer to revenue recognition above as to what constitutes deferred revenue.

Shipping and handling costs are included as a component of costs of product sales in the Company's consolidated statements of operations because the Company includes in revenue the related costs that the Company bills its customers.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets include customer contracts purchased and recorded based on the cost to acquire them. These assets are amortized over 10 years. Useful lives of intangible assets are periodically evaluated for reasonableness and the assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may no longer be recoverable.

Goodwill and other intangible assets

In accordance with ASC 350-30-65, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Others", the Company assesses the impairment of identifiable intangibles whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Factors the Company considers to be important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- Significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results;
- Significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for the overall business; and
- Significant negative industry or economic trends.

When the Company determines that the carrying value of intangibles may not be recoverable based upon the existence of one or more of the above indicators of impairment and the carrying value of the asset cannot be recovered from projected undiscounted cash flows, the Company records an impairment charge. The Company measures any impairment based on a projected discounted cash flow method using a discount rate determined by management to be commensurate with the risk inherent in the current business model. Significant management judgment is required in determining whether an indicator of impairment exists and in projecting cash flows. The Company recorded an impairment charge of \$0 and \$50,000, during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and for the year ended December 31, 2019, respectively.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is based on the estimated service lives of the depreciable assets and is calculated using the straight-line method. Expenditures that increase the value or productive capacity of assets are capitalized. Fully depreciated assets are retained in the property and equipment, and accumulated depreciation accounts until they are removed from service. When property and equipment are retired, sold or otherwise disposed of, the asset's carrying amount and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is included in operations. Repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The estimated useful lives of property and equipment are generally as follows:

| | Years |
|-------------------------------|-------|
| Office furniture and fixtures | 4 |
| Computer equipment | 4 |
| Rental equipment | 4 |
| Appliques | 10 |
| Website development | 2 |

Depreciation expense for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$67,447 and \$62,859, respectively. Depreciation expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$199,242 and \$184,484, respectively.

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be fully recoverable, or at least annually. The Company recognizes an impairment loss when the sum of expected undiscounted future cash flows is less than the carrying amount of the asset. The amount of impairment is measured as the difference between the asset's estimated fair value and its book value. The Company did not consider it necessary to record any impairment charges during the periods ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019, respectively.

Accounting for Derivative Instruments

Derivatives are required to be recorded on the balance sheet at fair value. These derivatives, including embedded derivatives in the Company's structured borrowings, are separately valued and accounted for on the Company's balance sheet. Fair values for exchange traded securities and derivatives are based on quoted market prices. Where market prices are not readily available, fair values are determined using market-based pricing models incorporating readily observable market data and requiring judgment and estimates.

The Company did not identify any assets or liabilities that are required to be presented on the consolidated balance sheets at fair value in accordance with the accounting guidance. The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet for cash, accounts payable, and accrued expenses approximate their estimated fair market value based on the short-term maturity of the instruments.

Stock Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation is accounted for based on the requirements of the Share-Based Payment Topic of ASC 718 which requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements of the cost of employee and director services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments over the period the employee or director is required to perform the services in exchange for the award (presumptively, the vesting period). The ASC also requires measurement of the cost of employee and director services received in exchange for an award based on the grant-date fair value of the award.

Pursuant to ASC Topic 718, for share-based payments to consultants and other third-parties, compensation expense is determined at the "measurement date." The expense is recognized over the vesting period of the award. Until the measurement date is reached, the total amount of compensation expense remains uncertain. The Company initially records compensation expense based on the fair value of the award at the reporting date. Further, ASC Topic 718, provides guidance about which changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award require an entity to apply modification accounting in Topic 718, such as the repricing of share options, which would revalue those options and the accounting for the cancellation of an equity award whether a replacement award or other valuable consideration is issued in conjunction with the cancellation. If not, the cancellation is viewed as a replacement and not a modification, with a repurchase price of \$0.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes pursuant to the provision of ASC 740-10, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("ASC 740-10") which requires, among other things, an asset and liability approach to calculating deferred income taxes. The asset and liability approach require the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying amounts and the tax bases of assets and liabilities. A valuation allowance is provided to offset any net deferred tax assets for which management believes it is more likely than not that the net deferred asset will not be realized.

The Company follows the provision of ASC 740-10 related to Accounting for Uncertain Income Tax Positions. When tax returns are filed, there may be uncertainty about the merits of positions taken or the amount of the position that would be ultimately sustained. In accordance with the guidance of ASC 740-10, the benefit of a tax position is recognized in the financial statements in the period during which, based on all available evidence, management believes it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination, including the resolution of appeals or litigation processes, if any. Tax positions taken are not offset or aggregated with other positions.

Tax positions that meet the more likely than not recognition threshold is measured at the largest amount of tax benefit that is more than 50 percent likely of being realized upon settlement with the applicable taxing authority. The portion of the benefit associated with tax positions taken that exceed the amount measured as described above should be reflected as a liability for uncertain tax benefits in the accompanying balance sheet along with any associated interest and penalties that would be payable to the taxing authorities upon examination.

The Company believes its tax positions are all more likely than not to be upheld upon examination. As such, the Company has not recorded a liability for uncertain tax benefits.

The Company has adopted ASC 740-10-25, "Definition of Settlement," which provides guidance on how an entity should determine whether a tax position is effectively settled for the purpose of recognizing previously unrecognized tax benefits and provides that a tax position can be effectively settled upon the completion and examination by a taxing authority without being legally extinguished. For tax positions considered effectively settled, an entity would recognize the full amount of tax benefit, even if the tax position is not considered more likely than not to be sustained based solely on the basis of its technical merits and the statute of limitations remains open. The federal and state income tax returns of the Company are subject to examination by the IRS and state taxing authorities, generally for three years after they are filed.

Leases

Effective January 1, 2019, the Company accounts for its leases under ASC 842, Leases. Under this guidance, arrangements meeting the definition of a lease are classified as operating or financing leases, and are recorded on the consolidated balance sheet as both a right of use asset and lease liability, calculated by discounting fixed lease payments over the lease term at the rate implicit in the lease or the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Lease liabilities are increased by interest and reduced by payments each period, and the right of use asset is amortized over the lease term. For operating leases, interest on the lease liability and the amortization of the right of use asset results in front-loaded expense over the lease term. Variable lease expenses are recorded when incurred.

In calculating the right of use asset and lease liability, the Company has elected to combine lease and non-lease components. The Company excludes short-term leases having initial terms of 12 months or less from the new guidance as an accounting policy election and recognizes rent expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company continues to account for leases in the prior period financial statements under ASC Topic 840.

Research and Development

The Company accounts for research and development costs in accordance with the Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 730-10, Research and Development ("ASC 730-10"). Under ASC 730-10, all research and development costs must be charged to expense as incurred. Accordingly, internal research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Third-party research and development costs are expensed when the contracted work has been performed or as milestone results have been achieved. Company-sponsored research and development costs related to both present and future products are expensed in the period incurred. On February 19, 2015, the Company issued 444 of its common stock, par value \$0.0001, at \$112.61 per share, or \$50,000, to a consultant as compensation for the design and delivery of dual mode gsm/Globalstar Simplex tracking devices and related hardware and intellectual property. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$50,000 for the above-mentioned other asset, due to the delay in its launch to our existing product lines. For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, there were no additional expenditures on research and development.

Earnings per Common Share

Net income (loss) per common share is calculated in accordance with ASC Topic 260: Earnings per Share ("ASC 260"). Basic income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. The computation of diluted net loss per share does not include dilutive common stock equivalents in the weighted average shares outstanding as they would be anti-dilutive. In periods where the Company has a net loss, all dilutive securities are excluded.

The following are dilutive common stock equivalents during the nine months ended:

| | September 30, 2020 | September 30, 2019 |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Convertible notes payable | 5,762,056(1) | 8,050,000(2) |
| Stock Options | 39,044 | 39,044 |
| Stock Warrants | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Total | 5,805,100 | 8,093,044 |

- (1) 5,762,056 shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of \$1,152,411 of Convertible Notes Payable at a conversion rate of \$0.20 per share, as of September 30, 2020, not accounting for 9.99% beneficial ownership limitations.
- (2) 8,050,000 shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of \$805,000 of Convertible Notes Payable at a conversion rate of \$0.10 per share, as of September 30, 2019, not accounting for 4.99% beneficial ownership limitations.

On June 15, 2020, Orbsat Corp (the "Company") and the holders of the majority convertible promissory notes sold by the Company in the May 2019 private offering agreed to amend certain terms and provisions of the Note Purchase Agreement dated as of May 13, 2019 (the "NPA") and related convertible promissory notes (the "Notes") consistent with the terms of such instruments as follows, to amend Section 3(a) of the Notes to change the "Conversion Price" from \$0.10 per share to \$0.20 per share; to amend Section 4 the beneficial ownership limitation upon conversion of the Notes from 4.99% to 9.99%, as described further in Note 10.

On April 30, 2019, the Company exchanged preferred shares to promissory notes and is treated as extinguishment of preferred shares. In accordance with ASC 260-10-S99, such extinguishment on preferred shares considered as redemptions of preferred shares and the difference between the fair value of the consideration and the carrying amount of the preferred shares will adjust the net income (loss) available to common stockholders in the calculation of earnings per shares. The following are the adjustment to the net income (loss) available to common stockholders during the period ended:

| | ne Months Ended otember 30, 2020 | Year Ended December 31, 2019 | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Net loss | \$ (1,358,745) | \$ | (1,379,756) | |
| Preferred shares redemption adjustment | \$ <u>-</u> | \$ | 201,924 | |
| Net loss available to common shareholders | \$ (1, 358,745) | \$ | (1,177,832) | |
| | | | | |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS | | | | |
| Weighted number of common shares outstanding - basic & diluted | 495,133 | | 106,175 | |
| Loss applicable to common shareholders per share | \$ (2.74) | \$ | (11.09) | |

Related Party Transactions

A party is considered to be related to the Company if the party directly or indirectly or through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the Company. Related parties also include principal owners of the Company, its management, members of the immediate families of principal owners of the Company and its management and other parties with which the Company may deal if one party controls or can significantly influence the management or operating policies of the other to an extent that one of the transacting parties might be prevented from fully pursuing its own separate interests. A party which can significantly influence the management or operating policies of the transacting parties or if it has an ownership interest in one of the transacting parties and can significantly influence the other to an extent that one or more of the transacting parties might be prevented from fully pursuing its own separate interests is also a related party.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedient, which is to (1) clarify the objective of the collectability criterion for applying paragraph 606-10-25-7; (2) permit an entity to exclude amounts collected from customers for all sales (and other similar) taxes from the transaction price; (3) specify that the measurement date for noncash consideration is contract inception; (4) provide a practical expedient that permits an entity to reflect the aggregate effect of all modifications that occur before the beginning of the earliest period presented when identifying the satisfied and unsatisfied performance obligations, determining the transaction price, and allocating the transaction price to the satisfied and unsatisfied performance obligations; (5) clarify that a completed contract for purposes of transition is a contract for which all (or substantially all) of the revenue was recognized under legacy GAAP before the date of initial application, and (6) clarify that an entity that retrospectively applies the guidance in Topic 606 to each prior reporting period is not required to disclose the effect of the accounting change for the period of adoption. The amendments of this ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. There was no impact as a result of adopting this ASU on the financial statements and related disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, Financial Instruments — Overall: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. The guidance affects the accounting for equity investments, financial liabilities under the fair value option and the presentation and disclosure requirements of financial instruments. The guidance is effective in the first quarter of fiscal 2019. Early adoption is permitted for the accounting guidance on financial liabilities under the fair value option. There was no impact as a result of adopting this ASU on the financial statements and related disclosures.

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-09, Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting (ASU 2016-09), which provides guidance about which changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award require an entity to apply modification accounting in Topic 718, such as the repricing of share options, which would revalue those options and the accounting for the cancellation of an equity award whether a replacement award or other valuable consideration is issued in conjunction with the cancellation. If not, the cancellation is viewed as a replacement and not a modification, with a repurchase price of 0. This pronouncement is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company adopted this standard on January 1, 2018 and did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In July 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-11, Earnings Per Share, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity and Derivatives and Hedging, which changes the accounting and earnings per share for certain instruments with down round features. The amendments in this ASU are applied using a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the beginning of the fiscal year or retrospective adjustment to each period presented and is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those periods.

On December 22, 2017 the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin 118 (SAB 118), which provides guidance on accounting for the tax effects of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "TCJA"). SAB 118 provides a measurement period that should not extend beyond one year from the enactment date for companies to complete the accounting under ASC 740. In accordance with SAB 118, a company must reflect the income tax effects of those aspects of the TCJA for which the accounting under ASC 740 is complete. To the extent that a company's accounting for certain income tax effects of the TCJA is incomplete but for which they are able to determine a reasonable estimate, it must record a provisional amount in the financial statements. Provisional treatment is proper in light of anticipated additional guidance from various taxing authorities, the SEC, the FASB, and even the Joint Committee on Taxation. If a company cannot determine a provisional amount to be included in the financial statements, it should continue to apply ASC 740 on the basis of the provisions of the tax laws that were in effect immediately before the enactment of the TCJA. The Company has applied this guidance to its consolidated financial statements.

In November 2018, the FASB amended Topic 842, Leases, by issuing ASU No. 2016-02, which requires lessees to recognize leases on-balance sheet and disclose key information about leasing arrangements. Topic 842 with ASU No. 2018-01, Land Easement Practical Expedient for Transition to Topic 842; ASU No. 2018-10, Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases; and ASU No. 2018-11, Targeted Improvements. The new standard establishes a right-of-use model (ROU) that requires a lessee to recognize a ROU asset and lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with a term longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern and classification of expense recognition in the income statement. The new standard was effective for us on January 1, 2019, however the Company did not have any leases that met the criteria as established above, until July 24, 2019, when the Company entered into a three year lease for its UK office and warehouse for annual rent of £25,536 or GBP:USD using exchange rate close for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, GBP:USD 1.292300 or \$33,000. An entity choose to use either (1) its effective date or (2) the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements as its date of initial application. If an entity chooses the second option, the transition requirements for existing leases also apply to leases entered into between the date of initial application and the effective date. The entity must also recast its comparative period financial statements and provide the disclosures required by the new standard for the comparative periods. Consequently, financial information will not be updated, and the disclosures required under the new standard will not be provided for dates and periods before January 1, 2019.

At September 30, 2020, the Company had current and long-term operating lease liabilities of \$28,489 and \$28,667, respectively, and right of use assets of \$59,906.

Other accounting standards that have been issued or proposed by FASB that do not require adoption until a future date are not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements upon adoption. The Company does not discuss recent pronouncements that are not anticipated to have an impact on or are unrelated to its financial condition, results of operations, cash flows or disclosures.

NOTE 2 - GOING CONCERN CONSIDERATIONS

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. At September 30, 2020, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$12,473,923, positive working capital of \$95,587 and net loss of \$1,358,745 during the nine months ended September 30, 2020. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for one year from the issuance of the financial statements. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon obtaining additional capital and financing. Management intends to attempt to raise additional funds by way of a public or private offering. While the Company believes in the viability of its strategy to raise additional funds, there can be no assurances to that effect. Without additional capital, we will be unable to achieve our business objectives, and may be forced to curtail our operations, reduce headcount, and/or temporarily cease our operations until requisite capital is secured. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

NOTE 3 - INVENTORIES

At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, inventories consisted of the following:

| | September 30, 2020 | | | December 31, 2019 | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|----|-------------------|--|
| Finished goods | \$ | 501,946 | \$ | 366,298 | |
| Less reserve for obsolete inventory | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | |
| Total | \$ | 501,946 | \$ | 366,298 | |

For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company did not make any change for reserve for obsolete inventory.

NOTE 4 - PREPAID EXPENSES

Prepaid expenses amounted to \$1,784 at September 30, 2020 and \$18,596 at December 31, 2019, respectively. Prepaid expenses include prepayments in cash for accounting fees, prepayments in equity instruments, which are being amortized over the terms of their respective agreements, as well as cost associated with certain contract liabilities. The current portion consists of costs paid for future services which will occur within a year.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, property and equipment, net of fully depreciated assets, consisted of the following:

| | Septemb | er 30, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|-------------------------------|---------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Office furniture and fixtures | \$ | 9,809 | \$ 10,066 |
| Computer equipment | | 37,510 | 47,646 |
| Rental equipment | | 60,905 | 75,470 |
| Appliques | | 2,160,096 | 2,160,096 |
| Website development | | 66,452 | 36,279 |
| | <u></u> | | |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | (1,164,151) | (988,370) |
| | | | |
| Total | \$ | 1,170,621 | \$ 1,341,187 |

Depreciation expense for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$67,447 and \$62,859, respectively. Depreciation expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$199,242 and \$184,484, respectively.

NOTE 6 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS

On December 10, 2014, the Company entered the satellite voice and data equipment sales and service business through the purchase of certain contracts from Global Telesat Corp. ("GTC"). These contracts permit the Company to utilize the Globalstar, Inc. and Globalstar LLC (collectively, "Globalstar") mobile satellite voice and data network. The purchase price for the contracts of \$250,000 was paid by the Company under an asset purchase agreement by and among the Company, its wholly owned subsidiary, Orbital Satcom, GTC and World Surveillance Group, Inc.

Included in the purchased assets are: (i) the rights and benefits granted to GTC under each of the Globalstar Contracts, subject to certain exclusions, (ii) account and online access to the Globalstar Cody Simplex activation system, (iii) GTC's existing customers who are serviced pursuant to the Globalstar Contracts (only as to their business directly and exclusively related to the Globalstar Contracts), and (iv) all of GTC's rights and benefits directly and exclusively related to the Globalstar Contracts.

Amortization of customer contracts are included in depreciation and amortization. For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company amortized \$18,750, respectively. Future amortization of intangible assets is as follows:

| 2020 | \$ 6,250 |
|---------------------|---------------|
| 2021 | 25,000 |
| 2022 | 25,000 |
| 2023 | 25,000 |
| 2024 and thereafter | 25,000 |
| Total | \$ 106,250 |

On February 19, 2015, the Company issued 444 of its common stock, par value \$0.0001, at \$112.50 per share, or \$50,000, to a consultant as compensation for the design and delivery of dual mode gsm/Globalstar Simplex tracking devices and related hardware and intellectual property. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$50,000 for the above-mentioned other asset, due to the delay in its launch to our existing product lines. For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, there were no additional expenditures on research and development.

NOTE 7 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED OTHER LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued other liabilities consisted of the following:

| | Septe | September 30, 2020 | | ecember 31, 2019 |
|--------------------------------------|-------|--------------------|----|------------------|
| Accounts payable | \$ | 773,807 | \$ | 901,244 |
| Rental deposits | | 11,146 | | 14,381 |
| Customer deposits payable | | 47,905 | | 46,089 |
| Accrued wages & payroll liabilities | | 453 | | 1,965 |
| Property tax payable | | - | | 2,770 |
| VAT liability & sales tax payable | | 100,232 | | 64,051 |
| Pre-merger accrued other liabilities | | 65,948 | | 65,948 |
| Accrued interest | | 80,481 | | 35,462 |
| Accrued other liabilities | | 22,500 | | 32,307 |
| Total | \$ | 1,102,472 | \$ | 1,164,217 |

NOTE 8 - LINE OF CREDIT

On October 9, 2019, Orbital Satcom Corp., entered into a short-term loan agreement for \$29,000, with Amazon. The one-year term loan is paid monthly, has an interest rate of 9.72%, with late payment penalty interest of 11.72%. For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company recorded interest expense of \$725 and \$0, respectively. The short-term line of credit balance as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, was \$4,798 and \$24,483, respectively.

NOTE 9 – NOTE EXCHANGE AGREEMENT

On April 30, 2019, the Company entered into a Shares for Note Exchange Agreement (each, an "Agreement" and collectively, the "Agreements") with certain holders of the Company's preferred stock (the "Converting Stockholders"). Pursuant to the terms of the Agreements, the Company agreed to exchange the preferred shares held by the respective Converting Stockholders for promissory notes as follows:

| Series of Preferred Stock | No. of Converting Holders of Preferred Stock | Aggregate No. of Shares Held by Converting Stockholders | Am | Aggregate Principal count of Notes into which Shares Converted |
|------------------------------|---|---|----|--|
| В | 1 | 222 | \$ | 11 |
| C | 1 | 123,526 | \$ | 12,353 |
| D | 3 | 147,577 | \$ | 29,516 |
| E | _ | _ | \$ | _ |
| F | 1 | 23,333 | \$ | 233 |
| G | 2 | 346,840 | \$ | 3,468 |
| Н | 3 | 916 | \$ | 916 |
| I | 3 | 3,241 | \$ | 3,241 |
| J | 5 | 4,296 | \$ | 42,961 |
| K | 7 | 70,571 | \$ | 70,571 |
| L | 3 | 1,333 | \$ | 5,000 |
| | TOTAL: | 721,855 | \$ | 168,270 |

In exchange for the above-referenced shares of preferred stock, the Company issued a promissory note (each, a "Note" and collectively, the "Notes") to each of the Converting Stockholders on April 30, 2019. Each Note bears interest at a rate of 6% per annum and is due on the second anniversary of the issuance date. Interest accrues on a simple interest, non-compounded basis and will be added to the principal amount on the maturity date. In the event that any amount due under a Note is not paid as and when due, such amounts will accrue interest at the rate of 12% per year, simple interest, non-compounding, until paid. The Company may prepay the Notes at any time.

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, the Company repaid \$46,422 of the notes, leaving a balance of \$121,848 as long-term notes payable. For the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company recorded interest of \$1,843 and \$1,843, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company recorded interest in relation to the note of \$5,488 and \$3,065, respectively. As of September 30, 2020, the company reclassified the note from long term to short term, resulting in current portion of notes payable of \$121,848.

NOTE 10 - CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE

Convertible notes payable - long term

On May 14, 2019 (the "Issue Date"), the Company entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the "NPA") by and among the Company and the lenders set forth on the lender schedule to the NPA (the "Lenders"), as amended by that certain Amendment to Note Purchase Agreement (the "Amendment," and, together with the NPA, the "Agreement") by and among the Company and the Lenders. In total, pursuant to the Agreement, the Company issued an aggregate principal amount of \$805,000 of its convertible promissory notes (the "Notes").

The Notes bear interest at a rate of 6% per annum, simple interest, and mature on the third anniversary of the Issue Date (the "Maturity Date"), to the extent that the Notes and the principal amounts and any interest accrued thereunder (the "Indebtedness") have not been converted into shares of common stock of the Company. Interest on the Notes will accrue on a simple interest, non-compounded basis and will be added to the principal amounts on the Maturity Date or such earlier date as may be due upon an Event of Default (as defined below), at which time all Indebtedness will be due and payable, unless earlier converted into Conversion Shares (as defined below). In the event that any amount due under the Notes is not paid as and when due, such amounts will accrue interest at the rate of 12% per year, simple interest, non-compounding, until paid. The Company may not pre-pay or redeem the Notes other than as required by the Agreement. The Notes are general, unsecured obligations of the Company. The proceeds of the Notes will be used to repay certain outstanding indebtedness of the Company and for general corporate purposes. For the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company recorded simple interest expense of \$11,191 and \$0, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company recorded simple interest expense of \$34,452 and \$87,779, respectively.

The holders of the Notes (the "Holders") have an optional right of conversion. A Holder may elect to convert its Note, and all of the Indebtedness outstanding as of such time, into the number of fully paid and non-assessable shares of Common Stock (the "Conversion Shares") as determined by dividing the Indebtedness by \$0.10, subject to certain adjustments, but excluding adjustment for a reserve stock split of no more than 1:20 contemplated by the Company at the Issue Date. The optional right of conversion is subject to a beneficial ownership limitation of 4.99% of the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the issuance of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion.

The Agreement contains customary representations and warranties and customary affirmative and negative covenants. These covenants include, among other things, certain limitations on the ability of the Company to: (i) pay dividends on its capital stock; (ii) make distributions in respect of its capital stock; (iii) acquire shares of capital stock; and, (iv) sell, lease or dispose of assets. Pursuant to the Agreement, the Holders are granted demand registration rights and pre-emptive rights as set forth in the Agreement. The Agreement includes customary events of default, including, among others: (i) non-payment of amounts due thereunder, (ii) non-compliance with covenants thereunder, (iii) bankruptcy or insolvency (each, an "Event of Default"). Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, a majority of the Holders may accelerate the maturity of the Indebtedness.

On June 15, 2020, Orbsat Corp (the "Company") and the holders of the majority convertible promissory notes sold by the Company in the May 2019 private offering agreed to amend certain terms and provisions of the Note Purchase Agreement dated as of May 13, 2019 (the "NPA") and related convertible promissory notes (the "Notes") consistent with the terms of such instruments as follows:

- 1. to amend Section 2 of the Notes to allow the Company to pre-pay or redeem such Notes, with mutual consent of the parties to the Notes;
- 2. to amend Section 3(a) of the Notes to change the "Conversion Price" from \$0.10 per share to \$0.20 per share;
- 3. to amend Section 4 the beneficial ownership limitation upon conversion of the Notes from 4.99% to 9.99%;

- 4. to amend Section 6.1 of the NPA to add "Most Favored Nation" provision such that for a period beginning on the closing date and ending two years thereafter, if the Company issues any common stock or securities convertible into or exercisable for shares of common stock or modify any of the foregoing which may be outstanding to any person or entity at a price per share or conversion or exercise price per share which shall be less than \$0.20 per share, the "Lower Price Issuance", then the Company will issue such additional units such that the subscriber/lender, will hold that number of units in total had subscriber/lender purchased the units with the purchase price equal to the lower price issuance common stock issued or issuable by the Company, notwithstanding anything herein or in any other agreement to the contrary, the Company should only be required to make a single adjustment with respect to any lower price issuance regardless of the existence of multiple bases;
- 5. Section 6.2(b) of the NPA to waive a negative covenant to allow the Company to issue up to 100,000 shares of its common stock as compensation for services to various service providers, consultants, etc.; and
- 6. Section 6.2(c) of the NPA to waive a negative covenant to allow the Company to put into place an employee stock option plan, or a similar plan, to grant equity in the Company to its officers, directors and employees.

In comparison to the fair market value of the common stock on May 14, 2019, and the fixed effective conversion rate of \$0.10 per common share, the lesser amount of the conversion feature or debt was \$805,000 and presented a beneficial conversion feature. Thus, the Company recorded a discount on the debt of \$805,000 with a corresponding increase to additional paid in capital. For the year ended December 31, 2019, we amortized the discount on the debt, to interest expense of \$169,668, resulting in a balance of unamortized discount notes payable of \$635,333.

On June 15, 2020, the change in conversion price from \$0.10 to \$0.20, resulted in a difference in the carrying value of the balance of the note payable. Under ASC 470-50-40-13, if it is determined that the original and new debt instruments are substantially different, the new debt instrument shall be initially recorded at fair value, and that amount shall be used to determine the debt extinguishment gain or loss to be recognized and the effective rate of the new instrument. The original debt had a carrying value of \$269,262 as of June 15, 2020, the fair value of the amended debt was \$0 (\$792,932 principle netted with the \$792,392 note payable discount), which resulted a gain from the extinguishment of debt \$269,262. Further, as of June 30, 2020, the Company recorded a beneficial conversion feature of the amended note of \$17,041, resulting in a balance of unamortized discount notes payable of \$775,892 as of June 30, 2020. For the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company amortized the discount on the debt, to interest expense of \$348,563, resulting in a balance of unamortized discount notes payable of \$427,329.

On August 21, 2020, Orbsat Corp (the "Company") entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the "NPA2") by and among the Company and certain lenders set forth on the lender schedule to the NPA2 (the "Lenders"). Pursuant to the terms of the NPA2, the Company sold an aggregate principal amount of \$933,000 of its convertible promissory notes (the "Notes"). The Notes are general, unsecured obligations of the Company and bear simple interest at a rate of 6% per annum, and mature on the third anniversary of the date of issuance (the "Maturity Date"), to the extent that the Notes and the principal amounts and any interest accrued thereunder have not been converted into shares of the Company's common stock. In the event that any amount due under the Notes is not paid as and when due, such amounts will accrue interest at the rate of 12% per year, simple interest, non-compounding, until paid. The Company may not pre-pay or redeem the Notes other than as required by the Agreement. The Note holders have an optional right of conversion such that a Noteholder may elect to convert his Note, in whole or in part, outstanding as of such time, into the number of fully paid and non-assessable shares of the Company's common stock as determined by dividing the outstanding indebtedness by \$0.20, subject to certain adjustments. This optional right of conversion is subject to a beneficial ownership limitation of 9.99% of the number of shares of the Company's common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the share issuance upon conversion. The holders of the Notes are granted demand registration rights and pre-emptive rights. In addition, the NPA2 includes customary events of default, including, among others: (i) non-payment of amounts due thereunder, (ii) non-compliance with covenants thereunder, (iii) bankruptcy or insolvency. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, a majority of the Holders may accelerate the maturity of the Indebtedness. The closing of this offering took place on August 21, 2020.

In comparison to the fair market value of the common stock on August 21, 2020, and the fixed effective conversion rate of \$0.20 per common share, the lesser amount of the conversion feature or debt was \$898,918 and presented a beneficial conversion feature. Thus, the Company recorded a discount on the debt of \$898,918 with a corresponding increase to additional paid in capital. For the three months ended, the Company amortized the discount on the debt, to interest expense of \$274,865, resulting in a balance of unamortized discount notes payable of \$624,053.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Holders converted a total of \$585,589 of the convertible debt to common stock into 2,988,283 common shares, 120,676 at the conversion rate of \$0.10 per share and 2,867,607 common shares at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share. The balance of the convertible notes at September 30, 2020, net of unamortized discount of \$1,051,382, is \$101,029.

NOTE 11 CORONAVIRUS LOANS

On May 8, 2020, Orbsat Corp was approved for the US funded Payroll Protection Program, ("PPP") loan. The loan is for \$20,832 and has a term of 2 years, of which the first 6 months are deferred at an interest rate of 1%. As of September 30, 2020, the Company has recorded \$13,020 as current portion of notes payable and \$7,812 as notes payable long term.

On April 20, 2020, the Board of Directors of Orbsat Corp (the "Company"), approved for its wholly owned UK subsidiary, Global Telesat Communications LTD ("GTC"), to apply for a Coronavirus Interruption Loan, offered by the UK government, for an amount up to £250,000. On July 16, 2020 (the "Issue Date"), GTC, entered into a Coronavirus Interruption Loan Agreement ("Debenture") by and among the Company and HSBC UK Bank PLC (the "Lender") for an amount of £250,000, or USD\$313,875 at an exchange rate of GBP:USD of 1.2555. The Debenture bears interest at a rate of 3.99% per annum over the Bank of England Base Rate (0.1% as of July 16, 2020), payable monthly on the outstanding principal amount of the Debenture. The Debenture has a term of 6 years from the date of drawdown, July 15, 2026, the "Maturity Date". The first repayment of £4,166.67 (exclusive of interest) will be made 13 month(s) after July 16, 2020. Voluntary prepayments are allowed with 5 business days' written notice and the amount of the prepayment is equal to 10% or more of the Limit or, if less, the balance of the debenture. The Debenture is secured by all GTC's assets as well as a guarantee by the UK government, with the proceeds of the Debenture are to be used for general corporate and working capital purposes. The Debenture includes customary events of default, including, among others: (i) non-payment of amounts due thereunder, (ii) non-compliance with covenants thereunder, (iii) bankruptcy or insolvency (each, an "Event of Default"). Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, the Debenture becomes payable upon demand.

NOTE 12 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Capital Structure

On March 28, 2014, in connection with the Reincorporation (see Note 1), all share and per share values for all periods presented in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements are retroactively restated for the effect of the Reincorporation.

On March 5, 2016, the Company shareholders voted in favor of an amendment to its Articles of Incorporation to increase the total number of shares of authorized capital stock to 800,000,000 shares consisting of (i) 750,000,000 shares of common stock and (ii) 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock from 220,000,000 shares consisting of (i) 200,000,000 shares of common stock and (ii) 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock.

Effective March 8, 2018, we conducted a reverse split of our common stock at a ratio of 1 for 150. All share and per share information in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and footnotes has been retroactively restated to reflect the reverse split.

On July 24, 2019, the Company filed a Certificate of Change (the "Certificate of Change") with the Nevada Secretary of State. The Certificate of Change provides for (i) a 1-for-15 reverse split (the "Reverse Split") of the Company's common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share, and the Company's preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value per share, (ii) a reduction in the number of authorized shares of common stock in direct proportion to the Reverse Split (i.e. from 750,000,000 shares to 50,000,000 shares), and (iii) a reduction in the number of authorized shares of preferred stock in direct proportion to the Reverse Split (i.e. from 50,000,000 shares to 3,333,333 shares). No fractional shares will be issued in connection with the Reverse Split. Stockholders who otherwise would be entitled to receive fractional shares of common stock or preferred stock, as the case may be, will have the number of post-Reverse Split shares to which they are entitled rounded up to the nearest whole number of shares. No stockholders will receive cash in lieu of fractional shares. The Reverse Split was approved by FINRA on August 19, 2019.

The authorized capital of the Company consists of 50,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share and 3,333,333 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, as of September 30, 2020.

Preferred Stock

As of September 30, 2020, there were 3,333,333 shares of Preferred Stock authorized.

On December 5, 2017, pursuant to the approval of our board of directors and a majority of the shareholders in each class, we amended the Certificates of Designation for our Series C, D, E, H, I, J, and K Preferred Stock. The amendments changed the conversion rights of these classes of preferred stock such that the Maximum Conversion as defined in each such Certificate of Designation was increased from 4.99% to 9.99% of our outstanding shares of common stock.

On May 20, 2019, following the approval on May 14, 2019, of the board of directors the Company and a majority of the shareholders of the Series E preferred stock, the Company filed an Amended and Restated Certificate of Designations for the Company's Series E preferred stock. The amendments had the effect of changing the conversion rights such that the 9.99% blocker was eliminated.

On July 12, 2019, pursuant to the approval of our board of directors and a majority of the shareholders in each class, we amended the Certificates of Designation for our Series E, I and L Preferred Stock. The amendments had the effect of authorizing the Company's Board to require the conversion of the Series E, I and L preferred stock into common stock of the Company at the then-applicable conversion ratio, without the approval of any holders of Series E, I and L preferred stock.

Also on July 12, 2019, the Company filed Certificates of Withdrawal of Certificate of Designations for the Company's Series A, B, C, D, F, G, H and J preferred stock, pursuant to which the Series A, B, C, D, F, G, H and J preferred stock was cancelled.

On July 15, 2019, the Company filed a Certificate of Withdrawal of Certificate of Designations (the "Series K Certificate") for the Company's Series K preferred stock, pursuant to which the Series K preferred stock was cancelled.

On July 18, 2019, the Company filed Certificates of Withdrawal of Designations for the Company's Series E, I and L preferred stock, pursuant to which the Series E, I and L preferred stock was cancelled.

As of September 30, 2020, there were no shares of Series A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K and L convertible preferred stock authorized, and no shares issued and outstanding.

Common Stock

As of September 30, 2020, there were 50,000,000 shares of common stock authorized and 3,564,299 shares issued and outstanding.

On January 30, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 18,147 common stock upon the conversion of \$1,815 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.10 per share.

On January 31, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 18,147 common stock upon the conversion of \$1,815 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.10 per share.

On February 10, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 25,421 common stock upon the conversion of \$2,542 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.10 per share.

On February 11, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 23,580 common stock upon the conversion of \$2,358 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.10 per share.

On February 18, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 13,192 common stock upon the conversion of \$1,319 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.10 per share.

On February 19, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 4,468 common stock upon the conversion of \$446 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.10 per share.

On March 9, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 10,305 common stock upon the conversion of \$1,031 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.10 per share.

On April 17, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 7,046 common stock upon the conversion of \$705 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.10 per share.

On April 22, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 370 common stock upon the conversion of \$37 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.10 per share.

On June 22, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 13,437 common stock upon the conversion of \$2,687 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On July 8, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 1,095 common stock upon the conversion of \$219 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On July 16, 2020, the Company's Board of Directors approved and the Company entered into a 12-month consulting agreement ("Consulting Agreement") with an unrelated third-party for capital raising advisory services and business growth and development services, with the term renewable upon mutual consent of the parties. Upon signing of the Consulting Agreement, the Company agreed to issue 20,000 restricted shares of its common stock to the consultant (the "Consulting Shares"), 5,000 additional restricted shares of common stock to be issued quarterly until the consultant may receive cash compensation for its services, which will be determined, upon completion of certain milestones, by the Company's CEO.

On July 23, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 2,342 common stock upon the conversion of \$468 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On August 26, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 586,000 common stock upon the conversion of \$117,200 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On September 1, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 148,424 common stock upon the conversion of \$29,685 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On September 2, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 21,753 common stock upon the conversion of \$4,351 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On September 8, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 167,998 common stock upon the conversion of \$33,600 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On September 10, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 572,285 common stock upon the conversion of \$114,457 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On September 11, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 75,000 common stock upon the conversion of \$15,000 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On September 14, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 331,472 common stock upon the conversion of \$66,294 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On September 15, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 67,647 common stock upon the conversion of \$13,529 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On September 16, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 151,373 common stock upon the conversion of \$30,275 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On September 17, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 165,985 common stock upon the conversion of \$33,197 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On September 21, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 28,901 common stock upon the conversion of \$5,780 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On September 22, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 275,026 common stock upon the conversion of \$55,005 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On September 30, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 216,199 common stock upon the conversion of \$43,240 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

Stock Options

2018 Incentive Plan

On June 14, 2018, our Board of Directors approved the 2018 Incentive Plan (the "Plan"). The 2014 Equity Incentive Plan was closed and superseded by the 2018 Incentive Plan. The purpose of the Plan is to provide a means for the Company to continue to attract, motivate and retain management, key employees, consultants and other independent contractors, and to provide these individuals with greater incentive for their service to the Company by linking their interests in the Company's success with those of the Company and its shareholders. An Award may also be granted to any consultant, agent, advisor or independent contractor for bona fide services rendered to the Company or any Related Company that; are not in connection with the offer and sale of the Company's securities in a capital raising transaction, and do not directly or indirectly promote or maintain a market for the Company's securities. The Plan shall be administered by the Board or its Compensation Committee and may grant Options designated as Incentive Stock Options or Nonqualified Stock Options. The Plan provides that up to a maximum of 66,667 shares of the Company's common stock (subject to adjustment) are available for issuance under the Plan. Subject to earlier termination in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the instrument evidencing the Option, the maximum term of an Incentive Stock Option shall not exceed ten years, and in the case of an Incentive Stock Option granted to a Ten Percent Stockholder, shall not exceed five years. Any portion of an Option that is not vested and exercisable on the date of a Participant's Termination of Service shall expire on such date. In the event of a Change in Control; all outstanding Awards, other than Performance Shares and Performance Units, shall become fully and immediately exercisable, and all applicable deferral and restriction limitations or forfeiture provisions shall lapse, immediately prior to the Change in Control and shall terminate at the effective time of the Change in Control; provided, ho

The exercise price of an Incentive Stock Option shall be at least 100% of the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock on the Grant Date, and in the case of an Incentive Stock Option granted to a Participant who owns more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of the stock of the Company or of its parent or subsidiary corporations (a "Ten Percent Stockholder"), shall not be less than 110% of the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock on the Grant Date. As of December 31, 2018, Mr. David Phipps, is a Ten Percent Stockholder. The determination of more than 10% ownership shall be made in accordance with Section 422 of the Code. To the extent the aggregate Fair Market Value (determined as of the Grant Date) of Common Stock with respect to which a Participant's Incentive Stock Options become exercisable for the first time during any calendar year (under the Plan and all other stock option plans of the Company and its parent and subsidiary corporations) exceeds \$100,000, such portion in excess of \$100,000 shall be treated as a Nonqualified Stock Option.

On June 14, 2018, we issued 18,333 new stock options to our executives and directors under the 2018 Incentive Plan. All options issued have an exercise price of \$22.50 per share, with the exception of David Phipps, a Ten Percent Stockholder, whose exercise price is \$24.00, vest in equal quarterly instalments starting July 1, 2018 over the next two years and expire on July 1, 2021. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the amount of vested options was 4,583. On July 1, 2018, 2,292 options were fully vested and valued on the vesting date at approximately \$20.70 per option or a total of \$47,422 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: strike price of 22.50 stock price of \$20.70 per share (based on the market price at close on July 1, 2018) volatility of 718%, expected term of 3 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 2.69%. On October 1, 2018, an additional 2,292 options were fully vested and valued on the vesting date at approximately \$20.70 per option or a total of \$47,422 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$20.70 per share (based on the market price close at grant date on June 14, 2018) volatility of 607%, expected term of 3 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 2.64%. In reference to this grant, the company recorded stock-based compensation of \$81,698 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

On December 18, 2018, the Company cancelled the unvested portion of options previously granted on June 14, 2018, under the 2018 Incentive Plan totaling 13,750. The grants cancelled will be returned to the Plan.

The number of options cancelled to our officers and directors were as follows:

| David Phipps, President, CEO, and Director | (5,000) |
|--|---------|
| Theresa Carlise, CFO | (2,500) |
| Hector Delgado, Director | (1,250) |

In addition, we cancelled options to purchase a total of (5,000) shares to two key employees.

On December 18, 2018, we issued 55,417 new stock options to our executives and directors under the 2018 Incentive Plan. All options issued have an exercise price of \$2.25 per share, with the exception of David Phipps, a Ten Percent Stockholder, whose exercise price is \$2.55, are fully vested and expire on December 17, 2023. The options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$2.25 per option or a total of \$124,674 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: strike price of \$2.25 stock price of \$2.25 per share (based on the market price at close on December 17, 2018) volatility of 773%, expected term of 5 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 2.69%.

On January 18, 2019, David Phipps exercised 21,667 options via a cashless exercise. Additionally, on January 18, 2019, two employees exercised 18,333 options through a cashless exercise. The Company withheld newly acquired shares pursuant to the exercise of the Option. The amount of common stock issued is calculated by using [Number of Options Exercising] *minus* [Exercise Price] * [Number of Options Exercising] *divided by* [Prior Close OSAT Market Price]. As a result of the exercise 21,619 shares of common stock were issued.

| | | | | | Shares | Common |
|--------------|-----------|----|----------|------------|-------------|--------|
| | Options | I | Exercise | Market | withheld as | Stock |
| | Exercised | | Price | Price | Payment | Issued |
| David Phipps | 21,667 | \$ | 2.55 | \$ 5.25 | 10,524 | 11,143 |
| Other | 18,333 | \$ | 2.25 | \$ 5.25 | 7,857 | 10,476 |
| | 40,000 | | | | 18,381 | 21,619 |

2020 Incentive Plan

On August 21, 2020, the Company's Board of Directors approved and adopted the Company's 2020 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2020 Plan"). The purpose of the 2020 Plan is to provide a means for the Company to continue to attract, motivate and retain management, key employees, directors and consultants. The 2020 Plan provides that up to a maximum of 2,250,000 shares of the Company's common stock, subject to adjustment, are available for issuance under the 2020 Plan. A copy of the 2020 Plan is filed as Exhibit 10.2 to this Form 8-K and is incorporated by reference herein.

Following the adoption of the 2020 Plan, the Board approved issuances of certain stock options to its executives, directors and employees under the 2020 Plan. Specifically, the stock options issued to David Phipps, CEO (400,000), Theresa Carlise, former CFO (71,000) and Hector Delgado, a Board member (21,000), all have an exercise price of \$0.20 per share, respectively, fully vest upon issuance and expire on August 20, 2030. In addition, the Board approved additional 160,000 stock options to the Company's 7 key employees, on the same terms as those issued to the Company's officers and director.

On August 25, 2020, David Phipps exercised 400,000 options via a cashless exercise. Additionally, on August 25, 2020, two employees exercised 110,000 options through a cashless exercise. The Company withheld newly acquired shares pursuant to the exercise of the Option. The amount of common stock issued is calculated by using [Number of Options Exercising] *minus* [Exercise Price] * [Number of Options Exercising] *divided by* [Prior Close OSAT Market Price]. As a result of the exercise 408,000 shares of common stock were issued.

| | Options Exercised | Exercise Price | Market Price | Shares withheld as Payment | Common Stock Issued |
|--------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| David Phipps | 400,000 | \$ 0.20 | \$ 0.25 | 80,000 | 320,000 |
| Other | 110,000 | \$ 0.20 | \$ 0.25 | 22,000 | 88,000 |
| | 510,000 | | | 102,000 | 408,000 |

Options Issued Outside of Plan

On February 19, 2015, the Company issued to Mr. Rector, the former Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and director of the Company, a seven-year option to purchase 956 shares of common stock as compensation for services provided to the Company. The options have an exercise price of \$112.50 per share, were fully vested on the date of grant and shall expire in February 2022. The 956 options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$112.50 per option or a total of \$107,500 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$112.50 per share (based on the sale of common stock in a private placement), volatility of 380%, expected term of 7 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.58%. In connection with the stock option grant, the Company recorded stock-based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2015 of \$107,500, respectively.

On December 28, 2015, the Company issued Ms. Carlise, Chief Financial Officer, a ten-year option to purchase 222 shares of common stock as compensation for services provided to the Company. The options have an exercise price of \$112.50 per share, were fully vested on the date of grant and shall expire in December 2025. The 222 options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$2,925.29 per option or a total of \$650,000 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of 2,925.29 per share (based on the closing price of the Company's common stock of the date of issuance), volatility of 992%, expected term of 10 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.05%. In connection with the stock option grant, the Company recorded stock-based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2015 of \$650,000, respectively.

Also, on December 28, 2015, the Company issued Mr. Delgado, its Director, a ten-year option to purchase 89 shares of common stock as compensation for services provided to the Company. The options have an exercise price of \$112.50 per share, were fully vested on the date of grant and shall expire in December 2025. The 89 options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$2,925.73 per option or a total of \$260,000 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$2,925.73 per share (based on the closing price of the Company's common stock of the date of issuance), volatility of 992%, expected term of 10 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.05%. In connection with the stock option grant, the Company recorded stock-based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2015 of \$260,000, respectively.

On December 16, 2016, the Company issued options to Mr. Phipps, to purchase up to 4,444 shares of common stock. The options were issued outside of the Company's 2014 Equity Incentive Plan and are not governed by the 2014 Plan. The options have an exercise price of \$122.50 per share, vest immediately, and have a term of ten years. The 4,444 options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$42.75 per option or a total of \$190,000 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$42.75 per share (based on the closing price of the Company's common stock of the date of issuance), volatility of 872%, expected term of 10 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.0500%. In connection with the stock option grant, the Company recorded stock-based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2016 of \$190,000, respectively.

On May 26, 2017, the Company issued 2,222 options to Mr. Phipps, 1,667 options to Theresa Carlise, 556 options to Hector Delgado, its Director and 8,889 options to certain employees of the Company. The employees are the adult children of our Chief Executive Officer. The options were issued outside of the Company's 2014 Equity Incentive Plan and are not governed by the 2014 Plan. The options have an exercise price of \$122.50 per share, vest immediately, and have a term of ten years. The 13,333 options were valued on the grant date at approximately \$45.00 per option or a total of \$600,000 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$45.00 per share (based on the closing price of the Company's common stock of the date of issuance), volatility of 736%, expected term of 10 years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.30%. In connection with the stock option grant, for the years ended December 31, 2017, the Company recorded stock-based compensation of \$600,000. For the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 the Company recorded stock-based compensation of \$219,518 and \$0, respectively.

Following the adoption of the 2020 Plan, the Board approved issuances of certain stock options to its executives, directors and employees under the 2020 Plan. Specifically, the stock options issued to David Phipps, CEO (400,000), Theresa Carlise, CFO (71,000) and Hector Delgado, a Board member (21,000), all have an exercise price of \$0.20 per share, respectively, fully vest upon issuance and expire on August 20, 2030. In addition, the Board approved additional 160,000 stock options to the Company's 7 key employees, on the same terms as those issued to the Company's officers and director. The Company uses the Black-Scholes Model to calculate the fair value of its options. The valuation result generated by this pricing model is necessarily driven by the value of the underlying common stock incorporated into the model. Management determined the expected volatility was 496.13%, a risk free rate of interest between 0.13%, and contractual lives of the options of ten years. In connection with the stock option grant, for the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company recorded a charge for the fair value of options granted of \$130,400.

Stock options outstanding at September 30, 2020, as disclosed in the below table, have approximately \$276,212 of intrinsic value at the end of the period.

A summary of the status of the Company's outstanding stock options and changes during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 is as follows:

| | Number of Options | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years) | |
|---|----------------------|--|---|--|
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | 39,044 | \$ 17.49 | 5.16 | |
| Granted | 817,000 | 0.20 | 9.90 | |
| Exercised | (531,000) | 0.20 | 9.89 | |
| Forfeited | - | - | - | |
| Cancelled | | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | |
| Balance outstanding at September 30, 2020 | 325,044 | \$ 2.28 | 9.25 | |
| Options exercisable at September 30, 2020 | 325,044 | \$ 2.28 | 9.25 | |

A summary of the status of the Company's outstanding warrants and changes during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 is as follows:

| | Number of Warrants | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years) | |
|---|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | 4,000 | \$ 60.00 | 0.62 | |
| Granted | - | - | | |
| Exercised | - | - | - | |
| Forfeited | - | - | | |
| Cancelled | - | - | - | |
| Balance outstanding and exercisable at September 30, 2020 | 4,000 | \$ 60.00 | 0.62 | |

As of September 30, 2020, and December 31, 2019, there were 4,000 warrants outstanding, respectively.

NOTE 13 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As of September 30, 2020, the accounts payable due to related party includes advances for inventory and services due to David Phipps of \$24,062, accrued director fees of \$5,000 due to Hector Delgado, Director and expenses due to Theresa Carlise of \$3,120. Total related party payments due as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 are \$32,182 and \$51,071, respectively. Those related party payable are non-interest bearing and due on demand.

The Company employs three individuals who are related to Mr. Phipps, of which earned gross wages totaling \$58,149 and \$46,116 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

COVID-19

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization announced that infections of the novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) had become pandemic, and on March 13, the U.S. President announced a National Emergency relating to the disease. There is a possibility of continued widespread infection in the United States and abroad, with the potential for catastrophic impact. National, state and local authorities have required or recommended social distancing and imposed or are considering quarantine and isolation measures on large portions of the population, including mandatory business closures. These measures, while intended to protect human life, are expected to have serious adverse impacts on domestic and foreign economies of uncertain severity and duration. Some economists are predicting the United States will soon enter a recession. The sweeping nature of the coronavirus pandemic makes it extremely difficult to predict how the Company's business and operations will be affected in the longer run, but we expect that it may materially affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. The extent to which the coronavirus impacts our results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the coronavirus and the actions to contain the coronavirus or treat its impact, among others. Moreover, the coronavirus outbreak has begun to have indeterminable adverse effects on general commercial activity and the world economy, and our business and results of operations could be adversely affected to the extent that this coronavirus or any other epidemic harms the global economy generally and/or the markets in which we operate specifically. Any of the foregoing factors, or other cascading effects of the coronavirus pandemic that are not currently foreseeable, could materially increase our costs, negatively impact our revenues and damage the Company's results of operations and its liquidity position, possibly to a sig

The Company may incur significant delays and/or expenses in addition to, impairing its ability to secure additional financing, relating to the worldwide COVID-19 (coronavirus) pandemic. It is presently unknown whether and to what extent the Company's supply chains may be affected if the pandemic persists for an extended period of time. The Company may incur significant delays or expenses relating to such events outside of its control, which could have a material adverse impact on its business, operating results and financial condition. The Company's reliance on securing additional capital for its public company expenses may be impaired due to the effect on the U.S. financial markets. The inability to obtain appropriate financing, may affect its compliance requirements as a public company. The Company has been using its working capital from its operating subsidiaries, to support its public company expenses. The continued drain on its working capital have forced the Company to incur cutbacks, which may affect its future operating revenue as well as, its ability to continue operations.

Employment Agreements

On June 14, 2018, the Company entered into a two (2) year Employment Agreement (the "Phipps Agreement") with Mr. Phipps, with an automatic one (1) year extension. Under the Phipps Agreement, Mr. Phipps will serve as the Company's Chief Executive Officer and President and will receive an annual base salary equal to the sum of \$170,000 and £48,000 to be paid through our operating subsidiary, GTCL. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the £48,000 equivalent to USD is \$62,219 and the yearly conversion rate is 1.296229. The Phipps Agreement provides for a performance bonus based on exceeding our annual revenue goals and on our ability to attract new investment. The Phipps Agreement also provides for medical plan coverage, an auto allowance, paid vacation, and discretionary stock grants and option awards. In the event of termination without cause, termination as a result of a change in control, or resignation with good reason (as defined in the Phipps Agreement), Mr. Phipps will be entitled to a severance equal to twice his base salary, the immediate vesting of all unvested options, and other benefits. The Phipps Agreement terminates and supersedes the Original Phipps Agreement (as defined below) and any subsequent amendments, effective as of the June 14, 2018.

Previously the Company had a two-year Executive Employment Agreement with Mr. Phipps, effective January 1, 2016 (the "Original Phipps Agreement"). Under the Original Phipps Agreement, Mr. Phipps agreed to serve as the Company's Chief Executive Officer and President and received an annual base salary equal to the sum of \$144,000 and £48,000, or \$61,833 at the yearly conversion rate of 1.288190. Mr. Phipps was also eligible for bonus compensation in an amount equal to up to fifty (50%) percent of his then-current base salary if the Company meets or exceeds criteria adopted by the Compensation Committee, if any, or Board and equity awards as may be approved in the discretion of the Compensation Committee or Board. On January 1, 2018, the Original Phipps Agreement automatically renewed for another year.

Also, on June 14, 2018, we entered into a new Employment Agreement ("Carlise Agreement") with our Chief Financial Officer, Theresa Carlise. The Carlise Agreement is for a period of two (2) years, with an automatic one (1) year extension. Ms. Carlise's base salary is \$150,000 per year. The Carlise Agreement provides for performance bonuses based on exceeding our annual revenue goals and on our ability to attract new investment. The Carlise Agreement also provides for medical plan coverage, an auto allowance, paid vacation, and discretionary stock grants and option awards. In the event of termination without cause, termination as a result of a change in control, or resignation with good reason (as defined in the Carlise Agreement), Ms. Carlise will be entitled to a severance equal to twice her base salary, the immediate vesting of all unvested options, and other benefits. The Carlise Agreement terminates and supersedes the Original Carlise Agreement (as defined below) and any subsequent amendments, effective as of the June 14, 2018.

Prior to June 14, 2018, the Company had a one-year agreement with Ms. Carlise, as its Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary (the "Original Carlise Agreement"). The Original Carlise Agreement provided for an annual compensation of \$140,000 as well as medical benefits. The Original Carlise Agreement was effective December 1, 2016 and had an automatic renewal clause pursuant to which the Original Carlise Agreement renews itself for another year, if not cancelled by the Company previously. The Original Carlise Agreement had been automatically extended for an additional term of one year on December 1, 2017. In addition to the base salary of \$140,000 annually, Ms. Carlise was eligible to receive an annual cash bonus if the Company meets or exceeds criteria adopted by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors and shall be eligible for grants of awards under stock option or other equity incentive plans of the Company.

On March 13, 2020, the Company and David Phipps and Theresa Carlise, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, respectively, executed waivers of the provisions in their respective employment agreement requiring prior written notice of non-renewal to the other party. As a result, their respective employment terms with the Company will not be automatically extended as set forth in such employment agreements and will terminate as of June 14, 2020.

On August 13, 2020, the Company's Board approved and authorized the continued employment of David Phipps and Theresa Carlise, as the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, respectively, for a 30-day period, commencing as of August 14, 2020 and terminating on September 13, 2020, which employment term may be extended as agreed by the Company and the respective executive officers on the substantially the same compensation and other material terms during the period of the continued employment as those set forth in their previous employment agreements. As previously disclosed, in March 2020, the Company and above-referenced executive officers executed waivers of the provisions in their respective employment agreement requiring prior written notice of non-renewal to the other party. As a result, their respective employment terms with the Company were not automatically extended as set forth in such employment agreements and terminated as of June 13, 2020. As previously disclosed on June 13, 2020, the Company renewed their respective agreements for 30 days, commencing on June 14 through July 13, 2020. Also, as previously disclosed on July 13, 2020, the Company renewed their respective agreements for 30 days, commencing on July 14 through August 13, 2020.

On September 11, 2020, the Company's Board approved and authorized the continued employment of David Phipps and Theresa Carlise, as the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, respectively, for a 30-day period, commencing as of September 14, 2020 and terminating on October 13, 2020, which employment term may be extended as agreed by the Company and the respective executive officers on substantially the same compensation and other material terms during the period of the continued employment as those set forth in their previous employment agreements. As previously disclosed, in March 2020, the Company and above-referenced executive officers executed waivers of the provisions in their respective employment agreement requiring prior written notice of non-renewal to the other party. As a result, their respective employment terms with the Company were not automatically extended as set forth in such employment agreements and terminated as of June 13, 2020. As previously disclosed on June 13, 2020, the Company renewed their respective agreements for 30 days, commencing on June 14 through July 13, 2020. As previously disclosed on August 14, 2020, the Company renewed their respective agreements for another 30 days, commencing on August 14 through September 13, 2020.

On October 14, 2020, the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Orbsat Corp (the "Company") effected the following changes to the Company's executive management:

- (i) extended David Phipps' (the Company's Chief Executive Officer) employment with the Company for another 30-day period, commencing on October 14, 2020, with his respective compensation and other material terms during the such term to remain substantially the same as those set forth in the previous extensions to his employment agreement;
- (ii) continued, following the October 16, 2020 expiration of Theresa Carlise's CFO employment agreement with the Company, to retain her services on a non-exclusive basis as the Company's Comptroller to facilitate the CFO transition, for cash compensation of \$2,000/week. Ms. Carlise will be so engaged at the pleasure of the Board and her engagement may be terminated upon one week's advance notice; and
- (iii) to appoint Thomas Seifert as the Company's Chief Financial Officer for a period of 12 months commencing on October 19, 2020, for cash compensation of \$7,500/month, and such additional equity compensation as the Board may determine in the future, subject to periodic review and adjustment by the Board in its sole discretion. He will also be eligible to receive various other benefits if and to the extent available to the employees of the Company.

On November 12, 2020, the Company's Board approved and authorized the continued employment of David Phipps, as the Company's Chief Executive Officer, for a 90-day period, commencing as of November 13, 2020, which employment term may be extended as agreed by the Company and the executive officer on substantially the same compensation and other material terms during the period of the continued employment as those set forth in his previous employment agreement. As previously disclosed, in March 2020, the Company and above-referenced executive officer executed a waiver of the provisions in his employment agreement requiring prior written notice of non-renewal to the other party. As a result, his employment terms with the Company were not automatically extended as set forth in such employment agreement and terminated as of June 13, 2020. As previously disclosed on June 13, 2020, the Company renewed his agreement for 30 days, commencing on July 14 through August 13, 2020. As previously disclosed on August 14, 2020, the Company renewed his agreement for another 30 days, commencing on August 14 through September 13, 2020. As previously disclosed on October 14, 2020, the Company renewed his agreement for another 30 days, commencing on October 14 through November 13, 2020. On November 12, 2020, the Company renewed his agreement for another 30 days, commencing November 13, 2020.

Consulting Agreements

On May 13, 2019, the Company entered into two consulting agreements (each, a "Consulting Agreement" and together, the "Consulting Agreements") with unrelated third parties to provide capital raising advisory services and business growth and development services, each for a term of nine months. In exchange for such services, each consultant will receive (i) a Note in the amount of \$44,000 issued pursuant to the Agreement, (ii) a Note in the amount of \$12,500 with a maturity of three years bearing interest at a rate of 6% per annum with an optional right of conversion, (iii) payment of a retainer ranging from \$10,000 to \$30,000, and (iv) monthly payments ranging from \$5,000 to \$10,000 for nine months. On August 29, 2019, one of the consulting agreements was extended for another three months to expire on February 13, 2020 and the other was extended on September 1, 2019 for another two months and expired on January 13, 2020. For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company recorded professional fees of \$16,290 and \$0, respectively, relating to the Consulting Agreements.

Lease Agreement

Effective July 24, 2019, a three-year lease was signed for 2,660 square feet for £25,536 annually, for our facilities in Poole, England for £2,128 per month, or \$2,706 per month at the yearly average conversion rate of 1.271713, or \$2,822 using exchange rate close at December 31, 2019 of 1.3262. The lease has been renewed until July 23, 2022.

Such leases do not require any contingent rental payments, impose any financial restrictions, or contain any residual value guarantees. Variable expenses generally represent the Company's share of the landlord's operating expenses. The Company does not have any leases classified as financing leases.

The rate implicit in each lease is not readily determinable, and we therefore use our incremental borrowing rate to determine the present value of the lease payments. The weighted average incremental borrowing rate used to determine the initial value of right of use (ROU) assets and lease liabilities during the year ended December 31, 2019 was 6.00%, derived from borrowing rate, as obtained from the Company's current lenders. Right of use assets for operating leases are periodically reduced by impairment losses. We use the long-lived assets impairment guidance in ASC Subtopic 360-10, Property, Plant, and Equipment – Overall, to determine whether an ROU asset is impaired, and if so, the amount of the impairment loss to recognize. As of December 31, 2019, we have not recognized any impairment losses for our ROU assets.

We monitor for events or changes in circumstances that require a reassessment of one of our leases. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of a lease liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the corresponding ROU asset unless doing so would reduce the carrying amount of the ROU asset to an amount less than zero. In that case, the amount of the adjustment that would result in a negative ROU asset balance is recorded in profit or loss.

At September 30, 2020, the Company had current and long-term operating lease liabilities of \$28,489 and \$28,667, respectively, and right of use assets of \$59,906.

Future minimum lease payments under these leases are as follows, in thousands, (unaudited):

| Years Ending December 31, | | Minimum Lease Payment |
|--|----|-----------------------------|
| Remainder of 2020 | Φ. | 8,118 |
| | Ф | / |
| 2021 | | 32,472 |
| 2022 | | 18,942 |
| Total undiscounted future non-cancellable minimum lease payments | | 59,532 |
| Less: Imputed interest | | - |
| Present value of lease liabilities | \$ | 59,532 |
| Weighted average remaining term | | 1.83 |

In the Company's financial statements for periods prior to January 1, 2019, the Company accounts for leases under ASC 840, and provides for rent expense on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Net rent expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$12,091 and \$23,214, respectively.

Litigation

From time to time, the Company may become involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of our operations in the normal course of business. The Company is not currently involved in any pending legal proceeding or litigation and, to the best of our knowledge, no governmental authority is contemplating any proceeding to which the Company is a party or to which any of the Company's properties is subject, which would reasonably be likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and operating results.

NOTE 15 - CONCENTRATIONS

Customers:

Amazon accounted for 60.1% and 57.6% of the Company's revenues during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, Amazon accounted for 64.9% and 63.6% of the Company's revenues. No other customer accounted for 10% or more of the Company's revenues for either period.

Suppliers:

The following table sets forth information as to each supplier that accounted for 10% or more of the Company's purchases for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

| | Sep | tember 30, 2020 | _ | September 30, 2019 | |
|---------------------|-----|-----------------|----------|--------------------|-------|
| Garmin | \$ | 376,741 | 11.8% \$ | 490,564 | 15.1% |
| Network Innovations | \$ | 697,902 | 21.8% \$ | 1,032,647 | 31.8% |
| Cygnus Telecom | \$ | 376,741 | 13.2% \$ | 402,455 | 12.4% |

The following table sets forth information as to each supplier that accounted for 10% or more of the Company's purchases for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

| | Septer | September 30, 2020 | | | September 30, 2019 | | |
|---------------------|--------|--------------------|-------|----|--------------------|-------|--|
| Garmin | \$ | 140,666 | 12.5% | \$ | 188,383 | 18.1% | |
| Network Innovations | \$ | 167,300 | 14.9% | \$ | 385,204 | 36.9% | |
| Cygnus Telecom | \$ | 141,364 | 12.6% | \$ | 125,420 | 12.0% | |
| Satcom Global | \$ | 123,435 | 11.0% | \$ | 38,943 | 1.2% | |

Geographic:

The following table sets forth revenue as to each geographic location, for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

| | Septe | mber 30, 2020 | Septe | mber 30, 2019 | |
|---------------------|-------|---------------|----------|---------------|-------|
| Europe | \$ | 2,749,781 | 66.0% \$ | 3,216,613 | 72.2% |
| North America | | 1,035,904 | 24.9% | 816,699 | 18.3% |
| South America | | 20,510 | 0.5% | 33,841 | 0.8% |
| Asia & Pacific | | 279,247 | 6.7% | 312,848 | 7.0% |
| Australia & Oceanic | | 42,594 | 1.0% | 35,912 | 0.8% |
| Africa | | 35,714 | 0.9% | 37,994 | 0.9% |
| | \$ | 4,163,750 | \$ | 4,453,906 | |

The following table sets forth revenue as to each geographic location, for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

| | September 30, 2020 | | | September 30, 2019 | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------|--------------------|-----------|-------|
| Europe | \$ | 1,044,503 | 70.8% | \$ | 1,132,882 | 64.9% |
| North America | | 290,065 | 19.7% | | 479,463 | 27.5% |
| South America | | 8,609 | 0.6% | | 13,131 | 0.8% |
| Asia & Pacific | | 101,244 | 6.9% | | 100,380 | 5.7% |
| Australia & Oceanic | | 21,655 | 1.5% | | 12,141 | 0.7% |
| Africa | | 9,317 | 0.6% | | 8,528 | 0.5% |
| | \$ | 1,475,393 | | \$ | 1,746,525 | |

NOTE 16 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 14, 2020, the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Orbsat Corp (the "Company") effected the following changes to the Company's executive management:

- (i) extended David Phipps' (the Company's Chief Executive Officer) employment with the Company for another 30-day period, commencing on October 14, 2020, with his respective compensation and other material terms during the such term to remain substantially the same as those set forth in the previous extensions to his employment agreement;
- (ii) continued, following the October 16, 2020 expiration of Theresa Carlise's CFO employment agreement with the Company, to retain her services on a non-exclusive basis as the Company's Comptroller to facilitate the CFO transition, for cash compensation of \$2,000/week. Ms. Carlise will be so engaged at the pleasure of the Board and her engagement may be terminated upon one week's advance notice; and
- (iii) to appoint Thomas Seifert as the Company's Chief Financial Officer for a period of 12 months commencing on October 19, 2020, for cash compensation of \$7,500/month, and such additional equity compensation as the Board may determine in the future, subject to periodic review and adjustment by the Board in its sole discretion. He will also be eligible to receive various other benefits if and to the extent available to the employees of the Company.

On November 3, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 30,305 common stock upon the conversion of \$6,061 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On November 5, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 129,241 common stock upon the conversion of \$25,848 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On November 6, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 56,700 common stock upon the conversion of \$11,340 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On November 11, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 100,000 common stock upon the conversion of \$20,000 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

On November 12, 2020, the Company's Board approved and authorized the continued employment of David Phipps, as the Company's Chief Executive Officer, for a 90-day period, commencing as of November 13, 2020, which employment term may be extended as agreed by the Company and the executive officer on substantially the same compensation and other material terms during the period of the continued employment as those set forth in his previous employment agreement. As previously disclosed, in March 2020, the Company and above-referenced executive officer executed a waiver of the provisions in his employment agreement requiring prior written notice of non-renewal to the other party. As a result, his employment terms with the Company were not automatically extended as set forth in such employment agreement and terminated as of June 13, 2020. As previously disclosed on June 13, 2020, the Company renewed his agreement for 30 days, commencing on Jule 14 through July 13, 2020. As previously disclosed on August 14, 2020, the Company renewed his agreement for another 30 days, commencing on July 14 through August 13, 2020. As previously disclosed on August 14, 2020, the Company renewed his agreement for another 30 days, commencing on August 14 through September 13, 2020. As previously disclosed on October 14, 2020, the Company renewed his agreement for another 30 days, commencing on October 14 through November 13, 2020. On November 12, 2020, the Company renewed his agreement for another 30 days, commencing November 13, 2020.

On November 13, 2020, the Company issued an aggregate of 194,472 common stock upon the conversion of \$38,894 of its convertible debt, at the conversion rate of \$0.20 per share.

ORBSAT CORP

[] Shares of Common Stock

PROSPECTUS

[] 2021

PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 13. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution

Set forth below is an estimate (except for registration fees, which are actual) of the approximate amount of each type of fees and expenses listed below that were paid or are payable by us in connection with the issuance and distribution of the shares of common stock to be registered by this registration statement. None of the expenses listed below are to be borne by any of the selling stockholders named in the prospectus that forms a part of this registration statement.

| SEC registration fee | \$ |
|-----------------------------------|----|
| FINRA filing fee | |
| Nasdaq listing fee | |
| Printing and engraving expenses | |
| Legal fees and expenses | |
| Accounting fees and expenses | |
| Transfer agent and registrar fees | |
| Miscellaneous fees and expenses | |
| Total | \$ |

Item 14. Indemnification of Directors and Officers

Neither our articles of incorporation nor bylaws prevent us from indemnifying our officers, directors and agents to the extent permitted under the Nevada Revised Statutes ("NRS"). NRS Section 78.7502, provides that a corporation may indemnify any director, officer, employee or agent of a corporation against expenses, including fees, actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with any defense to the extent that a director, officer, employee or agent of a corporation has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to Section 78.7502(1) or 78.7502(2), or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein.

NRS 78.7502(1) provides that a corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, except an action by or in the right of the corporation, by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses, including fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with the action, suit or proceeding if he: (a) is not liable pursuant to NRS 78.138; or (b) acted in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful.

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NRS Section 78.7502(2) provides that a corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against expenses, including amounts paid in settlement and fees actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with the defense or settlement of the action or suit if he: (a) is not liable pursuant to NRS 78.138; or (b) acted in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation. Indemnification may not be made for any claim, issue or matter as to which such a person has been adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction, after exhaustion of all appeals there from, to be liable to the corporation or for amounts paid in settlement to the corporation, unless and only to the extent that the court in which the action or suit was brought or other court of competent jurisdiction determines upon application that in view of all the circumstances of the case, the person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses as the court deems proper.

NRS Section 78.747 provides that except as otherwise provided by specific statute, no director or officer of a corporation is individually liable for a debt or liability of the corporation, unless the director or officer acts as the alter ego of the corporation. The court as a matter of law must determine the question of whether a director or officer acts as the alter ego of a corporation.

Our charter provides that we will indemnify our directors, officers, employees and agents to the extent and in the manner permitted by the provisions of the NRS, as amended from time to time, subject to any permissible expansion or limitation of such indemnification, as may be set forth in any stockholders' or directors' resolution or by contract. Any repeal or modification of these provisions approved by our stockholders will be prospective only and will not adversely affect any limitation on the liability of any of our directors or officers existing as of the time of such repeal or modification. We are also permitted to apply for insurance on behalf of any director, officer, employee or other agent for liability arising out of his actions, whether or not the NRS would permit indemnification.

Our bylaws provide that a director or officer of the Company shall have no personal liability to the Company or its stockholders for damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director or officer, except for damages for breach of fiduciary duty resulting from (a) acts or omissions which involve intentional misconduct, fraud, or a knowing violation of law, or (b) the payment of dividends in violation of section 78.3900 of the NRS as it may from time to time be amended or any successor provision thereto.

To the extent that indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers or persons controlling our company pursuant to the foregoing provisions, we have been informed that, in the opinion of the SEC, such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable. If a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by us of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of our company in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by any of our directors, officers or controlling persons in connection with the securities being registered, we will, unless in the opinion of our counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by us is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of that issue.

On May 31, 2017, the Company entered into separate subscription agreements with accredited investors relating to the issuance and sale of \$546,694 of shares of Series J Preferred Stock at a purchase price of \$150.00 per share. Each share of Preferred Series J is convertible into 0.4444 shares of the company's common stock, each subject to adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends, recapitalizations, combinations, subdivisions or other similar events, as subject to adjustment as set forth in the Series J certificate of designation. The Company is prohibited from effecting a conversion of the Series J Preferred Stock to the extent that, as a result of such conversion, the investor would beneficially own more than 4.99% of the number of shares of the Company's common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the issuance of shares of common stock upon conversion of the Series J Preferred Stock entitles the holder to cast one vote per share of Series J Preferred Stock owned as of the record date for the determination of shareholders entitled to vote, subject to the 4.99% beneficial ownership limitation.

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In connection with the Series J Offering, the Company obtained the consent of certain shareholders, as required under the agreements entered into by the Company and issued shares pursuant to applicable anti-dilution obligations. The Company is required to issue to certain prior investors of Series G Preferred Stock additional shares of Series G Preferred Stock, which would be convertible into an aggregate of 17,247 shares of the Company's common stock. However, in lieu of issuing such additional shares of Series G Preferred Stock, the Company will create a new series of preferred stock, to be designated as "Series K Preferred Stock" and will issue to such holders of Series G Preferred Stock an aggregate of 25,870 shares of Series K Preferred Stock, each of which shall be convertible into (100/150th)/15 shares of the Company's common stock. In addition, in order to proceed with the Series J Offering, the Company agreed to issue additional shares of Series F Preferred Stock and Series H Preferred Stock to certain prior investors. However, in lieu of issuing such additional shares of Series F Preferred Stock and Series H Preferred S

On March 20, 2018, the Company issued 1,688 shares of its common stock, for rounding adjustments in regard to the 1 for 150 reverse split, which further split on August 19, 2019 to 113, in regard to the 1 for 15 reverse split.

On May 10, 2018, we issued 1,333 shares of our Series J Preferred Stock at their stated value of \$150.04 per share to one investor, for total proceeds of \$200,000. Our Series J Preferred Stock is currently convertible to common stock at a price of \$22.50 per share and votes on an as-converted basis, subject to certain conversion limitations.

On May 11, 2018, we designated a new series of Preferred Stock entitled "Series L Preferred Stock." Our Series L Preferred Stock consists of 6,667 shares with a stated value of \$150.00 per share. Series L Preferred Stock is convertible to common stock at a price of \$60.00 per share and votes together with our common stock on an asconverted basis.

On May 14, 2018, we issued a total of 2,000 Units to 3 investors at a price of \$150.00 per Unit, for total proceeds of \$300,000. Each Unit consists of 1/15th share of Series L Preferred Stock and warrants to purchase 2/15th shares of common stock at a price of \$60.00, exercisable for three years.

The following table describes the capital raised as described above:

| | Date | Units | tated ⁄alue | Total Proceeds | Common Equivalents | Anti- Dilution Issuances | Warrant Common Equivalents | Total Common Equivalents |
|--------------------|------------|------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Preferred Series C | 2/19/2015 | 550,000 | \$ 2.00 | \$1,100,000 | 9,778 | 2,444 | _ | 12,222 |
| Preferred Series F | 12/28/2015 | 1,099,998 | \$ 0.50 | \$ 550,000 | 489 | 23,956 | _ | 24,444 |
| Preferred Series G | 5/17/2016 | 10,083,351 | \$ 0.05 | \$ 504,168 | 4,481 | 17,926 | - | 22,407 |
| Preferred Series H | 10/31/2016 | 87,500 | \$ 4.00 | \$ 350,000 | 3,889 | 11,667 | _ | 15,556 |
| Preferred Series J | 5/31/2017 | 50,000 | \$ 10.00 | \$ 500,000 | 2,222 | _ | _ | 2,222 |
| Preferred Series J | 5/11/2018 | 20,000 | \$ 10.00 | \$ 200,000 | 59 | _ | _ | 59 |
| Preferred Series L | 5/14/2018 | 30,000 | \$ 10.00 | \$ 300,000 | 33 | _ | 4,000 | 60 |
| | | | | | | | | |

On May 14, 2019, we entered into a Convertible Note Purchase Agreement, for an aggregate \$805,000. The note bears interest at a rate of 6% per annum, has a term of three years and is convertible into 8,050,000 shares of our common stock, post-split.

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On August 27, 2019, the Company issued 1,283 shares of its common stock, for rounding adjustments in regard to the 1 for 15 reverse split, as approved by FINRA on August 19, 2019.

Item 16. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

(a) Exhibits.

Exhibit No. Exhibit Description

- 1.1 Form of Underwriting Agreement (to be filed by amendment).
- 3.1 Articles of Incorporation (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 31, 2014).
- 3.2 Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 31, 2014).
- 3.3 Certificate of Amendment to Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 31, 2014).
- 3.4 Certificate of Amendment to Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 8, 2016).
- 3.5 Bylaws (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 31, 2014).
- 5.1 Legal opinion. (to be filed by amendment)
- 21.1 Subsidiaries of the Registrant (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 21.1 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 29, 2019).
- 23.1 Consent of RBSM LLP. (to be filed by amendment)
- 23.2 Consent (included in Exhibit 5.1).
- 24.1 Power of Attorney (set forth on the signature page).

Item 17. Undertakings.

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

- (1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
 - (i) To include any prospectus required by section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933.
 - (ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20 percent change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement.
 - (iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement;
- (2) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.
- (4) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Registrant has duly caused this registration statement on Form S-1, to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in Aventura, Florida, on February 11, 2021.

ORBSAT CORP

By: /s/ David Phipps

David Phipps

Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ Thomas Seifert

Thomas Seifert

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints David Phipps his true and lawful attorney-infact and agent with full power of substitution and re-substitution, for him/her and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities to sign any or all amendments (including, without limitation, post-effective amendments) to this Registration Statement, any related Registration Statement filed pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933 and any or all pre- or post-effective amendments thereto, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully for all intents and purposes as he or she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or any substitute or substitutes for him, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof. Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated have signed this Registration Statement below.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the date indicated.

| /s/ David Phipps | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| David Phipps | Director, Chairman Chief | February 11, 2021 | |
| ** | Executive Officer | | |
| | (Principal Executive Officer) | | |
| /s/ Thomas Seifert | | | |
| Thomas Seifet | Chief Financial Officer | February 11, 2021 | |
| | (Principal Financial Officer and | | |
| | Principal Accounting Officer) | | |
| /s/ Hector Delgado | | | |
| Hector Delgado | Director | February 11, 2021 | |
| | II-5 | | |